July 2, 1772. NUMB. 2271.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

To Lord NORTH.

MY LORD,

I HAVE waited, with a degree of impatience, natural to a man who wiſhes well to his country, for your Lordſhip's miniſterial interpoſition in behalf of an injured Princeſs of England, the *Queen Conſort of Denmark*.

As I have ſome opportunity of being acquainted with the diſpoſition of Lord North, it is, I candidly confeſs, with regret that I reſume the taſk of cenſuring a man, who has, at leaſt, this *negative virtue*, that he wants the *will* to do a ſignal miſchief to the ſtate. I deſire, however, to be well underſtood: I intend no compliment to your Lordſhip's *heart*, I am yet to learn that it *merits* any. If, therefore, our Prime Miniſter is not anxiouſly buſied in adopting meaſures, and purſuing ſchemes, to plunge this country into irretrievable ruin, we may thank the daſtardly puſillanimity of his nature; we may rejoice at his *weakneſs*, as by *that* alone our ſafety is inſured, and we ought to exult in the ſuperintending care of Providence, which hath dealt out its gifts to Lord North with ſo ſparing an hand, that he does not poſſeſs a ſingle talent, neceſſary to render him a *formidable* adverſary to public virtue.

There is, however, a certain dignity in office, which ever will have weight with the *vulgar*. Your brother, the Biſhop, my Lord, ſees this truth daily verified within the precincts of his own dioceſe; and it cannot be conſtrued into an ill-natured reflection to ſay, that there are few families in Great-Britain more indebted for conſequence to the drapery of externals than the preſent iſſue of the Right Honourable Lord G----. With your proceedings in office, therefore, I am at variance; the man is too contemptible for the notice of JUNIUS.

The late revolution in Denmark, my Lord, will produce, in all human probability, an entire alteration in the whole ſyſtem of Europe. Your neutrality during that dark, and, as you have managed matters, *myſterious tranſaction*, is culpable in the extreme! I want words wherewith to delineate the abſurdity of your conduct; the occaſion calls for a ſpecies of envenomed ſatire mortals may conceive, but which, to Lord North's unſpeakable comfort, they never can attain. My *efforts*, however, are at the ſervice of my country; the times demand them. There was a period when it was neceſſary and expedient *that one man ſhould die for the people, and the whole nation periſh not*. There is at preſent a *political neceſſity for a ſacrifice*; and it ſhall not be the fault of JUNIUS, if Lord North is permitted to eſcape, without gracing the triumph, as the moſt *diſtinguiſhed victim*.

The ſituation of the kingdom of Denmark is ſuch, that its very exiſtence depends upon cultivating a laſting and firm friendſhip with the maritime powers of Europe. Beſides the ties of intereſt, and of treaties, there are *other* political motives which ever would incline Great-Britain to ſupport, protect, and defend the Danes, againſt any combination which might be entered into for their deſtruction; but at the ſame time that we ſhould ſnatch an handful of people from impending ruin, though we might *condeſcend* to interpoſe in their behalf, if their ſituation called aloud for pity and compaſſion, is this, in the name of goodneſs and common ſenſe, any thing *like a reaſon* why we ſhould tamely bear their ignominious inſults, or ſuffer the diſgrace they have caſt upon the *Engliſh nation* to paſs uncenſured or unchaſtiſed? I ſay, the *Engliſh nation*; becauſe, as for our Miniſters, the term *diſgrace*, when applied to them, loſes altogether its poignancy, and the moſt ſuperlative contempt becomes the higheſt compliment you can poſſibly pay to their *daſtardly meaſures*.

An inſignificant northern Potentate is honoured by a matrimonial alliance with the King of England's ſiſter. A confuſed rumour prevails, that ſhe has been falſe to his bed; the tale ſpreads; a particular man is pointed at as the object of her licentious affections: Our hopeful Miniſtry are, however, *quite ſilent*; diſpatches, indeed, are ſent off to Copenhagen, but the *contents* of thoſe diſpatches are ſo profound a ſecret, that with me it almoſt amounts to a queſtion, whether you yourſelf know any thing of the matter. The *Duke of Cumberland can* keep a ſecret. Lord ------, therefore, has entruſted him with *a moſt precious one*. You, my *worthy* premier, have a ſtrong propenſity to *loquacity*, on which account it might be prudent therefore, in the court, not to place too great a confidence in a man, who loves ſpeaking ſo much, that he will talk *nonſenſe for hours*, rather than be ſilent even on a ſubject which he does not underſtand. For a different reaſon, Lord S--------, perhaps, can develope the miniſterial proceedings with regard to Denmark; *he* is a man of *tried veracity*, his lips are ſealed, and he ſeldom opens his mouth to any purpoſe, unleſs when he is about to *betray* the cauſe of ſome perſon weak enough to be his friend.

As I am not *one of the cabal*, I pretend not to dive into the motives for this cautious ſecrecy: I dare be anſwerable they are of the *extraordinary* kind; but that, conſidered in a political light, your Lordſhip's whole procedure, with regard to Denmark, is abſurd, and, with reſpect to the public, *highly criminal*. This is a propoſition to which every independant man of ſenſe, throughout the kingdom, muſt readily aſſent. In *private life* the honour of a ſiſter is deemed an affair of infinite conſequence to a brother. A man of ſentiment is anxious to convince his friends and neighbours, that the breath of ſlander hath traduced her virtue; and he ſeizes, with avidity, every alleviating circumſtance that can contribute to extenuate her offence, or demonſtrate her innocence, beyond the poſſibility of cavil.

Is our *pious* Monarch caſt in a different mould from one of his people? Or is he taught to believe, that the opinion of his ſubjects has no manner of relation to his own *felicity*? Are *you, my Lord*, quite void of feeling? Have you no warm blood that flows around your heart, that gives your frame a thrilling ſoft ſenſation, and makes your boſom glow with affections ornamental to man as a ſocial creature? For ſhame, my Lord, however wrong you act, you muſt know better; you muſt be conſcious that the people have a right to be informed of every tranſaction which concerns the welfare of the ſtate. They are part of a mighty empire, which flouriſhes only as their happineſs is promoted; they have a kind of claim in every perſon belonging to the Royal lineage. How then can they peaceably remain neuter, and ſee their Princeſs impriſoned by a banditti of northern Vandals? With what crime is ſhe charged? What are the proofs of her guilt? A revolution, brought about by the artifices of an intriguing woman, is no *new* thing in Denmark; the very ſuperſtructure of the Daniſh Monarchy is raiſed upon ſuch a foundation. Margaret, in right of her ſon Olaus VI. aſſumed the reins of government in that kingdom; but not content with her juſt portion of power, ſhe formed a ſcheme to depoſe Albert, the lawful King of Sweden: Succeeding in her ſtratagems, ſhe condemned him to *perpetual Impriſonment*, and thus obtained the Sovereignty of Sweden alſo.

There is a barbarous ferocity which ſtill clings to the inhabitants of the north, and renders their government ſubject to perpetual convulſions; but the Danes, I fancy, will be found the only people, in *our times*, who have dared to proceed to extremities that alarm all Europe; nay, dared to impriſon an Engliſh Princeſs, without giving even the ſhadow of a public reaſon for their conduct.

The Empreſs of Ruſſia, on a ſomewhat ſimilar occaſion, was politeneſs itſelf. When ſhe condeſcended to diſpatch her huſband, ſhe cauſed a manifeſto to be publiſhed, wherein ſhe juſtified her conduct to God, her conſcience, and the world. The preſent *Machiavelian Dowager* Julia may ſend the young Queen's ſoul to Heaven in a night, and, through the ſhameful remiſſneſs of you, Lord North, as Prime Miniſter of this unhappy country, the public may remain ignorant of every circumſtance relative to the murder. Be not, however, deceived; the blood of our Sovereign's ſiſter ſhall not be ſuffered to cry in *vain* for vengeance; it *ſhall* be heard, it *ſhall* be revenged; and, what is ſtill more, it ſhall beſprinkle Lord North, and thus affix a ſtigma upon his forehead, which ſhall make him *wander, like another Cain, accurſed through the world*.

Is it thus a Cecil, thus a Burleigh, thus a Walſingham, would have acted in the days of the protectorate? Would Cromwell have permitted ſuch an indignity to have paſſed unnoticed? That illuſtrious character would have diſpatched a Blake, with all imaginable ſpeed, to ſcour the ſeas, and chaſtiſe the inſolence of theſe northern, uncivilized freebooters, had they preſumed even to impriſon a common Engliſh ſubject, much leſs an Engliſh Princeſs; and, as an hoſtage for her liberty and her life, he would have confined the Daniſh Ambaſſador until an expreſs arrived, proclaiming her releaſe.

With the generality of perſons, *example* has a moſt powerful effect. You, Lord North, ſoar above the common herd; neither precept nor example can touch your ſoul, or work a reformation in your conduct; you are proof againſt conviction, and, when public or private virtue is in queſtion, you have *nothing of humanity about you*. Contraſts, however, like pictures well-diſpoſed, form that agreeable diverſity of light and ſhade, which conveys pleaſure and inſtruction to the moſt indifferent ſpectator. When, therefore, I mention Lord *Chatham's name*, there is no neceſſity for a comment to elucidate my meaning; his bold, his penetrating, his powerful genius, reſcued this nation from deſpair and ruin, when an epidemic languor ſeized our frame. *He*, like ſome demi-god, revived our drooping ſpirits; *you*, my Lord, have again plunged us into all the gloomy horrors of deſpondency. *He*,--but I deſiſt; when the *crawling emmet*, or the *grovelling worm*, ſhall claim a ſuperiority over mankind, *then*, and not until then, will I confeſs, that this is the fainteſt ſimilitude between the Earl of Chatham and the *man* commonly called Lord North.

I anticipate the jargon of your party; I know the ſteps taken, and the artifices practiſed to depreciate a man in the eſtimation of the world, the force of whoſe abilities aſtoniſhed, and kept, for a ſeries of years, all Europe in ſubjection. Continental connections, millions expended, and Engliſh blood ſpilt in Germany; theſe are *ſtale*, theſe are *hackneyed* to pieces. I grant, indeed, there is *verſatility* in the man; I grant he has his *flights*; but they are ſo many *daring excellencies*. He is not merely a *meteor* in the political ſky, he is a *conſtellation of a ſuperior order*, which ſheds its benign influence on this our lower world, infuſes a genial vivifying heat into our atmoſphere, and thus contributes to exhilerate our ſpecies, and enhance the felicity of human nature.

Theſe praiſes are *not* calculated to obtain applauſes from the giddy multitude; they are *not* beſtowed, becauſe they may happen to fall in with the current of the times; they are *not* deſigned to render *you, my Lord*, leſs beloved, or *more* deteſted, than at preſent, ſince *that* is a taſk beyond even the *pen of Junius* to accompliſh; but they flow with an honeſt hearted ſincerity from my *inmoſt ſoul*; and, was it poſſible to conceive, that this paper ſhould outlive the other *trifles of the day*, it would be my utmoſt ambition to have it conſidered as a monumental tribute of gratitude, juſtly due to the *truly illuſtrious* Earl of Chatham, for the many diſtinguiſhed, ſignal, and important ſervices he hath performed for this my native country.

JUNIUS.

TO-MORROW, *at the City Vendue Store, in Front ſtreet, will be ſold by public Auction,*

A VERY large and neat Aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, *ſuitable to the Seaſon, being the Remainder of the Effects of* ISAAC DE LYON, *aſſigned over for the Benefit of his Creditors. The Sale to begin preciſely at Nine o'Clock, and to continue till the whole are diſpoſed of.* ¶ 1 *W.*

PRINTING,

In all its various and different branches, performed with the greateſt accuracy, neatneſs, and diſpatch.

THE ſubſcriber having furniſhed himſelf with a general and neat aſſortment of Printing Materials, has opened an office at his father's houſe, at the lower corner of Black-horſe-alley, in Front-ſtreet, where he propoſes carrying on the Printing Buſineſs, in the moſt extenſive manner: And as he is fully determined to do all in his power to oblige and ſatisfy thoſe who may be pleaſed to employ him, he earneſtly requeſts the favour and encouragement of the public in general, and of his friends and acquaintance in particular.

JAMES HUMPHREYS, junior.

N. B. All kinds of office and other blanks, hand-bills, &c. done in the neateſt and moſt ſpeedy manner. The beginning of next week will be ready for ſale, at ſaid office, either by the ream, quire, or ſingle ſheet, Arbitration bonds, bonds and judgments, common bonds, powers of attorney, bills of lading, bills of ſale, apprentices and ſervants indentures, &c. &c.

Philadelphia, June 23, 1772.

TWO POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Moravian-alley, in Philadelphia, an apprentice lad, by trade a Cooper, named ISAAC ADAMS, born in London, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, 20 years of age, a thick ſet lad, much pitted with the ſmall-pox, remarkable thick lips, and light coloured hair; had on an old ſwanſkin jacket, with a nap patch in one of the ſides, new long ozenbrigs trowſers, check ſhirt, blue ribbed yarn ſtockings, and an old caſtor hat. Whoever takes up ſaid runaway, and brings him to his maſter, or ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by JACOB WAGNER.

*** He was ſeen about ten days ſince going up Lancaſter road, in company with ſeveral others. ¶

Philadelphia, June 26, 1772.

CHOICE Pickled STURGEON,

Cured in the BALTICK Manner, by

JONATHAN RICHMOND,

At *Trenton* Falls, who has been in the Buſineſs theſe Ten Years paſt himſelf, not truſting it to hired Servants and Negroes, who often ſpoil, and do not put up the proper parts of the Fiſh, as many in the curing neglect.

Obſerve the following DIRECTIONS.

DRAW the Cork at the Bung of the Keg, and pour out the Liquor in a clean Pan, then knock up the Hoops, and take out the Head that is branded, and take what Fiſh you want out, then harden on the Hoops, and put the Cork in as before, and pour the Liquor into the Keg, if not enough to cover the Fiſh, add a little good Vinegar to it, and take a coarſe double Cloth, and ſpread it over the Head, then put the Head on the Cloth, and a Stone or Weight on the Head, to keep it cloſe from the Air, and it will keep good in the warmeſt Climate, and warranted good. To be ſold by Meſſrs. COX and FURMAN, at their Store, on the Wharff, near the Ferry Houſe, who have for Sale, a ſmall Quantity of ISINGLASS. ¶

Philadelphia, July 1, 1772.

ALL perſons that are indebted for EXCISE, are deſired to diſcharge their reſpective accounts, upon their qualifications, according to law, up to the preſent time; and in Pennſylvania money. WILLIAM CRISPIN, Collector. ¶

A LIKELY young MULATTOE GIRL, to be diſpoſed of, about 16 or 17 Years old, is a good COOK, and a very handy Wench. Enquire of the Printers hereof.

JOSEPH STANSBURY,

INTENDING for England in the Fall, is ſelling off his large aſſortment of China, Glaſs, and Earthen WARES, at his ſtore, oppoſite Chriſt's Church, in Second-ſtreet, by wholeſale and retail, at extraordinary low prices, for caſh.--- Such as are inclined to purchaſe large parcels together, may have them at a very ſmall advance. He daily expects a large aſſortment of India China, in the Phœbe, from London.

*** A few tons of red lead, magnes, litharge and redwood; a quantity of powder and ſhot, ſpices, and a few dry goods, to be had at prime coſt, as he purpoſes to deal only in wares for the future. Tbctf.

Philadelphia, June 26, 1772.

LAST night the dwelling-houſe of JOHN HYDER, at the Old Ferry, was broke open, and Goods and Caſh ſtolen as follows, viz. One blue ſurtout coat of good broadcloth, faced with blue ſhaloon, and black horn buttons, a beaver hat, about half worn, 3 pair of ſtockings, one pair of garters, and one ſilk and check handkerchief. The money not exactly known, but ſuppoſed to be about Four Pounds, among which there was one counterfeit Dollar, beſides other things not yet diſcovered, as goods are conſtantly left to be ſent to different perſons. Whoever apprehends the perpetrators of the above mentioned robbery, ſo that they are brought to juſtice, and the goods reſtored, ſhall receive Forty Shillings reward, paid by me JOHN HYDER.

RUN away the 16th of June, 1772, from the ſubſcriber, living in Warrington townſhip, Bucks county, in the province of Pennſylvania, a ſervant lad, named SAMUEL GRIMES, born in Ireland, about 19 years of age, 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, red haired, of a fair complexion, much inclined to gaming, lying and ſwearing; had on, when he went away, a felt hat, about half worn, a tow ſhirt, and trowſers, a ſhort lappelled jacket, the body of it made of flannel, filled with black wool, and the ſleeves of white flannel. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any goal, ſo as the owner may have him again, ſhall have a reward of FOUR DOLLARS, and reaſonable charges, paid by

¶ JOHN CRAIG.

Baltimore county, Maryland, June 26, 1772.

RUN away the 20th inſtant, an Engliſh convict ſervant man, named THOMAS LOVELY, about 6 feet high, and well made, red complexion, red haired, wears it tied behind, alſo red bearded; had on, when he went away, a half worn felt hat, a country made cloth jacket, of a lightiſh colour, with ſleeves and cuffs to it, the lining all wore out of it, linen ſhirt and trowſers, the trowſers mended before with new linen, half worn pumps, with pewter buckles; he ſtole a bridle, and it is expected he will ſteal a horſe, and is intending for Frederick road. Said fellow was in the army in England, is a good drummer, and can play on ſeveral inſtruments of muſic. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo as his maſter may get him again, ſhall have FORTY SHILLINGS reward, and if out of the province THREE POUNDS, and reaſonable charges, if brought home, paid by ANDREW MEEK, living within 3 miles of the Lower Ferry, on Saſquehanna. ¶

STOLEN, in the night of the 27th of June laſt, out of the Printing-office at Germantown, a neat SILVER WATCH, the Watchmaker's name J. Williams, No. 5299; the face enamelled, and at the figures 30 a ſmall piece is broke out, and is a little cracked, the outſide caſe is a little bent in, by a fall, under the ſpring; the chain is of braſs, and looks old, a ſteel ſeal, with a ſilver handle to it. Whoever brings ſaid watch to the owner, ſhall have TWO DOLLARS reward for the watch, and Two Dollars more, if he ſecures the thief, paid by JOHN ALBRIGHT.

N. B. If the watch ſhould be offered for ſale to any Watchmaker, or other perſon, they are requeſted to ſtop the ſame, and return it to the owner, at the Printing-office in Germantown. ‡

WHEREAS a certain MICHAEL TALLY (ſon to Peter Tally, of the pariſh of Donaghmore, in the county of Tyrone, in Ireland) came into this country about 28 years ago, an indented ſervant with one WILLIAM HOLMES; if ſaid Michael be living, he is deſired either to come, or ſend word to Mr. JAMES ALEXANDER, at the Black Horſe, in Black-horſe-alley, near Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia, where he may hear of a Brother of his, who is come over in queſt of him, and has a particular deſire to ſee him, which will be much to the advantage of ſaid Michael; or if dead, any one giving particular information as above, ſhall be handſomely rewarded by me JOHN TALLY. ¶

[*For more new* ADVERTISEMENTS, *ſee the fourth Page.*]

By a MAST-SHIP, arrived at Caſco-Bay from England, we have the following Intelligence.

HAMBURGH, April 10.

WE have a report here, that when the Commiſſaries waited on the Queen of Denmark, at the Caſtle of Kronenburgh, the 31ſt of March, her Majeſty ſpoke to them as follows: "If you are come to pay your reſpects to me, I admit you, but if you come with any other intentions, I ſhall anſwer nothing. You have my declaration ſigned by my own hand; I have nothing farther to ſay to you. Adieu." However probable the above may be, all reports from Copenhagen muſt be received with great caution.---Her Majeſty is entirely recovered from the cholic, with which ſhe was attacked ſome days ſince.

Letters from Riga, dated the 24th ult. adviſe, that 30,000 Ruſſians, commanded by General Elmpt, the Count de Tottleben, General Rebinder, the Prince of Iſenbourg, and the Prince of Anhalt Bernbourg, have paſſed by that place, with a train of large artillery, directing their march towards Poland.

LONDON.

April 21. A Correſpondent deſires us to caution the public, againſt giving any credit to the reports now circulating relative to the affairs of Denmark. It is certain, that none of his Majeſty's ſervants, even thoſe who approach neareſt his perſon, and enjoy his confidence, know any thing about the young Queen, or the proceedings going on againſt her: However, it is generally ſaid, by thoſe who are moſt capable of gueſſing, that ſhe will never come to England; nay, they even make it a doubt, whether the whole affair will ever be publiſhed to the world.

The following are the names of the captains and ſhips now fitting out to ſail to the Baltic, and of which Lord Howe is to have the command.

Ships.	Guns.		Captains.
Marlborough	90	Flag Ship	Bickerton.
Albion	74	------	Barrington
Centaur	74	------	Bentinck
Egmont	74	------	Jekyl
Reſolution	74	------	Hotham
Torbay	74	------	Wallis
Triumph	74	------	Suckling
Aſia	74	------	King
Somerſet	74	------	Hughes
Worceſter	74	------	Hughes.

FRIGATES,

Glory, Thames, and Southampton.

FIRESHIP, Strombolo.

BOMBS, Carcaſs, and Racehorſe.

The giving a regiment to Sir Robert Murray Keith, contrary to all the military rules, hath excited a general diſcontent in the army, who are all injured; but thoſe gentlemen who are neareſt in pretenſions to regiments, are moſt exaſperated.

All hopes of a treaty of peace between the Ruſſians and the Porte have vaniſhed, for the preſent; and, therefore, a war in the Eaſt of Europe is apprehended. The Courts of St. Peterſburgh and Vienna, long hoſtile to one another, are now reconciled, from their common averſion to the ceſſion of Poliſh Pruſſia to the Houſe of Brandenburgh.

An expreſs arrived at Lord Rochford's Office on Tueſday laſt from Paris, which brought the Arret of the French King, for the payment of all the Canada bills, the property of Britiſh ſubjects.

We are informed, that a rendezvous houſe is opened in Wapping, for inliſting ſeamen to man the fleet deſtined for the Baltic.

It is thought the Court of Peterſburgh are meditating a blow that will ſhortly aſtoniſh all Europe; no leſs, it is ſaid, than the ſiege and reduction of Conſtantinople itſelf; which enterprize, vaſt as it may at firſt appear, will be found leſs difficult, eſpecially if we reflect, how greatly the Turkiſh ſtrength is impaired and divided by inteſtine diviſions, and civil wars. Certain it is, ſuch an univerſal panic prevails in the Divan, as enfeebles their reſolutions, and perplexes their councils.

A rumour prevails in many knowing places about town, that the Grand Signor has, for ſome time, had a promiſe, which he can rely upon, from ſome power, which is not yet made public, of joining him this ſummer, which is the only reaſon of his backwardneſs in coming to an accommodation with the Ruſſians. In all probability, by next Chriſtmas, all Europe will be involved in war.

Falmouth, April 16. Arrived the Aldborough, Paddock, from South-Carolina, for Cowes.

April 19. At Dover, Charlotte, Roach, from Rhode-Iſland.

Edinburgh, April 15. By an Officer, who left Belfaſt laſt Wedneſday, we learn, that the rioters are now moſtly diſperſed: Near three hundred of them have been apprehended, and are in different priſons, in order to be tried. This gentleman alſo affirms, that there was no engagement betwixt the army and the rioters on the 23d of March (as was given out) or any other time; and by the prudent management of General Giſborne, all is expected to be quiet very ſoon.

The public Prints alſo contain Accounts of the Scarcity of Proviſions in many Parts of England; the Poor being in great Diſtreſs for the Means of Subſiſtence.---At Deal it is ſaid, that even the Game which uſed to be brought from France and Flanders, is entirely ſtopped, as the Inhabitants of thoſe Countries are alſo in great Want.---At Northampton, a hind Quarter of Mutton has not been to be purchaſed for ſome Months paſt, they being all ſent to London.--In a ſmall Town within ten Miles of London, all the Sheeps Plucks are bought up by a Gentleman for his Cats, and a Lady for her Dogs, ſo that the Poor of that Place cannot get ſo much as a Bit of Sheep's Liver or Lights; much leſs will theſe humane People ſuffer their Animals to be defrauded of their Hearts. At Sunderland, ſeveral Gentlemen made a Viſitation to the different Diſtricts of that Town: In proſecuting this Work, they became Witneſſes of ſuch Scenes of human Woe as can ſcarcely be ſuppoſed to exiſt in a Chriſtian Country.--Many Families had for ſome time ſubſiſted on *Bran* and *Bullock's Blood mixed together*, and ſome, for Want of *Bran ſufficient*, added a little *Saw-duſt* to their ſcanty Pittance, and it was thought, that had it not been for this timely Viſit, many Scores would literally have periſhed for Want, as the induſtrious Poor were unemployed, owing to all the Ships being laden, and prevented by contrary Winds from proceeding on their reſpective Voyages.

Theſe Diſtreſſes have occaſioned ſeveral Mobs and Riots.---At Chelmsford about 50 aſſembled in the Evening of the 12th of April, and increaſed to 300 by Morning, when they went to ſeveral Mills, and took large Quantities of Flour, and carried it in Waggons, under a ſtrong Guard, to the Market-place, to ſell at a Price approved of--They then went to the Farmers Houſes, regaling themſelves, and collecting Grain from them to carry to the Market. The ſame is done at Sudbury, Colcheſter, Whiteham, &c.--The Inhabitants were in ſuch great Conſternation, that they had ſent to the War-Office for Troops to quell the Rioters.

By Captain FARRELL, *arrived at New-York, in ſeven Weeks from Falmouth, we have the following Advices, viz.*

CRACOW, April 8.

THE Confederates are ſtill maſters of the Citadel, but Proviſions are become ſo ſcarce now, that they are obliged to kill their horſes, which the Officers eat, ſeemingly with great appetite, but the Soldiers with great reluctance, which is the more unhappy, as they are reduced to half a pound of bread per day; however, the deſerters ſay that it is impoſſible to hold out much longer. Col. Sohak, who intended to ſurprize the garriſon of Weiſzanic, was prevented by a detachment of Ruſſian troops; 18 were taken priſoners, and about 200 killed and wounded; they had but one ſmall cannon, a three pounder, which they left behind them.

Peterſburgh, March 22. The courier, diſpatched from hence five weeks ſince, is returned, and brings the important intelligence, that the Porte has acceded, with the greateſt earneſtneſs, to an Armiſtice, and to the holding a congreſs. And we have the greateſt reaſon to hope for the eſtabliſhment of a laſting peace, under the mediation of the Courts of Vienna and Berlin, who both act with the moſt laudable vigour, to bring this deſirable event to a concluſion.

Altona, April 17. This moment arrived the poſt from Copenhagen, and we can aſſure you, that the divorce of the King from his Queen has been declared. She is to be ſtiled Princeſs of Aalburgh, and is not to bear the King's arms.

Stockholm, April 7. His Majeſty has this day been pleaſed to fix on the 29th of May for his coronation, and to accept the oaths of allegiance on the firſt of June.

LONDON, April 25.

All defence of the Queen of Denmark, on the charge of adultery, is totally given up; but that is the leaſt criminal part of her conduct. The laſt expreſs is ſaid to have brought an account, that ſhe is divorced from the King her huſband, and that ſhe will be delivered up to the Engliſh Ambaſſador, who has inſtructions to convey her to Hanover.

A few days ago the King dictated to Lord Rochford the words of a letter to Lord Townſhend, cenſuring that Lord's conduct in Ireland. The orthography, and paſſages relating to the military, were afterwards corrected by General Harvey.

Of forty-two commiſſions in the army, lately ſent over by Lord Townſhend, only five were returned, ſigned by the King. The reſt were rejected.

It is aſſerted that certain advices have been received from France, that the report of the Pretender's marriage with the Princeſs of Stolberg, is entirely deſtitute of truth.

Extract of a letter from Copenhagen, April 11.

"On the 9th Sir Robert Keith went to Cronenburgh, and had a conference with her Majeſty the Queen Carolina Matilda, and returned again yeſterday; ſince which, it is ſaid, he is to return to London. The 10th came on before the Commiſſioners, the affairs of the ſtate priſoners, Counts Struenſee and Brandt; the pleaders were, for the King, the General Fiſcal Vivat; for the priſoners, the Counſellors Uldahl and Bang, but it was not ended that day. Counts Struenſee and Brandt have leave to make uſe of pen, ink, and paper, and to number their papers. The Queen's houſhold is now entirely ſettled, and the whole expence amounts to 40,000 dollars: Her whole Court conſiſts of 60 perſons. This day his Majeſty, accompanied by Prince Frederick, went in a ſtate coach to the New Holm, and ſaw two new 60 gun ſhips launched; one is called the Dannebrog, the other the Holſtein; his Majeſty and the Prince went afterwards and ſaw the machine for cleaning the harbour, and were highly pleaſed."

The Nabobs have formed a league together. They meet every night; they have ſubſcribed a million of money, to intimidate and corrupt. But nothing will do; the ſpirit of the nation is rouſed, and condign puniſhment will at length overtake the guilty.

The Ruſſians, extremely jealous of having his Pruſſian Majeſty their neighbour, have ſignified in form, that they cannot ſit down as idle ſpectators, ſhould he make any attempts for the appropriation of Dantzick and Royal Pruſſia.

Several gentlemen, members of the Houſe of Commons, who left town laſt week, declared that they would not attend at that houſe any more during the reign of the preſent miniſtry.

BOSTON, June 18.

The 5th ult. the Brig Induſtry, Thomas Jackſon, arrived at Providence, from Surrinam, laſt from Halifax, which had been a miſſing Veſſel, having been from Surrinam 108 Days.------On his Paſſage he had loſt his Rudder, and was obliged to ſteer with a Cable, and drifted into the Gulph Stream, and met with a continued Series of Storms and bad Weather till his arrival at Halifax, which was 76 Days.---The Captain and People underwent great Hardſhips.---He was relieved on the 1ſt of May by Captain Knight, from Salem to Newfoundland, with Bread and Water, and afterwards got a Supply of Fiſh from a Fiſherman.

June 22. *Laſt Week Capt. Ebenezer Fuller arrived here from North Carolina, and informs, That he was late Maſter of a Schooner owned by John Simpſon, Eſq; of that Place; but that on his Paſſage thither from Jamaica, which he left the 29th of October, 1769, he met with contrary winds, and bad Weather, which forced him to bear away for La Vera Cruz, in the Bay of Mexico, where he arrived the 25th of December following; being for ſeveral Days before ſo reduced, for want of Proviſion, that they were obliged to ſubſiſt on boiled Meloſſes and Sugar: That the next Day he, with his Mate and 6 Men, were by Order of the Spaniſh Governor taken Priſoners, and confined on board by a Guard of 20 Soldiers, without the leaſt Cauſe given or committed by him, or any of his Crew: --That on the 1ſt of January, 1770, the Governor, attended by the Cuſtom-Houſe Officers, came on board ſaid Schooner, and threatened them with Death, if they did not deliver up the Keys of their Cheſts, &c. which they robbed of all that was valuable, and then gave ſtrict Charge to the Soldiers to keep them under Confinement, which was accordingly done until the 30th of October following, when the Schooner ſunk by Neglect, the Worms having eat out her Bottom; they were then carried on board a Spaniſh Veſſel, and there confined till the 7th of January, 1772, at which Time they were ordered to embark for the Havanna, and arrived there the 2d of March following: At which Place he ſaw Captain Peter Beard, of Jamaica, and about 50 Britiſh Seamen, in cloſe Confinement, with ſcarcely any Covering on their Backs; they told him their Living was hard, having but Half a Bit a Day allowed them to ſubſiſt on; and the only Proviſion they could get was Bullock's Lights, and bad Bread:----On the 28th of March, Captain Fuller ſailed for North-Carolina, leaving Captain Beard and Company in Goal, in which ſome of them had been confined above 18 Months: Captain Beard deſired he would publiſh his Caſe in the Papers, that the World might know how the Subjects of Great-Britain are treated by thoſe of his Catholic Majeſty.*

NEWPORT, June 22.

Laſt Tueſday James Bud, and Lemuel Guſtine, were apprehended and committed to goal in this town, on ſuſpicion of being concerned in counterfeiting and paſſing New-York and Jerſey paper money. About a week before, they, with ſome others, came from Nantucket in a ſloop, and anchored in Mackarel Cove, a little within our light houſe, where theſe two left her, and came to this town, and agreed with an engraver to cut them a plate for the eſcutcheon or border of a New-York Forty Shilling bill, for which purpoſe they cut out the printed part of the bill, and gave the engraver the other part, cut into three or four pieces. But before the engraver had quite finiſhed the plate, he accidentally ſaw a New-York bill, which Bud had paſſed to another man, by which he diſcovered the real buſineſs he was about, and immediately informed Judge Hazzard of the ſame. After Bud and Guſtine were examined, the ſloop was brought into this harbour, and being ſearched, upwards of Fifty Pounds of York and Jerſey money was found, including a ſmall ſum Bud and Guſtine had about them. They confeſſed but little on the examination: But it might be eaſily perceived that one Wills of Connecticut, one Smith of New-York, and a number of others, were concerned in this affair.

The money above mentioned conſiſts of Sixty, Twenty, Ten, and Five Shilling bills, principally of New-York currency, moſt of which are well known to be counterfeits; the Jerſey bills doubtful, and may probably be ſome of thoſe taken out of the treaſury when robbed. There is one Five Pound bill, not ſigned: The Forty Shilling bill, by which the plate was to have been made, is a true one.

By what could be drawn out of theſe men, there muſt be a very conſiderable amount of New-York bills counterfeited to the Weſtward; as Bud confeſſed that he ſaw a great number lying on Wills's table the firſt time he went to ſee him.

NEW-YORK, June 29.

Capt. William Lowndes, in the Sloop Heſter, in 16 Days from St. Croix, brings the following Account, viz. On the 17th of June, in Lat. 34: 48, Long. 72, ſpoke a Brig from Philadelphia, bound for Jamaica, out 4 Days from the Capes, but did not learn the Captain's Name; the next day, Lat. 33: 48, Long. 72: 30, ſpoke the Schooner Rebecca, a Whaler, John Kindrick, Maſter, 11 Weeks from off Vera Cruz, bound to Martha's Vineyard, who informed Capt. Lowndes, that he had taken 13 ſmall Spermacæti Whales, in the Bottom of the Bay of Mexico, from which he had only made 120 Barrels of Oyl, but found the Whales to be very plenty there; and being very ſhort of Proviſions, he was obliged to quit his Station, and turning to Windward, off Cape St. Anthony he fell in Company with upwards of 30 Sail of Veſſels, moſtly Europeans, from which he got little Relief; and that on the 8th of May, the Brig Minerva, bound to London, William Burk, Maſter, and Capt. Davis, in the Ship Marquis of Granby, together with a Schooner for Providence, Capt. Chambers, all from the Bay of Honduras, being becalmed off Swan's Iſland, went aſhore in their Boats, with a View of getting ſome freſh Prog, but the Current running very rapid, and a Guſt ariſing, ſoon drove the Veſſels from the adjacent Shore; the next Day they reached the Iſland again, when the Remainder of the Crews went on Shore, in Search of their Captains and Ship-Mates, but to their great Surprize found only a few Turtle turned, and two Powder Horns, which they brought on board, and ſet ſail immediately for Rattan, in Queſt of the ſaid Maſters and People there, but having no Intelligence of them, they entered a Proteſt, and proceeded upon their Paſſage for Europe, the Schooner only excepted, which returned for the Bay of Honduras, who was ſo unfortunate as to have the Captain's Wife on board; and that the ſaid John Kindrick further ſaid, that off the Bay of Hunda, he received on board from the Minerva, John Burk, Son to the ſaid William Burk, whom he propoſed to put on Shore at Rhode-Iſland, as the Brig properly belonged to Aaron Lopus there, &c. On the 12th of May, Capt. Kindrick went on board a Spaniſh Guarda Coſta, a Snow of 12 Carriage Guns, Capt. Don Torius Franciſco, from Port Mahon, who ſupplied him with a hundred Weight of Bread, and other little Neceſſaries, which was very ſmall for 13 People. The next Morning Captain Kindrick ſaw the ſaid Snow aſhore off the Coxcombs, with her Top Gallant Sails clewed up, and the reſt of the Sails hoiſted a-tanto; he ſaw the People very expeditious in getting on Shore, as the Veſſel ſoon went to Pieces when the Sea Breeze ſet in. Capt. Kindrick likewiſe ſaid, that he and his People had been at very ſhort Allowance for many Weeks, but had got ſufficient Relief of Bread and Water, and were entirely out of ſalt Proviſions, with which Capt. Lowndes ſupplied him.

The 20th Inſtant, arrived the Schooner Thomas, Capt. Gilbert, in 35 Days from Hiſpaniola, who, on the Paſſage, the 31ſt of May, Lat. 21, Long. 74, met with a Sloop loaded with Lumber, full of Water, without any Perſon on board. Capt. Gilbert ſaw at the Mole the Captain of this Sloop, and underſtood that ſhe belonged to Virginia, had lately ſailed from New-York, and was caſt away on the Plate-Wreck Rocks, where the People left her; but the Sea had driven her off from the Rocks.

Wedneſday laſt Capt. Braſs arrived here in 7 Weeks from the Bay of Honduras, who, on the 20th Inſtant, in Lat. 38, 30, Long. 71, ſaw a New-England built Sloop Bottom up, with the Maſt and Bowſprit along Side, both of which appeared to be newly ſcraped. The 17th Inſtant, in Lat. 36: 16, Long. 70, Capt. Braſs ſpoke with the Ship Elizabeth, Capt. Bradford, from Briſtol for Maryland, 7 Weeks and 3 Days out; and on the 19th with the Brig Franklin, Capt. Lyell, from Antboy for Madeira, out 48 Hours.

The Brig Sally, Capt. Hunter, was to ſail from the Bay for Philadelphia, about 3 Weeks after Capt. Braſs.

Capt. Farrell left Falmouth the 4th of May, and ſays the Mercury Packet, Capt. Dillon, was to ſail with the Mail for this Place the Sunday following. The 22d Inſtant, in Lat. 29: 21, Long. 69, Capt. Farrell ſpoke with Capt. Croſby, from Yarmouth for Philadelphia, 9 Weeks out; and the next Day with a Brig from Rhode-Iſland for Surrinam, with Hay on Deck.

Capt. Smith, in 36 Days from Kingſton in Jamaica, acquaints us, that Capt. Aldborough, in a Philadelphia Ship, ſailed in Company with him for the Bay of Honduras, and that Capt. Walker, in a Brig of this Port, ſailed from Jamaica for the Bay alſo.

We learn from South Haven, in Suffolk County, on Long-Iſland, That about 4 o'clock laſt Monday Afternoon, Samuel Brewſter, Eſq; of that Place, being in the Woods with one of his Negroes, attempted to correct him for ſome Miſdemeanor, which the Negroe reſented, and wounded his Maſter, by giving him ſeveral ſuch violent Blows on his Head, with a Billet of Wood, that he expired the next Morning, firſt relating the Matter as above mentioned. The Negroe was tried the next Day, and being found guilty of the Murder of Mr. Brewſter, was to be executed laſt Friday.

PHILADELPHIA, *July* 2.

On Thurſday laſt the Reverend Mr. JOHN ANDREWS, of York, was married to Miſs BETSY CALLENDER, eldeſt Daughter of Captain CALLENDER, of Cumberland County; an agreeable and well accompliſhed young Lady.

The PUBLIC are cautioned againſt Counterfeit *New-Jerſey THIRTY SHILLING BILLS*, dated *April* 16, 1764.--- They are ſigned John Johnſton, Richd. Smith, S. Smith, but ſo unlike the Signing in the true Bills, as to be eaſily diſcovered.--- The Impreſſion carries a remarkably blackiſh Appearance---the word *New-Jerſey*, on the left Border, is much plainer, alſo the Flowering on the Top, and right Edge, and very different from the true Bills.---They are made after thoſe Bills that have the Printer's Signature G, but it is poſſible ſome Counterfeits, after this Notice, may bear another Signature.

On Monday laſt a Court of Oyer and Terminer was held at Burlington, for the Trial of -------- SMART, alias M'CORMICK, for the Murder and Robbery of Elizabeth Knight; when he pled guilty to the Burglary, in Hopes of being admitted an Evidence againſt an innocent Perſon, one Shreeve, whom he impeached as the Murderer; but the Grand Jury, finding nothing to ſupport the Indictment againſt Shreeve, did not find the Bill. Upon which the Court proceeded, and pronounced Sentence of Death againſt *Smart*, who is to be hanged next Saturday.

Captain Bowditch, from Grenada, on the 4th of laſt Month, off Turks Iſland, ſpoke the Ship Lark, Captain Biddle, from this Port for Hiſpaniola, out 18 Days; and on the 23d, in Lat. 36: 48, Long. 72: 44, he ſpoke a Brig, Captain Herring, from White-Haven for North-Carolina.

Captain Chappel, from Guadaloupe, on the 15th ult. in Lat. 32: 27, Long. 70: 30, ſpoke a Sloop, Captain Miller, from North-Carolina for Dominica, all well.

Captain Harr, from Liſbon, on the 8th of laſt Month, in Lat. 24: 22, ſpoke the Sloop Nonpareil, Captain Seabrook, from Virginia for Antigua, out 30 Days; the ſame Day ſpoke the Brig Ann, Captain Marſh, from New-York for Dominica, 14 Days out; and on the 10th, in Lat. 25, Long. 58, he ſpoke a Sloop, Capt. Evans, from New-London for Antigua, out 14 Days, all well.

Captain Baſden, from St. Chriſtophers, on the 25th of June, in Lat. 36: 55, Long. 72, ſpoke the Sloop Tryal, Captain Genſel, from this Port for St. Croix, out two Days, all well.

Captain Vallance, from Surrinam, on the 18th of laſt Month, in Lat. 31: 20, Long. 71: 30, ſpoke the Brig Chance, Captain Atkinſon, from London for Georgia, out 7 Weeks; and on the 23d, about 30 Leagues S. E. from our Capes, he ſpoke the Snow Molly, Captain Woodhouſe, from this Port for Cadiz, out about 36 Hours, all well.

The Brig Lovely Laſs, Captain Andrew Waide, from this Port for Jamaica, was ſpoke with on the 21ſt of May, off the Weſt Cayos (then 15 Days out, and all well) by Captain Chew, arrived at New-Haven.

Captain Gwynn, arrived at New-York from Jamaica, in Lat. 23, Long. 86: 10, ſpoke with Captain Jones, in a Schooner belonging to Cape-Fear, who had been on the Colleradoes eight Days, where he loſt all his Anchors, and was in great Diſtreſs, for Want of Proviſions.

Captain Robinſon, from New-Caſtle, alſo arrived at New-York, on the 15th of June, in Lat. 26: 28, Long. 66, ſpoke with Captain Andrews, in a Ship, from Virginia for Glaſgow, 10 Days out.

*** Notice is hereby given, that the MAYOR's Court, for the City of *Philadelphia*, will be held at the *State-Houſe* on *Tueſday*, the Seventh of *July* inſtant.

☞ Dr. GRAHAM, *Oculiſt* and *Auriſt*, is removed from Arch-ſtreet to his Houſe, the Corner of Fifth and Market-ſtreets.

PRICE CURRENT *of the following Goods in* Philadelphia.

Flour 21s. Wheat 8s. 3d. Indian Corn 3s. 10d. Ship Bread 22s. 6d. Middling Ditto 32s. White Ditto 60s. Pipe Staves 10l. Barrel Ditto 3l. 10s. Hogſhead Ditto 6l. 10s. Red Oak Ditto 5l. Beef 4l. Pork 5l. Weſt-India Rum 3s. 1d. New-England Ditto 2s. 2d. Pennſylvania Ditto 2s. 2d. Madeira Wine 40l. to 60l. Muſcovado Sugar 45s. to 55s. Melaſſes 20d. Pennſylvania Loaf Sugar 11d. Pitch 16s. Tar 14s. Turpentine 17s. 6d. Tobacco 25s. to 40s. Rice 24s. Liſbon Salt 20d. Bohea Tea 4s. Hemp 6d. Cotton 15d. Bar Iron 28l. Pig Iron 8l.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Brig Elizabeth, J. Davidſon, Brig Nancy, J. Hanſe, and Sloop Peggy, E. Bisgley, from Jamaica. Sloop Mary Ann, C. Gilbert, Anguilla. Brig Molly, J. Mullett, St. Kitts. Brig Burke, N. Vallance, Surrinam. Brig Anna, G. Carr, Dominica. Sloop Patty, J. Baſden, Tobago. Sloop Friendſhip, T. Chappel, Guadaloupe. Sloop Hopewell, W. Carliſle, St. Euſtatia. Brig Conway, J. Bowditch, Grenades. Brig Bolton, J. Harr, Liſbon. Schooner Priſcilla, W. Wiſe, Maryland. Sloop Defiance, P. Winſlow, Schooner Neptune, J. King, Sloop Diſpatch, S. Thompſon, Sloop North-Carolina Packet, G. Simpſon, Sloop Polly, J. Strange, and Sloop Speedwell, L. Hill, North-Carolina. Schooner Induſtry, J. Barry, Halifax. Sloop Molly, E. Rogers, Boſton. Sloop Suſanna, W. Wyer, Piſcataqua. Schooner Little Peggy, J. Smith, from New-Providence.

OUTWARDS. Sloop Molly, E. Rogers, and Sloop Induſtry, R. Parker, for Boſton. Schooner Mary, J. Perrott, and Schooner Induſtry, M. Williamſon, Halifax. Brig Elizabeth, J. Davidſon, Jamaica. Sloop Priſcilla, W. Wiſe, Baltimore. Ship Fame, T. White, for St. Croix.

CLEARED. Sloop Mary, R. Prudden, to Bermuda. Brig Dove, W. Allen, Barbados. Sloop Peace and Plenty, J. Anthony, Rhode-Iſland. Ship Sally, S. Cevell, and Ship Queen of Portugal, J. Caſtle, Liſbon. Schooner Nancy, J. Neill, and Sloop Defiance, W. Winſlow, North-Carolina. Brig Induſtry, W. Keith, Halifax. Brig Morning Star, T. Callender, St. Croix. Ship Phœnix, W. Gamble, Jamaica. Schooner Ann, R. Robertſon, Newfoundland. Brig Betſy, Z. Hutchings, Grenades. Brig Molly, J. Mullett, St. Kitts. Ship Jupiter, A. Ewing, to Londonderry.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Thurſday, the 9th of July inſt. at 6 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-houſe, a certain lot or piece of ground, ſituate in Kenſington, in the Northern Liberties of Philadelphia, containing in breadth 40 feet, and in length or depth 154 feet, bounded by Shackamaxon ſtreet, and by ground of Samuel Griſcome, Thomas Boude, and others. Likewiſe a certain meſſuage, and lot of ground, ſituate in the diſtrict of Southwark, containing in breadth 19 feet, and in depth 110 feet, bounded by Chriſtian-ſtreet, by a twelve feet alley, and by ground of Joſeph Wharton, and others; late the eſtate of John Carr, deceaſed, ſeized and taken in execution by JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Friday, the 10th of July inſt. at 3 o'clock in the afternoon (and to be ſtruck off preciſely at 5) at the houſe of Mrs. Mackinet, in Germantown, a certain two ſtory ſtone meſſuage, and three lots or pieces of ground; one of them (whereon the ſaid meſſuage is erected) containing about 1 acre and 10 perches, bounded by Germantown main ſtreet, by lands of John Adam Hogermaid, and Ann Metzler; one other of them containing about 3 acres and 60 perches, bounded by a mill road, leading from the main ſtreet aforeſaid to Roxborough, and by lands of ſaid Hogermaid, Ernſt Kurtz, and Peter Bocktius; and the other of them containing 16 acres and 36 perches, be the ſame more or leſs, bounded by a croſs ſtreet, called Briſtol-ſtreet, and by lands of Chriſtian Warner, Peter Kehr, and others; late the eſtate of Samuel North, ſeized and taken in execution by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Saturday, the 11th of July inſt. at one o'clock in the afternoon (and to be ſtruck off preciſely at 4) at the houſe of Edward Wells, in Upper Dublin townſhip, a certain plantation or tract of land, ſituate in Upper Dublin townſhip aforeſaid, containing about 13 acres, be the ſame more or leſs, bounded by lands of Methuſelah Evans, John Burke, Iſaac Wood, Iſaac Shoemaker, Edward Burke, and others; late the eſtate of John Reynolds, ſeized and taken in execution by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Monday, the 13th of July inſt. at 5 o'clock in the afternoon (and to be ſtruck off preciſely at 7) at the houſe of William Miller, in Kenſington, a certain meſſuage or tenement, and lot or piece of ground, ſituate in Kenſington, in the Northern Liberties of Philadelphia, containing in breadth, on Queen-ſtreet, 50 feet 2 inches, and extending in depth into the river Delaware as far as low water mark, bounded by Queen-ſtreet aforeſaid, by the river Delaware at low water mark aforeſaid, and by ground late of John Morris, deceaſed, and others; late the eſtate of John Walſh, ſeized and taken in execution by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Tueſday, the 14th of July inſt. at 6 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-houſe, a certain brick meſſuage or tenement, and lot or piece of ground, ſituate on the north ſide of a certain alley (commonly called Willing's Alley) running from Third to Fourth-ſtreet, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth 21 feet, and in length or depth 41 feet, bounded eaſtward with a lot now or late of James Gillard, weſtward with ground now or late of James Roades, and William Parſons, northward with the Quakers Alms-houſe lot, and ſouthward with Willing's Alley aforeſaid; late the eſtate of Charles Quin, deceaſed, ſeized and taken in execution by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale on Wedneſday, the 15th of July inſt. at 6 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-houſe, a certain tract or parcel of meadow ground, ſituate in Paſſyunk townſhip, containing about 6 acres and 148 perches, be the ſame more or leſs, bounded by the great road leading from Philadelphia to Paſſyunk, and by ground of Henry Elwes, and others; late the eſtate of Andrew Yorke, ſeized and taken in execution by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

Cheſter, June 29, 1772.

BY virtue of a writ of Levari Facias to me directed, on the 25th day of July next, will be expoſed to public ſale, at one o'clock in the afternoon, on the premiſes, a certain meſſuage or tenement, plantation and valuable tract of land thereunto belonging, containing 252 acres, and one fifth of an acre, be the ſame more or leſs, with a dweiling-houſe, kitchen, ſeveral good out-houſes, built with ſtone, a barn and ſtables, a large orchard, good meadow, &c. ſituate in Weſt-town townſhip, Cheſter county. Likewiſe at the ſame time and place will be ſold horſes, cows, houſhold furniture, implements of huſbandry, &c. late the eſtate of John Hunt, ſeized and taken in execution by

JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

N. B. The above deſcribed land is capable of great improvement, and I think may juſtly be ſaid to be a valuable plantation.

Cheſter, June 29, 1772.

BY virtue of a writ of Levari Facias to me directed, on the 27th day of July next, will be expoſed to public ſale, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, on the premiſes, a meſſuage or tenement, brick malt-houſe, and piece or parcel of land thereunto belonging, ſituate in Lower Chicheſter townſhip, Cheſter county, containing one acre, be the ſame more or leſs, with the appurtenances; ſeized and taken in execution by JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

THERE is a SILVER WATCH in the poſſeſſion of ISAAC WAYNE, living in Eaſt-town, Cheſter county, Pennſylvania, ſuppoſed to have been ſtolen, as it was found upon a runaway ſervant belonging to ſaid Wayne; the watch is almoſt new, maker's name *Ja. Clayton, London*, No. 17241; the chain by which it is wound up is broke; it has ſome private marks in it. Whoever has loſt ſaid watch, are deſired to prove their property, pay charges, and take it away. ¶

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in Tredifryn, Cheſter county, the 7th of June, 1772, a light ſorrel MARE, about 13 hands high, paces and trots, neither brand nor ear-mark, ſhod round. The owner is deſired to come and prove his property, pay charges, and take her away.

¶ LEVI JONES.

THE MEMBERS of *The Society for the Relief of poor and diſtreſſed Maſters of Ships, their Widows and Children*, are deſired to attend their General Meeting, at the Coffee-Houſe, on Monday, the Sixth of July inſtant, at the Seventh Hour.

Philadelphia, June, 26, 1772.

TEN POUNDS Reward.

WHEREAS the Subſcriber's Store was broke open laſt Night, and the following Goods carried off, viz.

1 Piece of Half-Ell wide Silk Mantua, about 60 Yards, yellow ſhot with white.
1 Piece of ditto, about 60 Yards, blue ſhot with white.
2 Pieces of light blue India Taffety.
5 or 6 Pieces of black ditto.
1 Piece of red printed Linen Bengal Stripe.
1 Piece of purple ditto.
1 Piece of yellow ditto.
Several Pieces of Silk Romal and ſpotted Bandanoe Handkerchiefs.
Several Patches Cambrick, and ſome Sewing-Silks.

Whoever apprehends the Perſon or Perſons concerned in the ſaid Robbery, or gives Information, ſo that he or they may be convicted of the ſame, or the Goods be recovered, ſhall receive the above Reward of TEN POUNDS. And all Perſons, particularly Maſters of Shallops, Ferrymen, &c. to whom the Goods may be offered, or who may diſcover them in the Hands of ſuſpicious Perſons, are requeſted to detain them, and give Information to THOMAS BARTOW.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, by the Subſcribers, Executors of Captain John Meaſe, late of this city, deceaſed, the following lot of ground and plantation, being the remainder of ſaid Meaſe's real eſtate, which the Executors are now determined peremptorily to ſell, in order to ſettle the eſtate.

A LOT of GROUND on the weſt ſide of Fourth-ſtreet, between Arch and Race-ſtreets, 44 feet front, and 50 feet deep, together with a commodious two-ſtory brick dwelling-houſe, and a large convenient three-ſtory brick bake-houſe, with two large ovens, now in tenure of Matthias Cline, ſubject to a groundrent of 5l. 10s. currency, per annum, and will be ſold, at the London Coffee-houſe, on Thurſday, the 23d inſt. at 7 o'clock in the evening; 12 months credit will be given (if required) for 300l. of the purchaſe-money, giving ſecurity, and paying intereſt, for the ſame.

An extraordinary good plantation, in Thornbury townſhip, Cheſter county, now in tenure of William Read, containing 300 acres or upwards, with a ſufficient quantity of meadow and woodland, capable of great improvements, as the ſoil is remarkably kindly for either grain or graſs, with dwelling-houſe, barn, ſtables, orchard, &c. lies in a good neighbourhood, about 10 miles from Cheſter, and 22 from Philadelphia. The ſale to be on the premiſes, on Thurſday, the 30th inſtant, and will be ſtruck off preciſely at 4 o'clock in afternoon of that day.

N. B. The late John Meaſe, in April, 1767, agreed with the above named William Read, to leaſe him the aforeſaid plantation for 21 years, at 50l. per annum, and the ſaid Read was to have the privilege of purchaſing it in ten years for 1200l. of which agreement there was a memorandum made, and the leaſe to have been perfected in a month (which, however, by ſaid Read's neglect in not attending, during the life-time of ſaid Meaſe) was not done. The plantation will now be ſold, ſubject to the incumbrance of ſaid memorandum, which will be produced on the day of ſale, and fully explained by the Executors. Credit will be given for 5 or 600l. of the purchaſe-money, or giving good ſecurity for the ſame, and paying the intereſt regularly. WILLIAM ALLISON, WILLIAM MILLER, JAMES MEASE, JOHN MEASE. 4 *W.*

THE County Commiſſioners (having agreed with perſons to do the Maſonry of the Bridge, intended to be built on the Wiſſahickon Creek, in Whitemarſh townſhip) give notice to any perſon, or perſons, qualified to furniſh timber, and execute frame-work, ſuitable for the platform of the ſaid Bridge, to meet the Commiſſioners, at CALEB CARMALT's office, in Church-alley, on the 18th day of July enſuing, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, in order to make propoſals for undertaking the ſame. Philadelphia, June 29. 1772.

To be SOLD,

A TRACT of WELL TIMBERED LAND, containing 555 acres, with allowance for highways, late the property of CLARK RODMAN, ſituate in the county of Glouceſter, in the Weſtern Diviſion of the province of New-Jerſey, and is very handy to ſeveral Saw-mills, bounded by lands of the late JOHN LADD, Eſq; STEPHEN WALTON, ROBERT STRETTEL, and SAMUEL POWELL, deceaſed. The tracts which belonged to the two laſt mentioned perſons are now the property of JACOB FREES. For the conditions of ſale, and other particulars, enquire of JOSIAH HEWES, in Philadelphia, or of AARON HEWES, in Woodbury, near Glouceſter. 6 w.

PAUL FOOKS,

NOTARY and TABELLION PUBLIC, for the *French and Spaniſh* Languages, Profeſſor, and ſworn Interpreter for the ſame, gives Notice,

THAT he has removed his Office from Front-ſtreet into Second-ſtreet, between Walnut and Spruce-ſtreets, nearly oppoſite the Houſe of Mr. JOHN INGLIS, and next door to Mr. ANDREW HAMILTON; where he continues to draw French and Spaniſh writings, as Letters, Powers of Attorney, Contracts, Accounts, &c. and to ſtate them properly, agreeable to the Forms and Uſages of the reſpective countries to which they are intended.

He alſo continues to teach the French and Spaniſh Languages, in the greateſt Purity and Elegance, Mornings and Evenings. 6 w.

Philadelphia, July 2, 1772.

STRAYED or ſtolen, the 19th of May laſt, at night, out of a meadow about a mile and a half below the city, a BAY HORSE, 15 hands high; with a ſmall ſtar, one white foot before, a few white hairs in his tail, high backed, and but three years old. Whoever takes up ſaid horſe, if ſtolen, and ſecures the thief, ſhall receive FIVE POUNDS, or THREE POUNDS for the horſe, and reaſonable charges, from the ſubſcriber, in Seventh-ſtreet, near Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia.

JACOB HILTZHEIMER.

Likewiſe got out of the ſubſcriber's yard, early on the firſt of June laſt, a ſmall ſort of a mouſe coloured horſe, with ſome white hairs mixed all over his body, has a large ſtar, the white of ſaid ſtar runs near one of his eyes, he is about 13 hands high, in good order, four years old, and lately ſhod before. Whoever takes up ſaid horſe, and brings him to the ſubſcriber, ſhall receive TWENTY SHILLINGS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me JACOB HILTZHEIMER. 7/6. ¶

JOHN BERNDT,

JOINER and INSTRUMENT-MAKER,

BEGS leave to acquaint the public, that about the 11th of July inſtant, he will move from his houſe in Race-ſtreet, oppoſite the Green Tree, into Third-ſtreet continued, in Campingtown, oppoſite to Mr. Coats's Burying-ground, to a lot, on the back of which is erected a two-ſtory brick kitchen, and in the front of ſaid ſtreet a frame work-ſhop, with his name on the Sign-board. He has for ſale, a Harpſichord, and Spinnet, well made, of walnut; which, according to payment, he will keep in good order for 12 months: Both will be ſold very reaſonable. Any perſon having an inſtrument that wants repairing, he will put the ſame in good order for a reaſonable price, or take it in part of payment for a new one. ¶

To be RENTED,

TWO large commodious STORES, ſituate on the weſt ſide of the dock, near Henry Liſle's bake-houſe, capable of containing ſeveral hundred hogſheads, and very convenient to the dock, lately occupied by Reeſe Meredith. For terms, apply to SAMUEL MORRIS. July 1, 1772.

Philadelphia, July 1, 1772.

THE Creditors of Mr. ALEXANDER LUNAN, deceaſed, are deſired to meet at Mullen's Tavern, in Water-ſtreet, on Monday, the 6th Inſtant, at Four o' Clock in the Afternoon, on Buſineſs of Importance.

Germantown Townſhip, July 1, 1772.

STOLEN out of the ſtable of WILLIAM ALLEN, Eſq; near Germantown, laſt night, a light bay COACH HORSE, 15 hands high, if rode, has a ſmall ſhuffling pace, has a hitch in his right off hip, that being a little lower than the other. Whoever brings the HORSE to the ſaid William Allen, ſhall receive THREE POUNDS reward, and FIVE POUNDS if the thief be apprehended, and the horſe reſtored. He has no white, but is all of the bay colour. By the tracks that were perceived in the morning early, the horſe was rode off faſt towards Germantown. The perſon ſuſpected to have ſtolen the horſe, is about 5 feet 7 inches high, had a ſilk handkerchief about his neck, a felt hat on, and a pair of pumps, with yellow metal buckles, no other cloathing but a ſhirt and trowſers; pretended he had drove the Lancaſter ſtage, and, probably, will take that road, and has worked, for a ſhort time, lately at James Morris's, at Whitemarſh. ¶

Philadelphia, July 1, 1772.

JOSEPH ABRAHAMS, late of this city, ſhopkeeper, having aſſigned all his effects to the ſubſcribers, in truſt, for the benefit of his creditors, notice is hereby given to all perſons who are indebted to ſaid Abrahams, that they are not to expect a further indulgence than three months from the above date, to diſcharge their reſpective ballances; thoſe who have any demands againſt the eſtate, are deſired to deliver their accounts.

As the ſhop goods of ſaid Joſeph Abrahams conſiſt of a variety of valuable articles, the aſſignees propoſe ſelling them at private ſale. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the whole, or part, may, for a ſhort credit, giving ſecurity, if required, be accommodated at a very reaſonable rate. DANIEL WILLIAMS, PHILIP FRANCIS, BENJAMIN GIBBS. THOMAS ASHETON, JOSEPH DEAN. §

Salem, June 20, 1772.

FORTY DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from their Bail, the 13th Inſtant, the following Perſons, viz. DANIEL WHEATON, an ill-looking Fellow, about 5 Feet 8 or 9 Inches high, of a pale ſunny Complexion, light Hair, a little curled, about 30 Years of Age, a well made Fellow, this Country born, is very fond of ſtrong Liquor, is a little freckled in his Face; he took with him a light coloured Saggathy Coat, a Damaſcus Jacket, old Hat, one or two Shirts, two pair ſtriped Trowſers, old Shoes, and an old blue Bath Coating Surtout Coat, his other Cloaths not known.

ISAAC HILDEBRAND, about 30 Years of Age, a well made Fellow, of a dark Complexion, black Hair, is about 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high; he very ſeldom drinks ſtrong Liquor; he took with him a light coloured Wilton Coat and Jacket, almoſt new, a blue Broadcloth Coat that has been turned, a Pair of white Fuſtian Breeches, Thread Stockings, an old Hat, a blue Bath Coating Surtout Coat, a Chocolate coloured Barcelona Silk Handkerchief, 1 black Ditto, a Pair of new Pumps, one or two white Shirts ruffled at the Breaſt, one or two coarſe white Ditto, his other Cloaths uncertain. He took with him a ſmall Pine Cheſt Value 11 new; they have both followed the Water ſome Time, and it is likely are gone towards Carolina or Baltimore. The ſaid Wheaton took his Wife with him; ſhe is a ſmall Woman, of a dark yellow Complexion, her Cloaths uncertain. Whoever takes up and confines the above deſcribed Perſons in any of his Majeſty's Goals, ſo that the Subſcriber may have them again, ſhall receive the above reward, or TWENTY DOLLARS for either, from CURTIS TRENCHARD. 7/6. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A GOOD two ſtory brick houſe and kitchen, and lot of ground, ſituate fronting George-ſtreet, near South-ſtreet, in Southwark; the lot is 15 feet front, and 90 feet deep, with the privilege of a 3 feet alley, on George-ſtreet; the houſe is 15 feet front, with two rooms on a floor, good cellars, and other conveniencies. For terms, apply to NATHANIEL IRISH, in Water-ſtreet, Southwark. ¶

STRAYED away from the Commons of Philadelphia, about 2 weeks ago, a middle ſized RED COW, with a white belly and face, red round each of her eyes, and ſuppoſed to have a ſpeck in one of them; ſhe has remarkable crooked horns, a little white upon the tip of her ſhoulders, a ſhortiſh tail, was almoſt dry, and ſuppoſed to be forward with calf. She was ſeen in the lane by the paper-mill at the Falls, about 9 days ago, making towards Germantown. Whoever takes up the aforeſaid cow, and brings her to RICHARD YORKE, in Fifth-ſtreet, near Walnut-ſtreet, Philadelphia, ſhall have TWO DOLLARS reward. June 30, 1772. §

A WOMAN, of a good Character, wants a Place as a HOUSE-KEEPER. Enquire of the PRINTERS hereof. ¶

Moreland, June 13, 1772.

CAME to Joſeph Comly's, on the 12th inſtant, a black HORSE, mixed with ſome white hairs, about 13 hands high, ſtar in the forehead, branded on the off ſide A. S. ſuppoſed to be 5 years old. Alſo a light brown MARE, about 13½ hands high, a ſtar in the forehead, natural pacer, 5 years old. The owner, or owners, by proving property, and paying charges, may have them again, on application to

JOSEPH COMLY.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN out of the paſture of the ſubſcriber, living in Carnarvon townſhip, Lancaſter county, on Little Conеſtogoe Creek, on the night of the 24th of June, 1772, a dark BAY HORSE, about 15 hands high, 4 years old, a natural pacer, newly ſhod before, has a large ſtar in his forehead, and a ſhort tail; alſo a Dutch ſaddle, ſet with braſs nails in the pummel, and a bridle was ſtolen on ſaid night, out of the ſubſcriber's barn. Whoever apprehends ſaid horſe and thief, and ſecures them, ſo as the owner may have his horſe, and the thief brought to conviction, ſhall have the above reward, and all reaſonable charges, or FORTY SHILLINGS for the horſe only, paid by CHRISTIAN STOPHER. ¶

RUN away on the 23d of June, 1772, from on board the ſloop William, in Baltimore harbour, a NEGROE MAN SLAVE, named DICK, near 6 feet high, with an uncommon *large head* and *feet*, many *ſcars* on his face and body; is a very luſty fellow, of a yelloviſh complexion; had on a *red jacket, frock, trowſers*, and half worn *caſtor hat*. He was ſeen taking the road to Philadelphia, intending it is thought to get into ſome veſſel, as he followed the ſea. Whoever ſhall apprehend the ſaid Negroe in the province of Maryland, and deliver him to Mr. John Smith, of Baltimore-town, merchant, ſhall receive *Three Pounds* as a reward; or if taken in or near Philadelphia, and delivered to Captain William Alliſon, the ſame reward, and reaſonable charges, from either of the above Gentlemen, or WILLIAM DUNSCOMB.

N. B. He may change his dreſs, as he had a blue coat, a blanket, check ſhirt, &c. ‡

FOR CHARLES-TOWN (SOUTH-CAROLINA)

The BRIGANTINE

PRINCE of WALES,

WILLIAM MOORE,

Maſter;

Will ſail with all convenient Speed, having great Part of her Cargoe ready to go on board. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to MASON and HARTLEY, at their Store, near the Old Ferry, or ſaid Maſter on board, lying near Arch-ſtreet Wharff.

To be ſold at ſaid Store, a neat Aſſortment of Eaſt-India and European GOODS; alſo Sheathing Nails and Spikes, &c. †

Philadelphia, June 27, 1772.

ISAAC DELYON, late of the city of Philadelphia, Shopkeeper, having aſſigned over to the ſubſcribers all his eſtate, real and perſonal, in truſt for the benefit of his creditors, Notice is hereby given to thoſe who are indebted, that unleſs they diſcharge their reſpective balances, in three months from the above date, they will be proceeded againſt as the law directs; the Aſſignees being determined to bring the affairs to as ſpeedy a ſettlement as poſſible. Thoſe who have any demands againſt the eſtate, are requeſted to bring in their accounts. HENRY KEPPELE, junior, PHILIP FRANCIS, JOSEPH DEAN, THOMAS ASSHETON, EDWARD BATCHELOR. ¶

THREE POUNDS Reward.

STRAYED or STOLEN, on the 6th of June, from James Craven's plantation, in Horſham townſhip, Philadelphia county, a very red ſorrel MARE, 3 years old, and 14 hands high, her mane cut on the near ſide, paces and trots, ſhod all round, both hind feet white, and in very good order. Whoever takes up ſaid mare and thief, ſo as he may be brought to juſtice, ſhall have THREE POUNDS reward, and reaſonable charges; but if ſtrayed, and taken up by any perſon, who will give notice in this paper, or to William Anderſon, living at James Craven's, ſhall have Twenty Shillings, and reaſonable charges, paid by WILLIAM ANDERSON. ¶

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living on Ridge Road, about 3 weeks ago, 8 miles from Philadelphia, a RED COW, her horns turn in. The owner is deſired to come and prove his property, pay charges, and take her away.

June 29, 1772. ¶ JOHN BERRINGDOLER.

STRAYED from the plantation of the ſubſcriber, in Lower Merion, Philadelphia county, on the 12th day of laſt month (June) four milch COWS, one a large red cow, with a white face, had on a middle ſized bell, hung with a leather ſtrap; another of a deeper red colour, and ſomewhat ſmaller in ſize, gives milk, with only 3 teats; the third a dark brown colour, of the middle ſize; and the other ſpotted black and white, middle ſized, with likely horns; they are all young cows, and in good order. At the ſame time went away with them, a dry cow, black and white colour, with the tops of her horns ſawed off, about the ſame age with the others; and they all had, when they went away, a ſmall mark made about two inches wide on the rump with tar. They were bred at or near Pequea, Lancaſter county, and it is ſuppoſed made upwards, as they were ſeen 2 or 3 days after they ſtrayed, making that way, but in all probability have loſt themſelves, or are diſperſed and taken up by ſundry perſons. Whoever takes up the ſaid cows, or any of them, and gives intelligence to the owner, ſhall receive Five Shillings for each cow, and reaſonable expences attending their care and trouble, together with kind acknowledgments, paid by SILAS JONES. ¶

Lancaſter, June 18, 1772.

FOUR POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN laſt night out of the paſture of the ſubſcriber, near Lancaſter, a brown GELDING, about 6 years old, 15 hands high, a ſwitch tail, the mane hanging on the off ſide, has a little white on the upper part of his neck, occaſioned by the collar, trimmed behind his ears, branded on the near buttock with ſomething like the bottom of a ſtirrup-iron thus ⏀, ſhod before with old ſhoes, his hoofs much broken, paces and trots. Whoever takes up the ſaid horſe, and brings him to the owner, if taken in this county, ſhall have Forty Shillings, and if out of the county Three Pounds, and for apprehending the thief, ſo as he may be brought to juſtice, Twenty Shillings more, and reaſonable charges, paid by HENRY MUSSER.

N. B. It is ſuppoſed the thief that took the horſe has an old ſaddle, with a quilted ſeat, a pair of neat new double-channel boots, the tops lined with Morocco leather, a new wallet, and ſeveral other things, which he ſtole in the neighbourhood the night before. ¶

June 13, 1772.

TWENTY DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from Occoquan Furnace, in Virginia, a Negroe fellow, belonging to the eſtate of Preſly Thornton, Eſq; named LEAMAN (or CLEM) a ſhort well made fellow, yellow complexion, about 30 years of age, can turn his hand to many ſorts of trades, and particularly that of a Carpenter; had on, when he went away, a blue fearnought jacket, a hat with a white metal button to it, the reſt of his dreſs as is common for Negroes; he will probably paſs for a freeman, is now under the predicament of an outlaw, for not returning to ſervice. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid Negroe, ſo that I get him again, ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges, if taken out of the colony. THOMAS LAWSON. ¶6*W.*

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

WAS LOST on the great road, leading from Schuylkill to the White Horſe on Lancaſter road, near the Preſbyterian Meeting-houſe, in Charleſtown townſhip, Cheſter county, a new Pinchbeck WATCH, with a ſhagreen caſe, and a ſtar on the back of the caſe, made with golden pins, and a row of ditto round the lid, maker's name J. SKOUD, No. 9896, or WILSON, No. 10091, not certain which. Whoever has found the ſame, and will return it to the ſubſcriber, living in Charleſtown aforeſaid, ſhall have the above reward, provided it is not greatly damaged, from

May 17, 1772. ¶ BENJAMIN LONGSTRETH.

York Goal, June 22, 1772.

COMMITTED to my cuſtody, the 19th inſtant, the following perſons, viz. A Negroe man, who calls himſelf JOSEPH, who ſaid he had lived with William Allen, Eſq; from whom he went to a certain Benjamin Cooper, in Princetown, New-Jerſey, by whom he was diſcharged; had on, when taken up, a new wool hat, an old brown broadcloth coat, a blue great coat, much torn, check ſhirt, good buckſkin breeches, blue-grey knit hoſe, and coarſe half worn ſhoes, tied with ſtrings; he is about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, has a cut acroſs his left ear, is about 24 years old, and ſpeaks broken Engliſh.

GERRARD TOOL, about 5 feet 5 inches high; had on, when taken up, a half worn felt hat, a cloth coloured ſaggathy coat, much patched, white cloth breeches, grey hoſe, and old ſhoes; his beard is grey, a Taylor by trade, one leg thicker than the other, about 34 years of age, and very ſlender built.

WILLIAM EVANS, committed the 20th inſtant, about 5 feet 5 inches high, of a ſwarthy complexion, has the hair cut off the crown of his head, the fore part turns up; had on, when taken, a ſnuff coloured coat and jacket, very much worn, flaxen linen trowſers, and good buckſkin breeches under them, a half worn caſtor hat, blue hoſe, and half worn ſhoes. He had with him, when examined, one ſilver watch, ſilver faced, maker's name J. Johnſon, London, No. 786; one ditto, ſilver faced, marked on the outſide of the looſe caſe, with the letters BENJ. HENSLEE, and on the inner caſe, with written letters, hardly to be ſeen, *B. C. Spiller, 23d July*, 1765, maker's name Reght, London, No. ſcratched; two pair ſilver plated carved buckles, one plain pair ſquare ſilver, one pair round edged ſilver, very heavy carved, one ſilver round edged ditto; alſo a dark bay MARE, between 12 and 13 hands high, branded on the near buttock and ſhoulder Q, ſwitch tail, and blind in the near eye, paces, trots and gallops, very well made. Said *Evans* is about 26 or 27 years of age, has a mark in the left hand, in the ball of his thumb, reſembling ⏀, and ſays he is a Maſon to trade.

The owners are deſired to come and prove their properties, pay the charges, and take them from

§ MICHAEL GRAYBILL, Goaler.

Greenwich townſhip, Glouceſter county, June 24, 1772.

THESE are to give notice, to all whom it may concern, that a number of the owners and poſſeſſors of the Marſhes and Meadows, adjoining Repapau Creek, in ſaid townſhip, intend to petition the General Aſſembly, at their ſitting in Auguſt next, for a law to ſtop ſaid creek, and bank out the tide from overflowing ſaid marſhes. ‖6*W.*

Philadelphia, June 23, 1772.

To the PUBLIC.

THE Loſs the Scheme, for promoting The CULTURE of SILK, ſuſtained laſt Year, by buying unkilled for killed Cocoons, and giving the ſame Price thro' the Seaſon, rendered it neceſſary for the Managers to endeavour to come at ſome more equitable Manner of purchaſing, than they had hitherto been in the Practice of. Experience taught them that Cocoons, where Worms or Grubs are perfectly killed, are much lighter than before; and afterwards, if they are kept in a dry Place, as they ought to be, they will diminiſh in Weight from Week to Week, till they are reduced to near one Third of their original Weight. Nevertheleſs the only uſeful Part, to wit, the Thread of Silk, is equally long and heavy, in theſe different Degrees of Dryneſs. Theſe Reaſons induced them to offer the following Prices, namely, for all merchantable Cocoons, brought to the Filature before the 15th of July, 3s. per Pound; from the 15th to the 25th, 3s. 6d. from the 25th to the 5th of Auguſt, 4s. from the 5th to the 25th, 4s. 6d. and from thence to the End of the Seaſon, 5s. but if extraordinary good, and very dry, 5s. 6d. provided they are all of the firſt Crop.

N. B. The Managers will ſhortly publiſh the Premiums they intend to give.

Land-Office, June 22, 1772.

THE Surveyor General is gone to lay out the Town of *SUNBURY*, at *Shamokin*, for the County of *Northumberland*; where ſuch as are inclinable to ſettle in the ſaid Town, may apply to him, or *William Maclay*, Eſq; who are inſtructed to receive Applications for that Purpoſe.

Philadelphia, Sixth Month 22, 1772.

GOODS STOLEN.

THE WARE-HOUSE CELLAR, belonging to *JOSHUA FISHER* and *SONS*, on *Dock-ſtreet*, was broke open laſt Night, and ſeveral Packages of GOODS cut and opened, out of which were taken away,

Four Pieces of Halfthicks;
One Piece of Bath Frize;
One Piece of brown Three Quarter Nap;
One Piece of dark ſtriped Lincey;
Two Pair of Boots;
Twelve Pair of Pumps;

And Part of ſeveral Crates and Copper-plate Queen's Ware.

The Boots and Pumps are *Engliſh* made, and very ſmall; the Queen's Ware belongs to Table Setts, whereby it may eaſily be known. Whoever apprehends the Perpetrators of the above mentioned Robbery, ſo that they are brought to Juſtice, and the Goods reſtored, ſhall receive a Reward of TEN POUNDS, or FIVE POUNDS for either the Thieves or Goods, from

JOSHUA FISHER and *SONS*.

Philadelphia, June 24, 1772.

THE Owners and Poſſeſſors of Land on GREENWICH ISLAND, are deſired to meet at the Court-Houſe, in Philadelphia, the Firſt Monday in July next, to chooſe Managers and Treaſurer, agreeable to Law. And, at the ſame Time and Place, the Bridge and Road Company are deſired to meet, and chooſe Directors and a Treaſurer for the enſuing Year. ‡

WILLIAM SEMPLE

Has imported, in the laſt veſſels from Britain, and now in the Minerva, Captain Tillett, from London, an aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, viz.

BROADCLOTHS; Wiltons; German ſerges; ſaggathies; Bath coatings; a large aſſortment of mens, womens, &c. ſilk, cotton and thread hoſe; mens worſted hoſe; womens ſilk and worſted mitts; mens ſilk and worſted breeches patterns; cambricks and lawns; thread lace; ſilk romal and bandanoe handkerchiefs; Ruſſia drabs; Sileſia linens; printed handkerchiefs; durants; ſewing ſilks; playing cards; needles; pins; Iriſh linens and ſheetings; bed bunts; an aſſortment of checks and ſtriped hollands; velvets and velverets; thickſets; laſtings; camblets and camblettees; white jeans and fuſtians; worſted furniture ſtripes; tartans; an aſſortment of Scotch threads; Scotch ſnuff, and Straſburg rappee; a large aſſortment of kentings and ſilk gauzes; mens and womens plain and flowered purple, white and coloured gloves and mitts; worſted bindings; diaper and plain white tapes; garters; ivory and horn combs; nails; ſcarf twiſt; ſilk breeches garters; Scotch and Wilton carpets; writing paper; ribbands; a large aſſortment of hard ware, &c. &c. with an aſſortment of BOOKS, as uſual.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION,

on Monday, the tenth day of Auguſt next,

THE whole STOCK of DRUGS, SHOP FURNITURE, INSTRUMENTS, and PATENT MEDICINES, belonging to JOHN DAY, and COMP. in Second-ſtreet, Philadelphia.

The ſale will begin at eight o'clock in the forenoon, and continue from day to day, until the whole is ſold.

Thoſe who purchaſe to the amount of 100l. or upwards, may have 3 years credit, on giving good ſecurity, either in the province of Pennſylvania or Weſt-Jerſey; the firſt year will be allowed free of intereſt: And ſuch who may chuſe to pay immediate caſh, ſhall be entitled to 8 per cent. diſcount.

The quantities are large, and the aſſortment general, and will be divided into lots, to ſuit either Druggiſts or Practitioners.

The Drugs are engaged beſt in kind, and every preparation equal in quality to thoſe ſold at Apothecary's Hall. The doors will be opened 3 days before the ſale, that ſuch Gentlemen, who incline to purchaſe, may have an opportunity of deliberately inſpecting the ſeveral articles, and making aſſays of them.

As the Company are about to quit buſineſs, owing to the acting partner's being under a neceſſity of going to England, they therefore requeſt thoſe who are indebted to them, to diſcharge their balances as ſoon as poſſible; and all perſons having demands againſt the Company, are deſired to ſend in their accounts for payment.

Catalogues, with the quantities in each lot, will be ready to be delivered a week before the ſale, to whoever may pleaſe to ſend for them.

Philadelphia, June 13, 1772.

IN PURSUANCE of an order of Orphan's Court will be expoſed to ſale, by public vendue, on Friday, the third day of July next, on the premiſes,

A Meſſuage or tenement, and lot of GROUND, ſituate in Moyamenſing townſhip, bounded by Chriſtian-ſtreet, and by land of Paul Snider and Wife, John Lownes, and Sebaſtian Venian; ſubject to a groundrent of Two Pounds Five Shillings per ann. late the eſtate of Anthony Richards, deceaſed. The ſale to begin about Three o'clock in the afternoon. Attendance will be given at the time and place of ſale, by

¶ SEBASTIAN VENIAN, Adminiſtrator.

WHEREAS EVAN EVANS, late of the townſhip of Norrington, died poſſeſſed of effects not worth adminiſtering to, the creditors are deſired to meet on Friday, the 10th day of July next, at 10 o'clock, to divide and make the beſt of what there is. *June 15, 1772.* ¶

June 18, 1772.

THIS is to give notice to the creditors of James Maffett, that, purſuant to the Act of Aſſembly for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors, he has preſented a petition to the Court of Quarter Seſſions, for the county of Glouceſter, and which has been ſigned by two thirds of his creditors in value, and the Court has appointed the 25th day of July, for the creditors to ſhew cauſe, if any they have, why an aſſignment of the ſaid James Maffett's eſtate ſhould not be made, and his body diſcharged from confinement. JAMES MAFFETT. †

TO BE LETT,

A STORE, and ſmall ROOM adjoining, ſituate at the Corner of Market and Second-ſtreets. For Terms, enquire of ENOCH STORY, Broker.

Juſt imported in the Minerva, Captain Tillett, from London, by

GEORGE FULLERTON,

And now opening at his ſtore in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets,

A LARGE and general Aſſortment of European and Eaſt-India GOODS, ſuitable to the preſent Seaſon; he alſo imported in the laſt Veſſels from Livervool, a large Aſſortment of Manchеſter Goods, all which he will ſell extremely cheap for Caſh, or ſhort Credit. †

MINERAL SPRINGS.

THE ſubſcriber informs the public, that he has erected a convenient BATH, at Abington, about 11 miles from Philadelphia, and ſix from Germantown, on the old York road; the ſituation is one of the moſt healthy in the province. As many have experienced the happy effects of theſe waters, in removing obſtinate diſorders that have baffled all medicine, and they have been recommended often by ſome of our beſt Phyſicians, who give them the preference in many caſes to any within 30 miles of the city. The diſtance from town is ſo ſmall, that patients may go and return from thence the ſame day; which is a matter of great convenience. Beſide the advantage of drinking the beſt mineral water, and breathing the moſt pure air; patients may now be accommodated with an excellent cold Bath, either of mineral or common ſpring water, as their Phyſicians may direct, which may be emptied and filled in 20 minutes. The ſubſcriber has been at ſome pains and expence to accommodate the public with theſe excellent waters, and bath, as well as lodging and boarding, and therefore, any who will oblige him, by uſing them, will be well treated, and gratefully received, by *Their humble ſervant*,

¶ WILLIAM FRENCH.

BRISTOL WELLS.

THE PROPRIETORS of the BATH, having been diſappoin ed in finiſhing the PUMP and LONG-ROOMS until this Time, do acquaint the PUBLIC, that they are now compleat, and the BATHS in good Order, ready for the Reception of ſuch Perſons, as incline to make Uſe of the Waters this preſent Seaſon. *June 11, 1772.*

Philadelphia, June 13, 1772.

WHEREAS, by virtue of a certain writ of attachment, iſſued out of the Court of Common Pleas, for the county of Philadelphia, there were attached divers goods, chattels, debts and effects, belonging to a certain John Weaver, late of Oxford townſhip, Blackſmith; whereupon we the ſubſcribers were appointed auditors, to ſettle and adjuſt the demands and accounts of the ſeveral creditors and debtors of the ſaid Weaver. We do therefore hereby give notice, that we will expoſe to ſale, at public vendue, at the houſe of Joſeph Paul, in Frankford, on Seventh Day, the 18th day of July next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, the goods and effects of the ſaid Weaver, conſiſting of a variety of houſhold and kitchen furniture, and ſmith's tools and implements.

Thoſe indebted to the ſaid Weaver, are deſired to pay their reſpective debts immediately, and the creditors are requeſted to bring in their accounts, properly atteſted, to the ſubſcribers, that a legal diſtribution may be made.

LEONARD SHALLCROSS, JOHN PAUL, EVAN THOMAS. ¶

New-Jerſey, ſs. June 7, 1772.

NOTICE is hereby given to the reſpective creditors of William Brittain, Peter Hull, Jonathan Pitney, John Vanleſ, and Cornelius Cole, that they appear at the Court-houſe, in the county of Suſſex, before Nathaniel Petit, and Thomas Vanhorn, Eſquires, two of his Majeſty's judges of the Court of Common Pleas of the county aforeſaid, on Wedneſday, the 15th day of July next, to ſhew cauſe, if any they have, why aſſignments of the above ſeveral debtors eſtates, ſhould not be reſpectively made to ſome perſon to be appointed to receive the ſame, and the ſaid debtors diſcharged from their confinement, and be free from arreſts in civil actions for any debts heretofore contracted, agreeable to an act of Aſſembly of the province aforeſaid, lately made, intituled, AN ACT for the Relief of inſolvent Debtors. ‡

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND, containing about 800 acres, ſituate in Baltimore county, near to Hood's Mill, on Patapſco Falls, and within one mile of ſaid mill, and within four miles of two other Merchant mills, that always give Baltimore-town price for wheat, and within 10 miles of ſaid town; the ſoil is good for grain or graſs, and has an extenſive range.—For particulars, enquire of EDWARD COOK, at Mr. William Otley's, adjoining to ſaid land ‖ 8*W.*

SAMUEL WHEELER, CUTLER,

At his Shop, in Second-ſtreet, at the Sign of the Scythe, Sickle and Brand-Iron, a few Doors above the Church, and oppoſite Mr. William Whitebread's Tavern,

MAKES, and has for SALE, for the enſuing Harveſt, A QUANTITY of SCYTHES and SICKLES. He likewiſe makes Steelyards, Scale Beams, Steel Stamps for Carpenters and Smiths, Iron and Copper Brands, and Iron Work for Mills of any Kind.

He alſo makes Iron Work for the Weſt Indies, ſuch as Iron Axles, Bill Hooks, Hoes, Shovels, Spades, &c. &c. or any Kind of Iron Work that a Perſon's Buſineſs may require. ¶

MADE and SOLD by

JOSEPH HOOD,

In Water-ſtreet, juſt above South-ſtreet,

A QUANTITY of SCYTHES and SICKLES; STRAW and BRIAR SCYTHES; TANNERS and DRAWING KNIVES; SMITH's BELLOWS, and STILLIARDS. ¶

B. HUMPHREYS

SAW-MILL SAWS,

And a large QUANTITY of

SICKLES,

Made in the neateſt Manner, and ſold, at the loweſt Rates, by

BENJAMIN HUMPHREYS,

In Cheſtnut-ſtreet, between Fourth and Fifth-ſtreets, and next Door to John Roſs, Eſq; PHILADELPHIA. ¶5*W.*

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

July 9, 1772. NUMB. 2272.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

By Captain PARKER, *arrived at* New-London *from* Briſtol, *we have the following Intelligence, viz.*

COPENHAGEN, April 4.

LAST Tueſday Dr. Munter paſſed ſeven hours with Count Struenſee, who then wrote a letter to the Queen. After he had finiſhed it, he ſaid to that Eccleſiaſtic, "Now we will take in hand ſome affairs of the greateſt importance; I mean thoſe of my poor ſoul." His converſations with the officer of his guard always have the divine worſhip for their object.

Vienna, April 11. We have had remarkable fine weather here, for ſome time paſt, and the land promiſes plenty of every thing. The country gives us hopes of as abundant an harveſt of grain as has been for 20 years paſt.

Copenhagen, April 12. At length ſome particulars have tranſpired of what paſſed before the great Commiſſion on the 6th inſt. which day will be memorable in the hiſtory of this kingdom. The Queen Carolina is condemned to perpetual impriſonment, and conſequently her marriage with the King our Sovereign is nulled. Though the Court has not yet thought proper to publiſh this ſentence, it is nevertheleſs true. Counſellor Bang read the accuſations againſt the Queen, which ſeemed to be pretty numerous, as they filled four ſheets of paper. The Attorney General Uldahl ſpoke in favour of the accuſed party, and acquitted himſelf with ſo much eloquence in the cauſe of the young Queen, that he drew tears from the whole audience. The four following queſtions gave riſe to great debates among the Judges: 1ſt, How the divorce was to be performed? 2dly, What title the Queen ſhould have after the diſſolution of the marriage? 3dly, How to act with reſpect to the young Princeſs? 4thly, What penſion ſhould be allowed the Queen's impriſonment? The three ladies, who are to accompany the Queen in her impriſonment, which will probably be in the Caſtle of Aalbourg, are to engage by oath not to abſent themſelves from the priſon after eight o'clock in the evening in ſummer, and ſix in winter.

The whole court cannot but lament the fate of this unhappy Princeſs, who is not yet 21 years of age, and condemned to perpetual impriſonment. It is aſſured the King is going to viſit his German dominion, and that he will ſet out the 23d inſtant. We are impatient to know the fate of the other ſtate priſoners, to whom the preſent circumſtances ſeem to preſage nothing very favourable.

Mr. Keith having expreſſed a deſire to return home, was anſwered that he might go whenever he thought proper. At the ſame time a courier was diſpatched to Baron Dieden for his recal. It is ſaid this Miniſter is ordered to declare to the Britiſh Court, that the Queen will be permitted to return to her own country, upon condition, that ſhe will give ſecurity never to ſet foot again in Denmark.

Paris, April 17. The Porte has conſented to the following conditions: 1. That the holding of a congreſs ſhould be no longer delayed. 2. That this congreſs ſhould be held in Walachia. 3. That the Danube ſhould ſerve as a boundary to both armies during the congreſs. 4. That in caſe the negotiations for peace ſhould prove fruitleſs, the armiſtice ſhould nevertheleſs continue for the ſpace of three months, reckoning from the day of the breaking up of the congreſs.

LONDON, *April* 14.

The Scarcity is ſo great in Norway, that the Peaſants are driven to eat even the Bark of Trees, and in the Towns the Artiſans are driven to ſtill greater Straits.

Within theſe few days an information has been given, by which it appears that a certain noted monopolizing corn factor has hoarded ſuch immenſe quantities of that article, that a great part of it is ſo conſumed and ſpoiled by Vermin, that Hogs are now fed with what the poor have been long ſtarving for want of.

April 16. A noble Lord has declared, that a war with both France and Spain cannot be avoided many months longer.

A letter from Cadiz ſays, that 6000 troops, with a ſuitable quantity of military ſtores, &c. embarked in Cadiz Bay, on the 26th ult. for South-America.

Since laſt ſummer no fewer than ſeven veſſels have been ſeized by the Spaniards off Cuba, on pretence of illicit trade.

The progreſs of Spain's inſulting behaviour to Great-Britain is worthy of remark. They begun gently, and have ſince gradually aſcended, till they at laſt *bit us directly in the teeth*. The firſt ſtep was excluding Britiſh ſhips from Carthagena, on the flimſy pretence of an illicit trade. The ſecond attempt was at Cadiz, where they dared to fire on a Britiſh veſſel, and mal-treat its maſter, with his Majeſty's commiſſion in his pocket. They then ſeized ſeveral Engliſh ſailors, in different ports, on various frivolous pretences, and confined them in priſon, where they ſtill (to the eternal diſgrace of Britain) remain.

Extract of a letter from the Hague, April 17.

"According to the laſt advices from Copenhagen, the Attorney-General having drawn up the charge againſt the Queen Carolina Matilda, and delivered it to the Committee of Enquiry; and the Queen's defence being likewiſe produced, Commiſſioners were ſent with both of them to Cronenbourg to ſhew them to the Queen; her Majeſty received them very amicably.

"Some letters received from Berlin adviſe, that 6000 Auſtrian troops have paſſed the Frontiers of Poland, and entered into that kingdom, in order probably to bring the Confederates to their duty, the negotiation for a peace between the Ruſſians and Turks being very far advanced."

April 23. The fleet that were to rendezvous in the Downs, ſuppoſed deſigned for the Baltic, are countermanded. Ships of war will be kept in readineſs, in caſe any circumſtance ſhould ariſe to render ſuch a meaſure neceſſary.

The Parliament will riſe the 21ſt of May.

Jonathan Britain, who is now at Sherburne, to take his trial at the next Seſſions, declares in the moſt ſolemn manner, that he will ſeal the truth of his teſtimony relative to the fire at Portſmouth with his blood---that all he requires is a public hearing on the affair, and if he cannot prove every tittle of his information, he is content, and will chearfully ſubmit to any puniſhment he may be thought to deſerve---that if any Gentleman of Character will inſure him a hearing either at the bar of the Houſe of Commons, or in a public Court of Juſtice, he will deliver up all his papers into their hands.---But, a correſpondent ſays, it is too evident that the preſent trial for petty forgeries is deſigned to ſuppreſs an enquiry into the great National Concern, the Portſmouth Conflagration.

It is currently reported at the Weſt end of the town, that Lord North, after the riſing of Parliament, will be called up to the houſe of Peers, and reſign his preſent employment.

The Queen of Denmark, we hear, by a letter which comes from the Britiſh Miniſter at Copenhagen, has never once left her fortitude in the midſt of all the dangers that ſurrounded her; though a woman, and a very young one, ſhe ſtill maintained all the dignity of her rank, and determined to die at leaſt with heroiſm, if ſhe could not live with reputation.

Accounts from Corſica inform us of a moſt cruel war being carried on in that iſland between the French and miſerable natives; a war reſembling the hunting parties of ſavages on one ſide, and the brutal reſiſtance of enraged beaſts of prey on the other; who, as ſoon as thoſe bloody conflicts are over, retreat again to their dens, caverns, and inacceſſible fortreſſes.

We can aſſure the public, that an experiment is ſhortly to be made of a machine, invented by Dr. Dominiceti, of Chelſea, by which he engages to prove that proviſions may be dreſſed for one thouſand perſons, in 3 hours time, with leſs fire than is commonly uſed in a parlour grate, and in all the various methods of cookery. It is ſaid to be conſtructed on the moſt ſimple principle, and to be one of the moſt ingenious and uſeful inventions ever ſeen in this kingdom.

April 25. A letter from Copenhagen by yeſterday's mail ſays, That the trial of the Queen is over; ſhe is confined in the Caſtle at Aalbourg, to bear the title of Majeſty, and her children are declared legitimate. Her Majeſty is allowed to take the diverſions of the country under a guard, but not to cohabit with the King. Count Struenſee and Count Brandt are found guilty; the former will be executed, and the latter baniſhed.

We are well aſſured, that notwithſtanding the ſeeming ſlowneſs of a Great Perſonage to undertake the cauſe of an illuſtrious young lady of his own family, his firſt addreſs to his Miniſter, after receiving the news of her confinement, was, "Save her honour, ſave her life, and do what you pleaſe with your maſter."

Lord North, in a converſation which he lately had with a Great Perſonage, made uſe of the following expreſſion, which deſerves everlaſting remembrance: "Peace, Sir, is the greateſt bleſſing your people can enjoy, beſides liberty and honour; and it ſhall be my perpetual ſtudy to ſecure it, while it can be obtained conſiſtently with their freedom and their reputation."

April 27. The Duke of Cumberland wrote a ſpirited letter to an auguſt perſonage, requeſting he might be ſent with the ſquadron lately fitting out for ſea; and, as far as lay in his power, acquit himſelf of the ſervice he owed to his Sovereign and to his country.

It is certain that his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland applied to his M-----y for the command of the ſquadron fitting out for the Baltic, but his requeſt was rejected at the inſtigations of Lord Sandwich, in conjunction with the Mansfield junto.

A coolneſs, it is ſaid, has for ſeveral days paſt been viſible between a Great Perſonage and an illuſtrious viſitor, who takes up his occaſional reſidence amongſt us; the cauſe is, however, at preſent, an impenetrable ſecret.

An order has been lately iſſued out by the French commandant, at Dunkirk, which obliges all the Engliſh ſubjects, many of whom are of good character, and in capital buſineſs, to leave that place immediately.

By letters received on Saturday laſt from Northamptonſhire, and other counties in the very center of the kingdom, we are informed, that the poorer ſort of people are ſtarving in the midſt of plenty. Wheat bread they never taſte of, wheat being nine ſhillings per buſhel, but eat barley bread. Mutton and beef are ſix-pence per pound, and butter nine-pence. God knows how theſe melancholy affairs will end, under the reign of the beſt of Kings.

On Friday night a meſſenger arrived from his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, whoſe advice was directly laid before his Majeſty, and on Saturday morning the ſame meſſenger was ſent back with an anſwer.

On Wedneſday afternoon one of the ſlaters at work at the top of Kew-houſe, unfortunately fell, and was killed on the ſpot; his Majeſty being a ſpectator of this accident, has ordered his wife, with ſeveral children, to be taken care of at his expence, and to be properly provided for.

Saturday laſt a woman who kept a cook's ſhop in Broad St. Giles's, having ſome words with a man, ſhe ſtabbed him to the heart with a carving-knife, which killed him inſtantly; ſhe was immediately ſecured.

To be SOLD, by Public or Private SALE,
by the SUBSCRIBER, the following LOTS;

A Certain lot or piece of GROUND, ſituate in the diſtrict of Southwark, on the north ſide of Plumb-ſtreet, containing in front on the ſaid ſtreet 23 feet, and in length or depth 90 feet, with a large three ſtory brick tenement thereon, 23 feet front, and 30 feet deep, having two rooms on a floor, and the kitchen in the cellar. One other large frame tenement, three ſtories high, 20 feet long, and 12 feet wide, with a large oven, having a three feet alley, which ſerves both buildings; the ground is bounded ſouthward by the ſaid Plumb-ſtreet, eaſtward by ground now or late of Alexander Allair, northward by ground of John Jekyl, and weſtward by a houſe and 15 feet of ground, by 90 feet in depth; the above clear of groundrent, and the brick houſe inſured from fire; the buildings would be very ſuitable for a baker.

One other certain piece of GROUND, ſituate in Southwark, containing in breadth, north and ſouth, 16 feet ſix inches, and in length 200 feet; bounded on the eaſt by Front-ſtreet continued, on the ſouth by ground of Alexander Hoſton, on the weſt by ground now or late of Samuel Griſcom, and on the north by ground late of Benjamin Dawſon, deceaſed; ſubject to a yearly rent of £2 13 Pennſylvania currency; having a two ſtory brick kitchen thereon, and a cellar underneath, with room for the manſion-houſe, and a piazza in the front of the lot.

The whole to be ſold, by public ſale, at the London Coffee-Houſe, on SATURDAY, the 25th day of July, between the hours of Twelve and One. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the whole, or any part of the above deſcribed lots, before the day of ſale, may apply to the ſubſcriber, living in Second-ſtreet, oppoſite to Mr. John Inglis's. ¶756.

July 2. ALEXANDER RUTHERFORD.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to all concerned in certain Meadows and Marſhes, ſituate in the townſhip of Lower Alloway's Creek, in the county of Salem, in New-Jerſey, known by the name of the Back Marſh, that application will be made to the next ſeſſion of General Aſſembly of this province, by the owners and poſſeſſors of the meadows and marſhes aforeſaid, for an act to enable them to erect, uphold, and maintain a tide bank, dams, ſluices, and other water-works, ſo as effectually to prevent the tide from overflowing the ſame; beginning at a point of faſt land, called Tyler's Point, late the property of William Waddington, deceaſed, and running to Tyler's Creek 40 rods, from thence 160 rods to Long Point, late the property of Nathaniel Street, deceaſed.---Such perſons as have objections againſt the ſame, may attend and make them.

Alloway's Creek, June 29, 1772. ¶

To be SOLD, by PRIVATE SALE,
By the SUBSCRIBER,

A Commodious well-built three ſtory BRICK HOUSE, two rooms on each floor, with a piazza, and large kitchen, with rooms over it, and cellars under the whole; the lot is 17 feet ſix inches front, and 102 feet in depth, with a brick tenement at the back end of the lot, and a cellar under it; the whole rents for *Fifty Pounds* per ann. now in the tenure of Mr. *Moore Furman*; the houſe is inſured for ſix years to come, and is ſituated on the north ſide of Arch-ſtreet, near half way between Front and Second-ſtreets. Alſo a lot of GROUND, ſituate on Poplar-Lane, about one mile from the city, in the Northern Liberties, with a conſtant ſtream of water, never known to fail in the drieſt ſeaſons, containing three acres and 30 perches, now in good order for hay or paſturing, and produces as much hay as any one lot of the ſame quantity of acres on the lane. There is a good frame hay-houſe, which will contain ten tons of hay, and a horſe chair. The titles indiſputable. Any perſon or perſons inclining to purchaſe either of the above premiſes, may know the terms of ſale, by applying to

¶ EPHRAIM BONHAM, in Arch-ſtreet.

N. B. A conſiderable part of the purchaſe money may lie for a time, giving good ſecurity, and paying intereſt, if required.

MARY EDDY

Hath removed her IRONMONGERY STORE two doors higher up, to the houſe in which Charles Pemberton lately dwelt, and which Samuel Pleaſants formerly lived in, on the weſt ſide of Second-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets, the 8th door from Friends Meeting-houſe, Philadelphia, where ſhe hath for ſale, on the moſt moderate terms, for CASH, or ſhort CREDIT, A large and general aſſortment of IRONMONGERY, CUTLERY, SADLERY, &c. received from Birmingham, Sheffield, &c. &c. in the laſt veſſels from London, Briſtol, Liverpool, &c. conſiſting of the following articles, viz.

A FEW neat patterns of braſs ſconces, or branches; a variety of very neat and ſtrong ſecret ſpring and double bolted padlocks, from 4s. 6d. to 30s. fit for ſtores, beſides an aſſortment of common ditto; 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, 20, 24 and 30d. fine drawn and common nails; 2, 3, 4 and 6d. trunk nails; 2, 3, 4, 6 and 8d. clout nails; 2, 3, 4, 6, 10, 12 and 20d. ſprigs; 6, 8, 10, 12, 16 and 18 oz. tacks; hob-nails; ſplinter, pad, cheſt, cupboard, book and clock caſe, drawer, writing deſk, braſs and iron deſk and proſpect locks; ring horſe ditto; braſs caſe, braſs knob, ring and mortice locks of various ſizes; 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 14 inch ſtock locks; 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 14 and 16 inch HL hinges; 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 inch H ditto; cheſt, ſtrap, dovetail, table and T ditto of different ſizes---Deſk, book and clock caſe H, tea cheſt, proſpect door and card table braſs ditto; 1-qr. 1-half, 3-qrs. 1, 1 and qr. 1 and half, 1 and 3-qrs. 2, 2 and half and 3 inch flat and round head braſs and iron ſcrews; braſs knob, and ring and thumb latches; 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 12 inch round plate bolts; 3, 4, 5 and 6 inch flat plate bolts; 3, 4 and 5 inch braſs knob ditto; book caſe and chamber door braſs ditto; braſs knob and window ſcrews; ſcrew rings, cupboard turns, cloak pins, chimney hooks, and houſe bells; common and high poliſhed braſs head and iron ſhovels and tongs, and braſs fenders; plain, braſs knob and high poliſhed iron candleſticks and ſnuffers; curtain rings, eagles feet for tea cheſts; common and chamber bellows, round and long braſs tea table catches, and common box and braſs caſtors; mill, pit, croſs-cut, hand, tenant, ſaſh, dovetail, compaſs, woodcutters and grafting ſaws; ſocket, paring, turning, mortice, firmers and other chiſels and gouges; half inch, 3-qrs. 1, 1 and qr. 1 and half, 1 and 3-qrs. 2, and 2 and qr. inch augers; black ſcore, beſt double worm box handled, ſingle worm, aſh handled, and ſpike gimblets; tap and bung borers, center, gouge and auger noſe, taper and other bits; coopers drawing knives; carpenters and coopers adzes and axes; carpenters nippers, ſawſets, red and black lead pencils; ſmoothing, jack, long jointer, rabbit, plow and moulding plane irons; ſugar and nail nippers; plated ſpurs and buckles; womens, barbers and horſe ſciſſars, and taylor's ſhears; a variety of razors; an aſſortment of ſtag, and white and green ivory handle, and other knives and forks, butchers knives and ſteels, Barlow, oyſter, cutteau, piſtol capt and other knives; cheeſe taſters; plaiſterers and bricklayers trowels; ſheep ſhears; curry and mane combs; 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14 inch flat and half round files and raſps; 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 inch rat tail files; 12, 13 and 14 inch horſe ſhoe raſps; ſhoemaker's raſps; carpenters, ſhoemakers, ſaddlers and upholders hammers; carpenters ſquares, chalk lines, and one and two foot rules; ſaſh weights, pullies and lines; beſt Turkey oil ſtones, iron and braſs wire; beſt Dutch oil flints, cart and waggon boxes, pewter table and tea ſpoons; braſs and white metal cocks; iron coffee-mills, gun and piſtol locks, fiſh ſkins, chapes, common and Kirby fiſh-hooks, jack lines and glue; a neat aſſortment of braſs drawer handles and eſcutcheons, cupboard and book-caſe ditto, ſilvered, gilt and tinned coffin handles, inſcription plates, letters, and figures; temple ſpectacles, with ſteel and other caſes, and common Dutch ditto; cork ſcrews and ſad irons; T. Crowley's AC, No. 3, ſteel; aſſortment of vizes, anvils, ſledges and hammers, plate or ſheet iron, and ſheet braſs, long and ſhort handled frying pans, and labourers ſpades and ſhovels; Indian bar lead; ſhoemaker's awl blades, tacks, ſize ſticks, knives, nippers, pincers, braſs and iron ferrelled awl-hafts and punches; girth web, ſtriped and green cirſingle ditto, broad and narrow orris and livery lace of various colours, croſs-bar and pluſh, ſilk whip laſhes, womens ſtirrops, mens plain and three-barred ditto, ſnaffle and Pelham bits, girth and crupper buckles, tooth prick irons, ſilvered head and throat buckles, ſilvered ſtaples and plates, tinned ſtaples and rings; a neat aſſortment of clock and watch-makers tools, watch faces, keys, ſeals and hands, inſide and outſide chains, a variety of watch glaſſes, pendants, &c. clock hands, gold lacker, clock movements, finiſhed and unfiniſhed, with and without faces, and cat-gut for clocks, &c. glaſs quart, pint and half-pint decanters, pint, half-pint, gill and half-gill tumblers, common and enamelled wine glaſſes, ſalts, jelly glaſſes and crewets, by the crate or dozen, Taylor's window glaſs; and a neat aſſortment of earthen ware. Beſides the above goods, ſhe has a variety of other articles, too tedious to mention.

CAME to the plantation of GEORGE EMERICK, near the Yellow Springs, in Pike's townſhip, Cheſter county, about 3 weeks ago, a ſmall dark brown MARE, about 12 years old, blind of one eye, and branded on the near buttock E. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away. ¶

[For more new ADVERTISEMENTS, ſee the fourth Page.]

Letter from an Engliſh *Gentleman at the* Daniſh *Court; an attentive Obſerver of what has been paſſing there ever ſince the Marriage of the preſent King.*

SIR,

BEFORE this can reach London, you will, undoubtedly, have heard of the ſudden change that has happened in the Court of Denmark. This comes by favour of Capt. T-----, as it is unſafe to write of what paſſes here by the ordinary poſt.

You muſt know, Sir, that, ever ſince the marriage of the reigning King, but more particularly ſince the birth of the young Prince, the Dowager-Queen, ſecond Conſort to the late King, deſpairing of ſeeing the Crown deſcend to her ſon Frederic (now in his 19th Year) by lineal ſucceſſion, has been plotting the ruin of the reigning family, by every artifice her active genius could ſuggeſt. She is, in truth, a woman of conſummate policy, and has the art of covering the worſt deſigns, under the maſk of the moſt acceptable ſervices.

She began very early to practice upon the young Queen, and by counterfeiting, at the firſt interview, a real maternal fondneſs for her amiable perſon, ſhe took advantage of her Majeſty's youth and inexperience, and enſnared her by deceit. Her diſſimulation has all along been carried on with an air of openneſs and kindneſs that gained her entire confidence; and, by her aſcendency over the Queen's conduct, ſhe has directed meaſures in ſuch an unpopular manner, as to make her the chief inſtrument of her own undoing.

It was, indeed, viſible enough, to ſome who were neareſt her perſon, that, from the moment the Queen was welcomed into Denmark by the acclamations of a joyful people, the Dowager conceived a jealouſy of her popularity. It was, however, to no purpoſe to counſel her to be upon her guard; ſhe never could be perſuaded to ſuſpect the ſincerity of a mother, who, by her aſſiduities, gave daily proof of her affectionate regard.

The Dowager found the Queen paſſionately fond of the faſhionable diverſions of the Engliſh nation, and it was her only foible to pay too ſlight an attention to the genius and manners of the Daniſh people. The Dowager encouraged her in her attachment to the one, and in the diſregard ſhe was but too apt to ſhew to the other. At the ſame time her policy was ſuch, that, while ſhe flattered her Majeſty's vanity by applauding her elegance and taſte, ſhe was in ſecret fomenting a party againſt her, and inſinuating, that the Queen had nothing at heart but imitating foreign ſplendor, and amuſing herſelf with foreign entertainments,----entertainments calculated, indeed, to captivate the minds of giddy youth, but of the moſt pernicious tendency to corrupt their morals; that ſhe deſpiſed the ſimplicity and plainneſs of the Daniſh Court, and would in time cauſe Engliſh levity, and Engliſh libertiniſm, to triumph over the oppoſite virtues for which the Court of Denmark had ever been reſpected.

By theſe inſinuations ſhe firſt poiſoned the minds of her ſelect friends, who only whiſpered their diſcontent to their confidants; but, as ſoon as the Prince was born, and the King had made his tour to England, reports of a like or worſe tendency were circulated with unbridled freedom, all over the kingdom. Every motion and every action of the King and Queen was then narrowly watched; and thoſe meaſures, which the Dowager countenanced and encouraged by her ſubtlety at Court, ſhe had the audacity to diſapprove and condemn to thoſe whom ſhe knew ſeldom or never frequented it.

Men do not, in this country, ſo frequently attend the accouchment of ladies as in England. The phyſician, who preſided at the birth of the Prince, by his care and aſſiduities during that critical period, very naturally attracted the notice of the Queen. He became a favourite of the King; and, being a gentleman by birth and by profeſſion, inſenſibly grew into familiarity about the palace. Sovereigns have not always the diſcretion to preſerve the dignity of ſupreme power, by keeping thoſe with whom they are daily converſant at a proper diſtance. This Gentleman was, however, the more acceptable, as he was uſeful in two reſpects, and ſerved both as a phyſician and linguiſt to the Queen, who, not being miſtreſs of the language of the people over whom ſhe was deſtined to reign, was more than ordinary ſolicitous to acquire that qualification, with a view to render her converſation more general, as well as more pleaſing to thoſe who caſually came about the Court.

The Dowager did not fail, when the proper opportunity offered, to interpret this innocent familiarity into the moſt ſcandalous and infamous correſpondence, and to whiſper, among her party, that the intercourſe between St-----e and the Queen might be traced in the features of the young Princeſs. Happy it was for the Queen, and it may be for the whole nation, that the prying eye of malice could never diſcover the leaſt blemiſh in her Majeſty's deportment before the birth of the young Prince; for, though the attrociouſneſs of the crime cauſed the calumny to be received with abhorence, when firſt it was inſinuated, yet the balls and maſquerades that had been promoted and countenanced, and the conſequences that had been predicted to follow, happening juſt as the Dowager formerly foretold, the graveſt matrons about the Court, who are ever moſt readily diſpoſed to credit the worſt, did not heſitate to pronounce, that there was but too much room for ſuſpicion, ſince balls and maſquerades, and other licentious entertainments, were the Queen's favourite amuſements, and ſince infidelity to huſbands, among perſons of condition in England, was ſo frequent, it was hardly held a crime. Thus, what at firſt was utterly diſbelieved, and could hardly be endured without viſible reſentment, even by her worſt enemies, took air at laſt among the multitude, and was currently reported in every village.

All this while the Dowager had the addreſs to carry on her plot without being ſuſpected even by thoſe with whom ſhe was moſt intimate. Her diſcourſe, at the time ſhe was ſuggeſting the worſt practices, was always tempered with ſeeming concern for the young Sovereigns; and, while ſhe was diſpenſing the poiſonous pill, ſhe was crafty enough to gild it over with a golden leaf. This duplicity in her behaviour gave her an opportunity of frequenting the Court without ſuſpicion; and, while every body thought ſhe was employed in ſtifling the evil reports which herſelf had raiſed, (*though ſhe always gave out ſuch things were told to her*) ſhe was in fact the chief inſtrument in ſpreading them.

The depth of her policy will hardly meet with credit from thoſe who are not converſant in court intrigues; yet it may be, in ſome meaſure, penetrated by a ſhort retroſpect to her paſt conduct. No one was more forward than the Dowager in applauding the curioſity of the King to viſit England, the nation of whoſe manners he had heard ſo much, and with whoſe Sovereign he was ſo intimately connected, both as a brother and an ally. She even preſſed him to undertake the journey, and named the noblemen whom ſhe judged the moſt proper to attend him: Theſe were perſons of inflexible fidelity to his perſon, and who, ſhe knew, would be moſt acceptable to his Majeſty to accompany him. Her views may be eaſily diſcerned in adviſing the one, and nominating and recommending the other. By the latter, ſhe removed from the kingdom the great enemies to her projects; and, by the former, ſhe acquired the greater freedom to ſet her incendiary engines to work, and to ſupply them with fuel to keep them in full play.

The Phyſician St----ſee, who had quitted his ordinary practice, was by the King's favour advanced to the peerage, and was now wholly employed at Court. In the abſence of the King the Government of the kingdom was, in a great meaſure, committed to his care, and he had many private conferences with the Queen on the affairs of ſtate. In one of theſe, it is ſaid, he hinted to her Majeſty his ſuſpicions of the Dowager; but ſhe never would believe her capable of harm, and rejected his advice with manifeſt diſlike.

Among other arts the Dowager made uſe of, while his Majeſty remained abroad, it was a maſterpiece to infuſe into the Queen's mind a jealouſy of the King. To do this, his Majeſty's long abſence furniſhed her with a favourable opportunity. She even named the perſons with whom his Majeſty had formed connections; and was ſo particular in mentioning times and circumſtances, that the Queen could not entertain the leaſt doubt of the truth of the intelligence: And altho' ſhe behaved, on this occaſion, with a dignity and firmneſs ſuperior to her ſex, never giving the moſt diſtant hint in any of her letters to the King while abroad; yet his Majeſty could not help diſcerning on his return home, a kind of reſerve in the Queen that was not natural to her, though, at that time, he attributed it to quite another cauſe.

This ſtroke of female policy laid the foundation of every evil that has ſince overwhelmed the unhappy Queen. It paved the way, in every reſpect, to facilitate the purpoſe which the Dowager intended by it. It made the King more eaſily ſuſceptible of the bad ſuggeſtions that were afterwards to be infuſed. It gave him a ſuſpicion of the officers who attended him, as if they had miſrepreſented his conduct while abroad, and had reported ſomething to his diſadvantage, which had reached the ears of the Queen. And it has given the people reaſon to conclude, that the Queen had formed, in his abſence, that odious connection which has ſince been laid to her charge."

Dublin, April 4. The army lately ſent to the North, under the command of Gen. Giſbourne, to quell the inſurgents, are quartered in 46 towns and villages, by which means the rioters dare not appear armed.

LONDON.

April 21. We hear that Lord Cathcart will ſoon be recalled from the Court of Peterſburgh.

An additional number of the military, we are told, is to be ſtationed for the future in the North of Ireland, to prevent diſturbance.

We are aſſured that it is owing to the truly political conduct of his Pruſſian Majeſty, that the Emperor of Germany has not taken part with the Turks this ſpring.

Orders were laſt week ſent to Ireland, for the ſtricteſt guard to be kept, to hinder the raiſing of recruits by the French and Spaniſh emiſſaries, which are now ſaid to be ſwarming in that kingdom.

An edict was publiſhed at Copenhagen the 9th inſtant by his Daniſh Majeſty, ſtrictly commanding, upon ſevere penalties therein mentioned, the immediate return of ſuch of his ſubjects as are mariners, and in the ſervice of foreign powers.

April 23. The Empreſs of Ruſſia has demanded of the Nobles in her dominions, a free gift of ten per cent. from the produce of their eſtates, for the purpoſe of defraying the expences of the war with the Turks.

One day laſt week, in an interview that paſſed between the Engliſh Miniſter and the Spaniſh Ambaſſador, the former demanded of the latter, categorically, whether there was any real foundation for the various reports circulated of the warlike preparations making in the different parts of their dominions; and to this his Lordſhip required an *honeſt* and explicit anſwer. To which the Ambaſſador immediately replied, "that it was true his Royal maſter was making preparations throughout his dominions, but that they were not WARLIKE; that he only intended to eſtabliſh his naval and marine forces on a reſpectable footing, and to keep them ſo for the future."---This he affirmed *upon his honour.*

The men of war deſtined for Newfoundland, are to have an additional quantity of men, who are to be employed in manning ſloops, and other ſmall veſſels, for the better protection of that trade.

April 28. This day the Houſe of Commons met purſuant to their laſt adjournment; and on Thurſday the Right Hon. the Houſe of Peers will meet purſuant to their laſt adjournment.

No leſs than three expreſſes arrived yeſterday at St. James's, from Sir Robert Murray Keith at Copenhagen.

It is ſaid the miniſtry have received a printed account of the trial of the Queen, and an explicit detail of all the late diſturbances in Denmark, with their cauſes, the reaſons for confining the Queen, &c. which, it is hoped, for the ſatisfaction of many thouſands, they will immediately publiſh.

Colonel Pens is appointed grand maſter of the houſhold to the young Queen of Denmark; and his regiment of cavalry is ordered to be ſtationed in the neighbourhood of the caſtle of Aalbourg, the place deſtined for the reſidence of that Princeſs.

We are informed that it is ſtipulated, that the ſum determined to be annually allowed the Queen Conſort of Denmark (which is 40,000 dollars) ſhall be expended within the dominions of his Daniſh Majeſty; and in caſe ſhe ſhould return to England, that ſhe ſhall be preſented with 10,000 dollars, and the annual appointment ceaſe.

Extract of a letter from Warſaw, April 8.

"Yeſterday the Ruſſian Ambaſſador received an expreſs from Jaſſy, and we hear the congreſs will ſoon be opened there, as ſeveral great houſes are already taken for the Miniſters. The Turks would rather have had it at Buchareſt; and they ſeem now to be in earneſt about this great work."

There is no occaſion for a war with Denmark. The Danes are ſo ſenſible of our ſuperior ſtrength, that they will grant us every thing from the apprehenſions of a war, which we could poſſibly obtain by actual hoſtilities.

His Majeſty now heartily repents of having lived ſo long at variance with his ſubjects. He would willingly go to war with the Danes, to vindicate the honour of his ſiſter. But he knows the nation would not back him. This muſt ever be the condition of a limited Monarch, who ſets his people at defiance.

We hear that the divorce which has taken place between the King and Queen of Denmark is very ſatisfactory to the latter, and to her family; and that no farther puniſhment will be inflicted on her; and that there will be no rupture between this kingdom and that of Denmark, provided no further ill treatment be offered to the Queen Matilda.

From Madrid we hear, that their American dominions are ſo plentifully ſtored with all manner of European goods, that in caſe of war (which is univerſally looked for there very ſoon, though they know not with what power) nothing will be wanted for a very long ſpace of time.

They write from the Hague, that his Pruſſian Majeſty has at this time an army conſiſting of 50,000 infantry, and 7,000 cavalry, fit for immediate action.

Many a man has made his fortune by marriages. If the King of Denmark goes on as he has begun, he will probably do the ſame. He got, if we remember right, 100,000*l. with his wife. He now offers her in return* 10,000 *dollars, that is about* 2000*l. ſo that he will clear by the match* 98,000*l. a pretty round ſum! Few men, we believe, however averſe to matrimony, would refuſe to take a wife for two or three years upon the ſame conditions.*

The advices from Copenhagen ſay, that ſix ſpacious apartments in the caſtle of Aalbourg are to be allotted for the Queen of Denmark, and that there is to be a kind of Court kept up there, under certain limitations.

An anecdote---Several of the Clergy complaining to the Biſhop of ------, at his viſitation, of the progreſs and ſucceſs of certain Methodiſt Preachers; his Lordſhip replied, *The moſt effectual way, gentlemen, of ſilencing them, will be, to out live, out preach them.*

The appeal between a Nobleman and Mr. Penn, which took up ſeveral days before a Committee of the Privy Council, at Whitehall, relative to the property of a place called Mill-Iſland, on the River Delaware, near Philadelphia, is determined in favour of the latter.

BOSTON, *June* 25.

We hear that the 14*th Regiment, now at Caſtle William, with two other regiments, under the command of Lieutenant Colonel Dalrymple, are ſpeedily to embark on a ſecret expedition.*

We hear that our honourable Houſe of Commons have received a letter from Governor Tryon, in which he offers to divide the diſputed lands between the two provinces, and thus to ſettle the line of diviſion between us.----Query, Is it in the power of any mortal, King, Lords, Commons, or any other perſon, or perſons, to ſubject me, an inhabitant of this province, to any other juriſdiction but this where I have a right to remain by compact?

It is ſaid that the Nettleham Baronet has had a repeated ſhake of the palſy, and has no hopes of recovery.

June 26. The 11th inſtant arrived at Cape-Ann from Virginia, Capt. Abraham Cowper, in the Sloop Young Martha, who ſailed from thence the 13th of April, and the 21ſt of ſaid Month loſt his Rudder; in that Condition he was at Sea from the 21ſt of April till the 11th inſt. and obliged to ſteer with a Cable, Spars, &c.---He ſpoke with Captain Sutton from Philadelphia, in the Ship Catherine, who afforded him all the Aſſiſtance which lay in his power.

NEW-YORK, *July* 6.

The Brig Rainbow, in 14 Days from St. Kitts, the 29th of June, in Lat. 39:9, Long. 69, ſpake with a Ship from Whitehaven for Virginia, 11 Weeks out, all well.

Capt. Prince, in the Brig Liberty, in his Way from Cayenne, in 5 Weeks and 2 Days, touched at Barbados, where he was informed, that the Ship Briſtol Packet, loaded with 350 Hogſheads of Rum, beſides Sugar, bound for Briſtol, was, on the 2d of June, burnt to the Water's Edge, in Carliſle Bay, by Means of a Lad drawing ſome Rum out of a Hogſhead with a lighted Candle in his Hand.

Saturday Afternoon the Earl of Halifax Packet, Capt. Bolderſon, ſailed with the Mail for Falmouth.

PHILADELPHIA, *July* 9.

On Friday, the Third Inſtant, departed this Life, after a ſhort Illneſs, Miss NELLY MONTGOMERY, in the Nineteenth Year of her Age; a young Lady of an agreeable Perſon, remarkable Sweetneſs of Temper, and a handſome Fortune. To theſe was added, a moſt engaging Deportment; which, nevertheleſs, were not ſufficient to avert the fatal Stroke of Death, that relentleſs Ravager of the human Race. Her unexpected Fate, at ſo early a Period, and eſpecially the Suddenneſs of it, while it is truly a heavy Affliction to her Relatives and Friends, is a ſtriking Inſtance of the Brevity and Uncertainty of human Life, and the Tranſitorineſs of all its Enjoyments; and ſhews the Neceſſity and Importance of an early Piety, which alone can inſure permanent Happineſs, or a Life that will laſt for ever; ſince the Young, as well as Old, are often cut off at a very ſhort Warning by that daily inſatiable Devourer of our Species, whoſe cold Hand ſoon deſpoils the moſt beauteous Form, and renders it fit only to be depoſited in the ſilent Duſt; a Conſideration which might be of infinite Conſequence, if duly improved.----In order to which, I would recommend Dr. Young's Night Thoughts, in which he juſtly ſays;

Death loves a ſhining Mark, a ſignal Blow;
A Blow, which, while it executes, alarms,
And ſtartles Thouſands with a ſingle Fall.
He call'd Narciſſa long before her Hour;
He call'd her tender Soul, by Break of Bliſs,
From the firſt Bloſſom, from the Buds *of* Joy;
Thoſe few our noxious Fate unblaſted leaves,
In this inclement Clime of human Life.
This Harveſt reap thou from Narciſſa's Grave,
Let Wiſdom bloſſom from the mortal Wound;
And firſt of dying Friends; What Fruit from theſe?
It brings us more than triple Aid; an Aid
To chaſe our Thoughtleſſneſs, Fear, Pride and Guilt.
Beware what Earth calls Happineſs, beware
All Joys, but Joys that never can expire;
Who builds on leſs than an immortal Baſe,
Fond as he ſeems, condemns his Joys to Death.

Her Remains were interred on Sunday Morning in the Preſbyterian Church Burying-ground, in Arch-ſtreet, attended by a great Number of the moſt reſpectable Inhabitants of this City.

Captain Dickinſon, from Jamaica, on the 21ſt ult. about 20 Leagues to the Weſtward of Cape Florida, ſpoke the Ship Molly, Captain Hammond, from the Bay of Honduras for London, out 13 Days, all well on board.

By Captain Gilbert, from St. Vincent, we learn, that on the 29th of May his Excellency William Leybourne Leybourne, Eſq; Captain General and Governor in Chief of the Southern Carribbee Iſlands of Grenada, the Grenadines, St. Vincent, and Tobago, arrived there from Grenada; on his Arrival he was waited upon by a Committee of the Hon. the Council and Aſſembly, appointed for that Purpoſe, and received on his Landing by His Majeſty's Troops in Garriſon there, alſo by the Southern Company of Troop, and Southern Regiment of Foot Militia, when he was ſaluted by the Guns from the different Batteries: And on the 30th his Excellency's Commiſſion was read in Council; after which he diſſolved the Aſſembly, and iſſued Writs for a new Election; at the ſame Time his Excellency iſſued a Proclamation, directing all Perſons poſſeſſed of Commiſſions, granted by any former Commander in Chief, to deliver the ſame to him, on or before the 14th of June, in order to their receiving ſuch other Commiſſions and Authorities, as his Majeſty had empowered him to grant.------On the 29th ult. in Lat. 37, Long. 73:30, Captain Gilbert ſpoke the Sloop Betſy, Captain Prudden, from this Port for Bermuda, out three Days, all well.

We hear His Majeſty has been moſt graciouſly pleaſed to order the Sum of One Thouſand Pounds Sterling to be given for the Relief of the unhappy Sufferers by the late Fire at St. George's, in Grenada.

The Ship Champion, Captain Glover, in going from Grenville to St. George's, in Grenada, to compleat her lading for London, was loſt on the 16th of May, on a Ledge of Rocks, near St. Andrews, together with all her Cargoe, except 17 Hogſheads of Sugar, and 11 Bags of Cotton.

Captain Saſhby, from Yarmouth, on the 22d of laſt Month, in Lat. 39:34, Long. 70, ſpoke a Brig, from Falmouth for New-York, 7 Weeks out; and on the 28th, in Lat. 37:50, Long. 72, he ſpoke the Brig Jamaica, Captain Ferguſon, from New-York for Jamaica, out two Days, all well.

Captain Curtis, from Waterford, on the 30th of May, in Lat. 41:6, Long. 49:45, ſpoke a Ship, Captain Wallace, from Jamaica for Glaſgow, out 37 Days; the ſame Day ſpoke a Snow, from Charleſtown for Liſbon, 17 Days out; on the 16th of June, in Lat. 37:20, Long. 63, ſpoke the Brig Charlotte, Captain Montgomery, from Philadelphia for Liſbon, 8 Days out, all well; and on the Firſt Inſtant, in Lat. 38:45, Long. 70, he ſpoke the Ship Franklin, from New-York for Liverpool, 3 Days out.

Yeſterday Captain Leaycraft, arrived here in three Weeks from Saltertuda, at which Place he left Captain Matlin, in a Sloop bound to New-York, who was to ſail about 10 Days after him. Captain Leaycraft informs, that the Spaniſh Guarda Coaſtas, having lately taken 2 or 3 Coracoa Men, who were trading on the Main, they had fitted out a ſtout Sloop, mounted with 12 Carriage Guns, to go in Search of them, and it was ſaid ſhe had a ſmart Skirmiſh with one of them, but the Particulars were not come to hand when he ſailed.

By a Letter from Port au Prince, of the 7th of June, we are informed, that the Ship King George, Captain Armſtrong, from Virginia for Jamaica, is loſt on the Plate-wreck; the Captain and Crew ſaved.

Saturday laſt John Thomas was executed here, purſuant to his Sentence, for Burglary.

The ſame Day ------ Smart, alias M'Cormick, was executed at Burlington. We hear he owned, that himſelf only was guilty of the Murder and Robbery for which he ſuffered, and acknowledged the Juſtice of his Sentence.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Ship Neſbitt, J. Green, from Liſbon. Brig Sally, S. Hawke, Leoganne. Brig Becky, J. Harper, junior, Grenades. Sloop John, A. Gilbert, St. Vincent. Brig Prince of Wales, W. Moore, S. Carolina. Sloop Robert, W. Bunting, Virginia. Brig Georgia Packet, J. Souder, Georgia. Sloop Ruſſell, N. Martin, Maryland. Brig Reſolution, R. Dickinſon, Jamaica. Brig Nancy, W. Hawkins, Barbados. Brig Africa, S. Thomas, Hiſpaniola. Schooner Hetty, J. Williams, St. Euſtatia. Brig Triton, S. Saſhby, Yarmouth. Sloop Favourite, J. Anſon, Nevis. Sloop Bentham, B. Woods, from North-Carolina.

OUTWARDS. Brig Charming Polly, J. Henderſon, for Yarmouth. Brig Bolton, J. Harr, Barbados.

CLEARED. Brig Chance, D. Harrow, to Leoganne. Snow Alſop, S. Harvey, Jamaica. Schooner Induſtry, R. Parker, Portſmouth, N. E. Schooner Priſcilla, W. Wiſe, and Sloop Robert, W. Bunting, Virginia. Sloop Speedwell, L. Hill, and Brig Herring, B. Richards, Maryland. Schooner Suſanna, T. Palmer, Hiſpaniola. Schooner Neptune, J. King, Sloop Diſpatch, S. Thompſon, and Sloop Patty, J. Strange, North-Carolina. Sloop Molly, E. Rodgers, Boſton. Sloop Patty, R. Baſden, St. Kitts. Shooner Induſtry, W. Williamſon, and Schooner Mary, J. Perrott, Halifax, Sloop Friendſhip, A. Adderly, to New-Providence.

TO BE SOLD,

A GOOD ſtone HOUSE, with about four acres of LAND, on Wiſſahickon road, near the Falls of Schuylkill, adjoining the lot on which Mr. Henry Keppele, junior, is building his country ſeat, on part of which there is an orchard of good fruit, and well of excellent water; it is a very high ſituation, commands an extenſive view of the river Schuylkill, and the adjacent country ſeats. For terms, apply to the ſubſcriber, living with Andrew Doz, at Peel-hall.

CHRISTIANA JUSTICE.

A Genteel HOUSE and STORE,
TO BE LETT,
In a good Situation for Buſineſs. Enquire of the PRINTERS. ¶

JONATHAN MIFFLIN

HATH for ſale, a PLANTATION, containing 150 acres of land, near Fair-hill Meeting-houſe, in ſight of the Germantown road; the Three-mile-run, or Gunner's-creek, runs through it, and ſeveral ſprings empty themſelves into it; there are about 60 acres of woodland intermixed with the clear, a conſiderable part meadow, or fine bottom, which may be made into good meadow; he would willingly ſell the whole together, but, for the conveniency of ſuch as might want a ſmall lot, it is thrown into ſeveral ſmall parcels, about 20 acres each, which may be encreaſed or leſſened, as may ſuit the purchaſer. The money is not wanted, therefore the payments may be as the purchaſers pleaſe, paying intereſt, and giving ſecurity, if deſired. For further information apply to the owner, on Poplar-hill, the weſt ſide of Germantown road, two miles from this city, or at his houſe, in Church-alley. Should it not be ſold ſoon, it will be lett in parts, or the whole together, to ſuch only as can ſecure the payment of the rent.

By Virtue of an ORDER of the ORPHAN'S COURT, made the 28th Day of May laſt, will be expoſed to SALE, by Way of Public Vendue, on the Premiſes, the Firſt Day of SEPTEMBER next, for the Payment of Debts,

A Tract or Parcel of very good LAND and PLANTATION, containing 500 Acres, or thereabouts, ſituate in Little Creek Neck, in Kent County, on Delaware; the Property of ROBERT HALL, late of ſaid County, deceaſed. Attendance will be given at the Time and Place aforeſaid, by JERUSHA HALL, the Executrix. ¶8W.

July 25, 1772. CÆSAR RODNEY, Clerk.

To the INHABITANTS *of* BRITISH AMERICA.

DR. GRAHAM, OCULIST and AURIST,

MOST reſpectfully offers his beſt ſervices, and acquaints them, that he may be conſulted at his houſe, the corner of Fifth and Market-ſtreets, in this city, in all diſorders of the eye and its appendages; and in every ſpecies of deafneſs, hardneſs of hearing, ulcerations, noiſe in the ears, &c. Thoſe perſons who have had the unſpeakable misfortune of being born deaf and dumb, and thoſe who labour under any impediment in their ſpeech, by applying perſonally, as above, will, probably, be aſſiſted.

Since his arrival in this city (in November, 1771) upwards of three hundred and ſeventy patients have been cured or relieved of the following diſorders, many of which had been of very long ſtanding, and deemed altogether incurable by other practitioners, viz. Total and partial blindneſs; weakneſs and diminution of ſight; pain, ſwelling, and inflammation of the eyes; weak, watery, red, ſpongy, and ulcerated eye-lids, involuntary weeping of the tears; tumours and excreſſences; *fiſtul. lachrym.*---Total and periodical deafneſs; thickneſs of hearing; pain and inflammations, cracking, itching, continual and remitting noiſes and ſounds in the ears; offenſive runnings, occaſioned by colds, ſwelling, ſwimming, picking and improper applications, long and ſevere ſickneſs; ulcerations, with caries of the bones; *polypi*, &c. and ſeveral perſons born deaf and dumb, who have made conſiderable advances in ſpeaking and hearing; inſomuch, that perfect cures will probably be effected.

Thoſe perſons whoſe eyes are utterly periſhed, or ſunk in their heads, may have the deformity removed by glaſs eyes, ſo curiouſly adapted to the orbits, as not to be diſtinguiſhed from the natural. The Doctor propoſes to leave this city, in the beginning of May, 1773. Thoſe, therefore, who have occaſion for his aſſiſtance, are deſired to apply as ſoon as poſſible.

Philadelphia, July 8, 1772.

To the PUBLIC.

IGNACE LABAT has removed from the houſe where he formerly lived, to the ſign of the CROWN, in GAY-STREET, BALTIMORE-TOWN, lately kept by Mr. Melchior Keener, where he has opened TAVERN; and as he intends to keep good victuals, and the beſt and greateſt variety of wines and liquors, thoſe Gentlemen, who will pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom, may depend on being genteelly entertained, and meet with good uſage, from their humble ſervant,

¶ IGNACE LABAT.

N. B. There is a LIVERY STABLE kept at ſaid Labat's, where there will be always plenty of good hay and oats;----alſo horſes and chaiſes to hire.

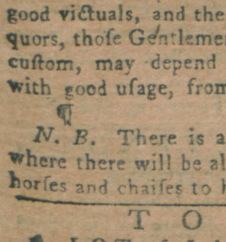
TO BE SOLD,

A LOT of LAND, on the ſouth ſide of Cherry-ſtreet, in the city of Philadelphia; containing in front, on ſaid ſtreet, about 17 feet, and in length, or depth, about 82 feet, with a two-ſtory brick dwelling-houſe thereon erected; bounded eaſtward by ground of Abraham Mitchell, northward with Cherry-ſtreet aforeſaid, weſtward with ground belonging to the Lutheran Church, and ſouthward by ground late of John Nicholas Kreſman, deceaſed, now in the tenure of Jacob Repplee. The title is indiſputable and the lot clear of groundrent. For terms, apply to *Philip Cobble*, Innkeeper, in *Upper-Solford* township; *Nicholas Shwank*, in *Lower-Solford*; or *Thomas Livezey Miller*, in *Roxbury*, near *Germantown*. ¶

Lancaſter Goal, June 10, 1772.

THIS day was committed to my cuſtody, a certain WILLIAM KING, as he calls himſelf, and by part of his own confeſſion, he is a perſon that either broke, or made his eſcape from, Charles-Town goal; he is about 45 years of age, and five feet ſeven inches high, of a black complexion, and has ſhort hair; ſays he was born in Ireland. Had on, when committed, a check ſhirt, an old white flannel jacket, and a blue ditto, old leather breeches, with old ſhoes, and brown ſtockings. Any perſon, claiming right or property to the above named William King, is deſired to come, pay charges, and take him away, otherwiſe he will be diſcharged, in three weeks from the above date, by ¶ GEORGE EBERLY, Goaler.

For SAVANNAH, in GEORGIA,



The Brig *GEORGIA PACKET*, JOHN SOUDER, Maſter, WILL ſail with all convenient ſpeed, having extraordinary accommodations for paſſengers. For freight, or paſſage, apply to BRIGHT and PECHIN, or ſaid Maſter on board, at their wharff.

Said *Bright* and *Pechin* have for ſale, juſt imported in ſaid Brig, choice new RICE, ſoal leather, bees-wax, red cedar, orange juice, &c. &c. *Philadelphia, July 6, 1772.* ¶

Glouceſter, New-Jerſey, July 9, 1772.

WAS found in the poſſeſſion of a certain perſon, who calls himſelf DANIEL BRIAN, committed to the goal in the county aforeſaid, for horſe-ſtealing, and now in the cuſtody of the ſubſcriber, a likely brown bay HORSE, about 8 years old, 14 hands high, has ſome white hairs in his forehead, and both hind feet white, trots and hand gallops; ſuppoſed to be ſtolen. The owner of ſaid horſe is therefore deſired to prove his property, pay the charges, and take him away, in 4 weeks from the date hereof, otherwiſe he will be ſold for the ſame.

¶ ISAAC KAY.

JUST arrived in the Snow Charlotte, Capt. Curtis, from Waterford, a Parcel of healthy Men and Women, Boys and Girls, SERVANTS; amongſt which are ſundry Coopers, Weavers, Taylors, Shoemakers and Hatters; and ſeveral who have been brought up to Farming; whoſe Times are to be diſpoſed of by JOSHUA FISHER, and SONS, or the Captain on board the ſaid Snow, lying off the Drawbridge.

Lately IMPORTED for SALE, by
REBECCA KEARNY,

In Front-ſtreet, below Cheſtnut-ſtreet, the bank ſide of the way, ſix doors from Mr. Wood the Clockmaker's corner, and right oppoſite to Meſſieurs Hubley and Graff's ſtore,

BEST London double refined ſugar, Cheſhire and Glouceſterſhire cheeſe; compleat table and tea ſetts of India china ware; with other large aſſortments of coloured, enamelled, and blue and white India china, conſiſting of long diſhes, of different ſizes, pudding diſhes, table, ſoup, butter, and bread and butter plates, ſauce boats, cuſtard cups, ſugar diſhes, tea pots, tea cups and ſaucers, breakfaſt cups and ſaucers, and chocolate cups and ſaucers, with or without handles; half pint baſons, with or without ſaucers; pint baſons; quart, 3 pint, half gallon, 3 quart, and gallon bowls; beſt London double flint half pint, pint, and quart decanters; carrafts, water cups, jelly and ſyllabub glaſſes, wine and ale glaſſes, tumblers, &c.

She alſo ſells good and genuine old Madeira wine, French brandy, and Jamaica ſpirits. ¶6w.

JULY 5, 1772.

DROPPED laſt Monday, between Marcus-Hook and Darby, or in Cheſter, a red leather POCKET-BOOK, with a twiſted tape ſtring; it contains ſeveral papers, amongſt which one note of hand, three Five Pound bills, one Twelve Shilling Jerſey bill, one or two Fifteen Shilling Maryland bills, ſeveral Five Shilling, and one Ten Shilling, with ſundry ſmall bills, not particulariſed, in all to the amount of Eighteen or Nineteen Pounds. Whoever hath found the ſame, and will bring it to the PRINTERS hereof, or to Mr. MATTHEW POTTER, at the lower end of Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia, or to DAVID NEILSON, in Wilmington, ſhall receive FIVE POUNDS reward. ¶

Burlington County, July 3, 1772.

WHEREAS we the ſubſcribers, directors appointed by law, to build a draw-bridge over Croſwicks creek, in the county of Burlington, did petition the late General Aſſembly, praying a law to erect the ſaid bridge into a toll, or to make it a public charge, in ſuch manner as they ſhould think moſt conducive to the good of the community. And whereas it appears by the minutes of the Aſſembly, Dec. 17, 1771, that it is their pleaſure we ſhould make this our application public, and, if no reaſonable objection ſhould appear at the next ſeſſion of Aſſembly for doing public buſineſs, we ſhall then have leave to bring in a bill for the purpoſes aforeſaid: Notice is therefore hereby given *to all whom it may concern, that thoſe who have any objections to the premiſes, may attend at the next General Aſſembly, and offer their reaſons for the ſame.* JOSEPH BORDEN, ISAAC PEARSON, ROBERT PEARSON. ¶

TEN POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in the townſhip of Norriton, in the county of Philadelphia, two Iriſh ſervant men; one went the 2d inſt. is about 23 years of age, goes by the name of THOMAS TAYLOR, is of middle ſize, has brown hair, and red beard; had on an old felt hat, Ruſſia ſhirt, and tow linen trowſers, an old light coloured cloth coat, lined with flannel, and the ſleeves being bad, he may have taken them out; he is ſuppoſed to have gone towards the Highlands of York to ſome ironworks. The other, called WILLIAM M'CAN, went away in January, 1770, is about 30 years of age, very remarkable by being much marked with the ſmall pox, is blind of one eye, and ſpeaks a little through his noſe. It is likely they will take employment at wood-cutting. Whoever apprehends and ſecures ſaid ſervants, ſo as their maſter gets them again, ſhall have the above reward, or FIVE POUNDS for either.

¶ *JOHN BULL.*

N. B. If the managers of ironworks will be kind enough to make enquiry among their hands, and when they hear of them, ſend a line to the Printers, or ſaid *John Bull*, it will be gratefully acknowledged, and well rewarded.

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER, living in the Borough of LANCASTER,

THE noted and well accuſtomed TAVERN, in Queen-ſtreet, a few doors from the Court-houſe, known by the ſign of the Boot and Crown; the houſe is three ſtories high, with convenient lodging rooms throughout, a good cellar under the whole houſe, and an arched cellar under the pavement, 30 feet by 16, with a never failing ſtream of water running through the ſame; the lot is 64 feet 4 inches and a half in front, and in depth 245 feet, and ſubject to the old groundrent of Seven Shillings per annum; the whole front is built upon, excepting a nine feet paſſage to the yard; with a good convenient kitchen adjoining ſaid houſe, and a large brick ſtable, well finiſhed, with ſtalls ſufficient to contain 50 or 60 horſes, a large yard, and good ſhed, with feeding troughs, and a never failing pump in ſaid yard, and a large garden in the back part of ſaid lot. Alſo one half acre LOT, in ſaid borough, free of groundrent, well fenced with locuſt poſts and cheſtnut pails; the lot is rich, and fit for graſs, barley or hemp. Likewiſe 20 acres of excellent LAND, about one mile from ſaid borough, of the beſt quality for hemp or graſs, and is now all in crop of clover, hemp, wheat and rye, on which is a good barn; it is fenced into four lots with locuſt poſts, and good rails; the whole in good repair, and immediate poſſeſſion will be given to the buyer. For terms of ſale apply to the owner, living on the premiſes. HENRY HELM.

N. B. Taken out of the houſe of the ſubſcriber, by miſtake, the 12th of June laſt, at the fair, a blue buffar cloak, lined with rattiner, bound with blue and white linen tape round the arm holes, and capes of blue perſian ſilk, one row of buttons on each ſide, belonging to Mr. M'Call, near Peachbottom Ferry, in York county, and another left in the place of it, but of a different make. Whoever has ſaid cloak, is deſired to ſend a line, with the ſame, to ſaid HELM, in Lancaſter, to have it exchanged, and they will much oblige the owner, and their humble ſervant,

¶ HENRY HELM.

Reading, June 29, 1772.

WHEREAS *JOHN GILBERT* hath, for ſome time paſt, ſold Drugs and Medicines for me, the ſubſcriber, living in the town of Reading, in Berks county, and hath, in ſeveral inſtances, had the confidence to contract debts on my credit, and without my concurrence. Therefore, in juſtice to the public, I think myſelf obliged to give notice to all whom it may concern, not to truſt the ſaid GILBERT on my credit, without my order, in writing, for that purpoſe.

¶ JACOB HOFF.

CAME to the ſubſcriber, at Buſſeltown, in Lower Dublin townſhip, Philadelphia county, on the 4th of July, 1772, a likely brown MARE, about 13 hands and a half high, a ſtar in her forehead, ſhod all round, trots neatly, ſuppoſed to be about 12 years old. The owner is deſired to come and prove his property, pay charges, and take her away.

¶ JOHN BARTOLET.

STARCH,

Of the beſt quality, branded H&H STARCH ſold by the ſubſcriber, at his ſtore, on Mr. Stamper's wharff. Likewiſe Choice Liverpool SALT, and dried Spaniſh HIDES. Alſo

ANCHORS,

FROM One to Twelve Cwt. made by N. GREEN, & Co. at Warwick, Rhode-Iſland government, warranted for 12 months; and any orders for anchors of particular weights will be complied with, by giving timely notice to ¶8w.

Philad. May 22, 1772. LEVI HOLLINGSWORTH.

July 2, 1772.

EIGHTEEN DOLLARS, Reward,

WAS ſtolen, from the ſubſcribers, living in Marcus-Hook, Cheſter county, on Thurſday, the 25th of June laſt, two horſes;----one of which is a dark brown horſe, between 13 and 14 hands high, thick haired, branded on the near buttock with the letter S, and has one half of his mane cut off roach faſhion, alſo trimmed under the mane where it hangs over, a natural pacer, ſhod before, about nine years old, and is ſubject to ſtop when meeting company; alſo a very good man's ſaddle, with blue houſing, and a leather ſeat, with an old bridle.

The other horſe is of a dark bay colour, about 12¼ hands high, a natural trotter, has a ſmall ſtar, but no brand nor ear-mark, with an old ſaddle and bridle. The perſon that ſtole them called himſelf Iſaac Thompſon, but has paſſed by the name of James Sweeney, and may probably change that alſo: He is about 5 feet 8 inches high, ſmooth faced, but little beard; round ſhouldered, and wore his own black curled hair; had on a light blue coat, with ſlaſh ſleeves, white lining, and ſomewhat worn; a ſtriped jacket and trowſers, pumps with ſilver or plated buckles therein; the pumps have high ſhort quarters: He appears to be about 21 years of age, and is ſuppoſed to be gone towards Newtown, on Cheſter river, or towards the head of ſaid river, or to Queen-Anne's county, Maryland, as he was laſt ſeen at Oliver Cork's plantation, about two miles from the head of Saſſafras, Whoever ſecures the firſt mentioned horſe, ſaddle and bridle, and will ſend them to Archibald Dick's tavern, about 19 miles from Philadelphia, on the main King's road, ſhall receive FIFTY SHILLINGS reward, and FIFTY SHILLINGS for the thief, ſo as he may be brought to juſtice; or THIRTY SHILLINGS for ſecuring the horſe and ſaddle, and informing the owner thereof, ſo that they may be had again;--and for ſecuring the laſt mentioned horſe, TWENTY SHILLINGS, if ſent to ſaid Archibald Dick's tavern; or THIRTY-FIVE SHILLINGS for the horſe and thief, paid by RICHARD CLAYTON, and THOMAS PHILLIPS. ‡ 7/6.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

Anne-Arundel County, June 14, 1772.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, living near the Head of Severn, a likely Negroe, named JOE, a ſhort thick made fellow, talks faſt, and not good Engliſh, and is fond of liquor and gaming: Had on, and took with him, when he went away, a ſnuff coloured coat, a black cloth waiſtcoat, leather breeches, blue ſtockings, old ſhoes nailed, new felt hat, a blue great coat, and ſeveral other cloaths. He was ſent from Philadelphia in December laſt by James Maccubbin, and it is likely he may make that way. Whoever takes up the above fellow, and delivers him to me, or to WILLIAM FARIS, in Annapolis, ſhall have, if taken in the county, Thirty Shillings, if out of the county, Fifty Shillings, and if out of the province, Five Pounds, paid by WILLIAM WOODWARD.

East Whiteland, July 6, 1772.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, on Sunday, the 5th inſt. an Iriſh ſervant lad, named PATRICK HAMILTON, alias M'CONNEL, about 5 feet 6 inches high, pale complexion, has light colou ed hair, which uſually hung over his face, he is about 17 years of age, and ſpeaks much on the Scotch dialect; had on a blue coat, jacket and breeches, or ſtriped ticken trowſers, good ſhoes, large braſs buckles, and a tolerable good hat. About the 13th of June laſt he arrived in Philadelphia, in the ſhip Jupiter, Capt. Ewing, and probably may go there, in order to meet with ſome of his connexions. Whoever apprehends the ſaid *Hamilton*, alias *M'Connel*, and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have FOUR DOLLARS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

Doctor SAMUEL KENNEDY.

N. B. The ſaid ſervant uſed to paſs by the name of Patrick M'Connel, in Ireland; by falling from a horſe, his left arm is bruiſed and ſwelled. ¶

Mill-Creek Hundred, New-Caſtle County, July 3, 1772.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, the latter end of June, a large bay HORSE, a ſorrel MARE, and FOAL. The owner, or owners, are deſired to prove their properties, pay charges, and take them away.

¶ SAMUEL YOUNG.

Philadelphia, June 20, 1772.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, Bruſhmaker, in Vine-ſtreet, near Second-ſtreet, a Dutch ſervant man, named HENRY MISENER, about 40 years of age, about five feet three or four inches high, has a brown complexion, dark brown hair, a bald head, and ſpeaks pretty good Engliſh. Had on, when he went away, a caſtor hat, a brown jacket, and ſtriped under ditto, linen breeches, check ſhirt, a black neckcloth, blue yarn ſtockings, and good ſhoes, with pewter buckles. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by CHRISTOPHER CURFESS.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels, and others, are hereby forewarned not to harbour, or carry him off, at their peril. ¶

Juſt imported in the Britannia, Captain Falconer, and other veſſels lately from Europe, and to be ſold by

SAMUEL PLEASANTS,

At his ſtore, in Water-ſtreet, the ſecond door above Cheſtnut-Street,

A NEAT and General Aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, ſuitable for the Seaſon. 6 W.

To the PUBLIC.

THE Loſs the Scheme, for promoting The CULTURE of SILK, ſuſtained laſt Year, by buying unkilled for killed Cocoons, and giving the ſame Price thro' the Seaſon, rendered it neceſſary for the Managers to endeavour to come at ſome more equitable Manner of purchaſing, than they had hitherto been in the Practice of. Experience taught them that Cocoons, where Worms or Grubs are perfectly killed, are much lighter than before; and afterwards, if they are kept in a dry Place, as they ought to be, they will diminiſh in Weight from Week to Week, till they are reduced to near one Third of their original Weight. Nevertheleſs the only uſeful Part, to wit, the Thread of Silk, is equally long and heavy, in theſe different Degrees of Dryneſs. Theſe Reaſons induced them to offer the following Prices, namely, for all merchantable Cocoons, brought to the Filature before the 15th of July, 3s. per Pound; from the 15th to the 25th, 3s. 6d. from the 25th to the 5th of Auguſt, 4s. from the 5th to the 25th, 4s. 6d. and from thence to the End of the Seaſon, 5s. but if extraordinary good, and very dry, 5s. 6d. provided they are all of the firſt Crop.

N. B. The Managers will ſhortly publiſh the Premiums they intend to give.

ALL Perſons who are poſſeſſed of Bills of Credit, iſſued by Act of Aſſembly of the Province of Pennſylvania, dated June 15, 1767, denominated SIX POUNDS, FOUR POUNDS, and FORTY SHILLINGS; and alſo the Bills of Credit of ſaid Province, iſſued 1ſt March, 1769, denominated THREE POUNDS, THIRTY SHILLINGS, TWELVE SHILLINGS, and EIGHT SHILLINGS, are requeſted to bring them to the Provincial Treaſurer, and receive their reſpective Value.

May 4, 1772. *tho3m.* OWEN JONES.

Philadelphia, July 1, 1772.

ALL perſons that are indebted for EXCISE, are deſired to diſcharge their reſpective accounts, upon their qualifications, according to law, up to the preſent time; and in Pennſylvania money. WILLIAM CRISPIN, Collector. ¶

A LIKELY young MULATTOE GIRL, to be diſpoſed of, about 16 or 17 Years old, is a good COOK, and a very handy Wench. Enquire of the Printers hereof.

Philadelphia, June 23, 1772.

IN purſuance of an order of Orphan's Court, will be expoſed to ſale, by public vendue, on Friday, the 24th day of July inſtant, at the houſe of JAMES ALEXANDER, in Third-ſtreet, a certain double wooden meſſuage, or tenement, ſtable, and lot or piece of ground thereunto belonging, ſituate on the north ſide of Spruce-ſtreet, between Fifth and Sixth-ſtreets from Delaware, containing in breadth, on Spruce-ſtreet, 32 feet and a half, and in length or depth 49 feet and a half, ſubject to a groundrent of £ 4: 17: 6 currency; late the real eſtate of Jacob Horner, deceaſed. The ſaid houſe is inſured in the ſum of £ 60, for two years to come. The ſale to begin at 6 o' clock in the evening. Attendance will be given at the time and place of ſale, by

¶ JACOB VANREAD, Adminiſtrator.

STRAYED or STOLEN, on the 25th of June laſt, from the plantation of the ſubſcriber, in Exeter townſhip, Berks county, a large black MARE, 16 hands high, is ſhod before with old irons, is a little lame at the off fore foot, has a few ſmall ſaddle ſpots, the mane is only cut where the bridle lies on it, and there it is pretty long grown, is of a long ſhape, has no brand mark, is about 7 years old, paces, but cannot trot, was in good order when ſhe went away. Whoever gives the owner notice where he can have her again, ſhall have Thirty Shillings reward, and if brought to the owner, living in Reading, ſhall have Forty Shillings, and reaſonable charges, paid by DANIEL MESSERSMITH. ¶

THE Drawing of the Chriſtiana Bridge Land and Caſh LOTTERY, in New-Caſtle County, on Delaware, for diſpoſing of Eight Thouſand Eight Hundred and Seventy-ſix Acres of Land, containing 44 valuable Plantations, ſituate in the Province of Pennſylvania, will certainly begin at Chriſtiana Bridge, the laſt Monday in October next, great Part of the Tickets being already diſpoſed of; and the Managers have the ſtrongeſt Aſſurances of ſpeedily ſelling the Tickets remaining on Hand, as they are in great Demand, on Account of the ſeveral valuable Prizes in the ſaid Lottery; and there being a Law of the Government of the Lower Counties lately paſſed, to prevent other Lotteries than thoſe already begun, from being carried on, or ſet up, Lottery Tickets will, for the future, be much more ſcarce than they hitherto have been. §

Cumberland County, June 17, 1772.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Tueſday, the 21ſt of July next, in the town of Carliſle, the following tracts of LAND, viz.

One tract, containing 1165½ acres, and allowance, upon the water of the Ray's-town Branch of Juniata river, below the Mouth of Yellow Creek; warranted the 20th of Sept. 1762.

Alſo one tract, containing 934½ acres, on Aughwick Creek, above a place known by the name of Clark's Place; warranted the 20th of September, 1762.

One tract, containing 735 acres, on the Frankſtown Branch of Juniata river, adjoining lands of Meſſieurs Cox and Trent, and Baynton and Wharton; warranted the 20th of Sept. 1762.

One tract, containing 243 acres and 29 perches, on the waters of Dunning's Creek, adjoining Michael Dipert and John Miller; warranted the 7th of July, 1762.

One tract, containing 401¾ acres, on the eaſt ſide of Standing Stone Creek, at the Foot of the Eaſt Mountain, adjoining James Dickſon; warranted the 20th of September, 1762.

One tract, containing 494¾ acres, adjoining the above tract; warranted the 20th of September, 1762.

One tract, containing 389 acres and 69 perches, in Friends Cove, near Bedford; warranted the 7th of July, 1762.

One tract, containing 191 acres and 68 perches, in the Long Hollow, adjoining John Carmichael; warranted the 4th of June, 1762.

One tract, containing 105 acres and 51 perches, adjoining the weſt ſide of Saſquehanna river, and Frederick Weiſer's land; warranted the 10th of July, 1762.

One tract, containing 52 acres and 80 perches, adjoining the weſt ſide of Saſquehanna river, and the lands of Frederick Weiſer, Charles Williams, and Rebecca Gee; warranted the 3d of February, 1755.

The above ſeveral tracts of land are upon one Halfpenny ſterling quitrent per acre. The ſale to continue from day to day till the whole are ſold. All the above deſcribed tracts of land were late the property of George Armſtrong; ſeized and taken in execution by EPHRAIM BLAINE, Sheriff. ¶

WILLIAM BAILEY, COPPERSMITH,
In YORK-TOWN,

TAKES this method to inform the public in general, and his old cuſtomers in particular, that he hath moved his ſhop, juſt oppoſite to where he formerly worked at the Copperſmith's buſineſs, and has ſold in ſaid town 47 ſtills, beſides waſh-kettles, tea-kettles, coffee-pots, fiſh-kettles, Dutch-ovens, and all other ſorts of copper work, ſince the 27th day of June, as he was then a new beginner at his own hand, but had worked conſtant for 10 years paſt, at the ſaid buſineſs, with Mr. Francis Sanderſon, in Lancaſter; therefore he will uphold his work to any perſon that chuſes to deal with him; and he purpoſes attending every court through the year, at Samuel Swareingain's, in Frederick-Town, and at John Pollock's at Carliſle, when and where he will ſell as cheap as any made in, or imported to the province; he therefore ſolicits encouragement from the reſpectable public, and hopes that his cuſtom will continue, as uſual.

*** He has all ſorts of braſs kettles for ſale; alſo mends all ſorts of copper and braſs work; and gives the higheſt prices for old copper, braſs, pewter, and lead. ¶5 *Tbctf.*

THREE POUNDS REWARD.

STOLEN, *the 24th ult. at night, out of* JOHN STACY'S *ſhallop, at the Falls of Trenton, the following* GOODS, *viz. A ſilver watch, maker's name Thomas Vernon, Liverpool,* No. 1099, *a coat of arms, carved on the outſide caſe, and opens with the point of a pin; a white cloth coat, with yellow catgut buttons, the coat and boles bound with binding of the ſame colour; a red ſtriped jacket, the back part of linen, and lined with ſtripe the ſame of the fore parts; a beaver hat, with ſilk lining, and very greaſy. The above articles were ſtolen by a certain* DANIEL M'DANIEL, *born in Scotland, a ſlender fellow, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, thin viſage, a large beard, the calf of one of his legs is very much ſwelled and ſore, which makes him hobble and limp in his walk, and has dark brown hair; had on, when the things were ſtolen, and he abſconded, a pair of ſtriped ticken trowſers, and two check ſhirts: He will lie and boaſt; is very noiſy, and formerly lived at Port Penn, in New-Caſtle county. Any perſon or perſons ſecuring the ſaid* M'Daniel *in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that the goods may be had again, ſhall receive the above reward (but for the thief, Thirty Shillings only) ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, and all reaſonable charges, paid by the ſubſcriber, living at the corner of Front and Almond-ſtreets, at the ſign of the Rainbow, in Southwark, Philadelphia.* JOHN STACY.

N. B. All watchmakers are deſired to ſtop the watch, if offered for ſale. July 2, 1772. ¶

WAS STOLEN, the 24th of June, from the ſubſcriber, living in Amwell townſhip, Weſt New-Jerſey, a dark brown MARE, about 14 hands high, 5 years old, a natural pacer, no brand nor ear-mark, has a large double mane and fore-top, a good neck and breaſt, a thick place in the left hind fetlock, and a ſcar in it. The thief is ſuppoſed to be a Negroe, with a brown jacket, or ſhort coat, with a ſlit in the back betwixt the ſhoulders. Whoever takes up the thief and mare, ſo that the owner may have her again, and the thief brought to juſtice, ſhall have THREE POUNDS reward, and reaſonable charges; for the mare Twenty Shillings only, paid by me HENRY DELS, junior. ¶

DANIEL DUCHEMIN, from Old France, but laſt from New-York, has taken, and juſt opened, the place, called LEBANON, a little to the ſouthward of the Bettering-Houſe and Hoſpital,

WHERE people may have tea, coffee, bottled mead, &c. with a diverſity of cakes, fruits, and comfits, American and foreign.---The place is well adapted to the reſt and refreſhment of ſuch ſober companies as viſit the Bettering Houſe and Hoſpital, lying on a direct line from the city, and not far from either of them. None will be admitted but genteel, orderly and reputable people. §8*W.*

CAME to the plantation of THOMAS SHAW, in the Northern Liberties, Philadelphia county, the 3d of this inſtant July, a dark brown HORSE, ſuppoſed to be 8 or 9 years old. The owner is deſired to come, and prove his property, pay charges, and take him away. †

WHEREAS in purſuance of an Act of General Aſſembly of this province, intituled, *An Act for granting the ſum of Sixty Thouſand Pounds for the King's uſe, and for ſtriking Fifty-five Thouſand Pounds thereof in bills of credit, and to provide a fund for ſinking the ſame*, the following tract of located and unimproved lands was duly valued and rated by the Aſſeſſors, for the county of Northampton, at Five Pounds by the hundred, the property of William Brown, of the city of Philadelphia, to wit, a tract of land, containing about 160 acres, ſituate in Mount Bethel townſhip, in the county of Northampton, bounded by the lands of John Depue, and others: And whereas the owner of the ſaid tract of land hath neglected and refuſed to pay the Collector of the ſaid townſhip, the ſum of Twelve Shillings laſt year, and Twelve Shillings this year's tax, which, according to the ſaid valuation, was aſſeſſed and laid upon ſaid land, as the proportion thereof for two years for ſaid tax, by the ſaid act impoſed: We the Commiſſioners of the county of Northampton aforeſaid, in purſuance of the ſaid act, do hereby give notice, that on the 9th day of September next, at the houſe of HENRY MILLER, in Mount Bethel townſhip, we will expoſe to ſale, by public vendue, the abovementioned tract of located unimproved land, or ſuch part thereof as will be ſufficient to anſwer the ſaid tax, and all charges accruing by reaſon of the nonpayment thereof, to the higheſt bidder. The ſale to begin at ten o' clock in the forenoon. Given under our hands, the 9th of June, 1772. JACOB MORRY, SIMON DREISBACK, HENRY BARNET. §3*M.*

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away the 13th of April laſt, from the ſubſcriber, living at the ſign of the Black Bear, in Coneſtogoe townſhip, Lancaſter county, a ſervant man, named *James Ramſey*, alias *Harkiſon*, about 5 feet 3 or 4 inches high, thin face, grey eyes, with dark brown hair; had on and took with an old hat, a light coloured cloth ſurtout coat, with white metal buttons, a double breaſted jacket of ratteen of the ſame colour, a ſtriped jacket, without ſleeves, and a red waiſtcoat, a pair of check trowſers, a pair of old ſtockings, and ſhoes with ſtrings in them, his ſhirt is old and patched. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

July 6, 1772. ‡ JOHN NEIDY.

Germantown Townſhip, July 1, 1772.

STOLEN out of the ſtable of WILLIAM ALLEN, Eſq; near Germantown, laſt night, a light bay COACH HORSE, 15 hands high, if rode, has a ſmall ſhuffling pace, has a hitch in his right off hip, that being a little lower than the other. Whoever brings the HORSE to the ſaid William Allen, ſhall receive THREE POUNDS reward, and FIVE POUNDS if the thief be apprehended, and the horſe reſtored. He has no white, but is all of the bay colour. By the tracks that were perceived in the morning early, the horſe was rode off faſt towards Germantown. The perſon ſuſpected to have ſtolen the horſe, is about 5 feet 7 inches high, had a ſilk handkerchief about his neck, a felt hat on, and a pair of pumps, with yellow metal buckles, no other cloathing but a ſhirt and trowſers; pretended he had drove the Lancaſter ſtage, and, probably, will take that road, and has worked, for a ſhort time, lately at James Morris's, at Whitemarſh. ¶

Philadelphia, June 26, 1772.

LAST night the dwelling-houſe of JOHN HYDER, at the Old Ferry, was broke open, and Goods and Caſh ſtolen as follows, viz. One blue ſurtout coat of good broadcloth, faced with blue ſhaloon, and black horn buttons, a beaver hat, about half worn, 3 pair of ſtockings, one pair of garters, and one ſilk and check handkerchief. The money not exactly known, but ſuppoſed to be about Four Pounds, among which there was one counterfeit Dollar, beſides other things not yet diſcovered, as goods are conſtantly left to be ſent to different perſons. Whoever apprehends the perpetrators of the above mentioned robbery, ſo that they are brought to juſtice, and the goods reſtored, ſhall receive Forty Shillings reward, paid by me

JOHN HYDER.

Philadelphia, Sixth Month 22, 1772.

GOODS STOLEN.

THE WARE-HOUSE CELLAR, belonging to *JOSHUA FISHER* and *SONS*, on *Dock-ſtreet*, was broke open laſt Night, and ſeveral Packages of GOODS cut and opened, out of which were taken away,

Four Pieces of Halfthicks;
One Piece of Bath Frize;
One Piece of brown Three Quarter Nap;
One Piece of dark ſtriped Lincey;
Two Pair of Boots;
Twelve Pair of Pumps;

And Part of ſeveral Crates and Copper-plate Queen's Ware.

The Boots and Pumps are *Engliſh* made, and very ſmall; the Queen's Ware belongs to Table Setts, whereby it may eaſily be known. Whoever apprehends the Perpetrators of the above mentioned Robbery, ſo that they are brought to Juſtice, and the Goods reſtored, ſhall receive a Reward of TEN POUNDS, or FIVE POUNDS for either the Thieves or Goods, from

JOSHUA FISHER and *SONS*.

FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RUN away, the 17th of May laſt, from the ſubſcriber, a Dutch ſervant boy, named JACOB MILLER, by trade a Baker; had on, and took with him, when he went away, a reddiſh grey coatee, called plain, a brown jacket and breeches, a pair of brown ſpeckled ribbed ſtockings, an old homeſpun ſhirt, and a new felt hat; he is a well ſet fellow, about 5 feet high, and very much marked with the ſmall-pox, of a bold ſour look, and an artful cunning rogue, about 18 years of age; he was ſeen at Briſtol, with the ſoldiers, and, it is ſaid, went with them to New-York, and offered to enliſt, but they refuſed him, on account of his ſize. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and brings him to *Chriſtian Cramer*, or *Adam Fon Erden*, in Philadelphia, ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by CHRISTIAN CRAMER.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels are forbid to harbour or carry him off, at their peril. §

THE Creditors of JOHN REYNOLDS, of Upper Dublin townſhip, Shopkeeper, for debts contracted preceding November 1767, are requeſted to bring in their accounts, properly atteſted, to WILLIAM MILLER, before the ninth day of July next, when a dividend of his effects will be made, among ſuch of his creditors as ſhall then appear, and thoſe who do not apply, on or before that day, will be excluded. *May 9, 1772.* 2*M.*

A PLANTATION,
To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER,

CONTAINING 162 ACRES of LAND, about two miles from the Borough of BRISTOL, in Bucks county, ſituate on the river Delaware, and about a mile from Neſhaminy Ferry; bounded by lands of Thomas Clifford, Dr. Denormandie, and the ſaid river, being a pleaſant ſituation; there are on the premiſes, a good orchard, frame houſe and barn, partly new, and other conveniences, with 30 or 40 acres of ſwamp meadow ground, part of which is cleared. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may have the ſame on reaſonable terms, by giving good ſecurity for the purchaſe-money, and paying intereſt. *Philadelphia, May 28, 1772.* JOSEPH MORRIS. *Tbctf.*

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Thurſday, the 9th of July inſt. at 6 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-houſe, a certain lot or piece of ground, ſituate in Kenſington, in the Northern Liberties of Philadelphia, containing in breadth 40 feet, and in length or depth 154 feet, bounded by Shackamaxon ſtreet, and by ground of Samuel Griſcome, Thomas Boude, and others. Likewiſe a certain meſſuage, and lot of ground, ſituate in the diſtrict of Southwark, containing in breadth 19 feet, and in depth 110 feet, bounded by Chriſtian-ſtreet, by a twelve feet alley, and by ground of Joſeph Wharton, and others; late the eſtate of John Carr, deceaſed, ſeized and taken in execution by JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Friday, the 10th of July inſt. at 3 o'clock in the afternoon (and to be ſtruck off preciſely at 5) at the houſe of Mrs. Mackinet, in Germantown, a certain two ſtory ſtone meſſuage, and three lots or pieces of ground; one of them (whereon the ſaid meſſuage is erected) containing about 1 acre and 10 perches, bounded by Germantown main ſtreet, by lands of John Adam Hogermaid, and Ann Metzler; one other of them containing about 3 acres and 60 perches, bounded by a mill road, leading from the main ſtreet aforeſaid to Roxborough, and by lands of ſaid Hogermaid, Ernſt Kurtz, and Peter Bockius; and the other of them containing 16 acres and 36 perches, be the ſame more or leſs, bounded by a croſs ſtreet, called Briſtol-ſtreet, and by lands of Chriſtian Warner, Peter Kehr, and others; late the eſtate of Samuel North, ſeized and taken in execution by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Saturday, the 11th of July inſt. at one o'clock in the afternoon (and to be ſtruck off preciſely at 4) at the houſe of Edward Wells, in Upper Dublin townſhip, a certain plantation or tract of land, ſituate in Upper Dublin townſhip aforeſaid, containing about 13 acres, be the ſame more or leſs, bounded by lands of Methuſelah Evans, John Burke, Iſaac Wood, Iſaac Shoemaker, Edward Burke, and others; late the eſtate of John Reynolds, ſeized and taken in execution by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Monday, the 13th of July inſt. at 5 o'clock in the afternoon (and to be ſtruck off preciſely at 7) at the houſe of William Miller, in Kenſington, a certain meſſuage or tenement, and lot or piece of ground, ſituate in Kenſington, in the Northern Liberties of Philadelphia, containing in breadth, on Queen-ſtreet, 50 feet 2 inches, and extending in depth into the river Delaware as far as low water mark, bounded by Queen-ſtreet aforeſaid, by the river Delaware at low water mark aforeſaid, and by ground late of John Morris, deceaſed, and others; late the eſtate of John Walſh, ſeized and taken in execution by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Tueſday, the 14th of July inſt. at 6 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-houſe, a certain brick meſſuage or tenement, and lot or piece of ground, ſituate on the north ſide of a certain alley (commonly called Willing's Alley) running from Third to Fourth-ſtreet, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth 21 feet, and in length or depth 41 feet, bounded eaſtward with a lot now or late of James Gillard, weſtward with ground now or late of James Roades, and William Parſons, northward with the Quakers Alms-houſe lot, and ſouthward with Willing's Alley aforeſaid; late the eſtate of Charles Quin, deceaſed, ſeized and taken in execution by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Wedneſday, the 15th of July inſt. at 6 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-houſe, a certain tract or parcel of meadow ground, ſituate in Paſſyunk townſhip, containing about 6 acres and 148 perches, be the ſame more or leſs, bounded by the great road leading from Philadelphia to Paſſyunk, and by ground of Henry Elwes, and others; late the eſtate of Andrew Yorke, ſeized and taken in execution by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

To be SOLD, by way of public VENDUE,
on the 15th day of July inſt. on the premiſes,

A TRACT of well-timbered LAND, containing 1064 acres, with allowance for highways, ſituate on both ſides of a branch of Great Mantua Creek, called Cheſtnut Branch, in the townſhip of Greenwich, in the county of Glouceſter, and weſtern diviſion of the province of New-Jerſey; bounded by lands late of William Gerrard, Samuel Shivers, John Ladd, and James Wood; on which there is a good ſaw-mill, almoſt new, on a large and conſtant ſtream, which affords ſufficient water in the drieſt ſeaſons; diſtant from a Landing on Mantua Creek about 5 miles; there is alſo on ſaid tract a convenient dwelling-houſe, near the mill, an orchard, and about 30 acres of land cleared, fit for tillage. The timber on ſaid tract is chiefly pine, intermixed with large black oak and white oak trees, and in many places ſuitable for farms.

And on the 20th day of July next, will be ſold by public vendue, at the houſe of Jeremiah Chew, Innkeeper, in the townſhip of Glouceſter, a Plantation and Tract of LAND, containing about 205 acres, ſituate on the northerly branch of Great Timber Creek, in the county aforeſaid; on which is a good dwelling-houſe, barn, orchard, and other Improvements; about 60 acres of cleared land, 7 acres of banked meadow, and conſiderable more may be made; the reſidue of ſaid land well timbered. Several years credit will be given for the purchaſe money, on giving good ſecurity, and paying intereſt for the ſame. The whole late the eſtate of Michael Fiſher, junior, deceaſed; and to be ſold, in purſuance of his laſt will and teſtament, by SARAH FISHER, and ROBERT FRIEND PRICE, Execut.

All perſons who are indebted to the eſtate of the ſaid Michael Fiſher, junior, deceaſed, are deſired to make ſpeedy payment of the ſame; and thoſe who have any demands againſt it, are deſired to bring them in, that they may be ſettled. *June 19.* ¶

For CHARLES-TOWN (SOUTH-CAROLINA)

The BRIGANTINE
PRINCE of WALES,
WILLIAM MOORE,
Maſter;

Will ſail with all convenient Speed, having great Part of her Cargoe ready to go on board. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to MASON and HARTLEY, at their Store, near the Old Ferry, or ſaid Maſter on board, lying near Arch-ſtreet Wharff.

To be ſold at ſaid Store, a neat Aſſortment of Eaſt-India and European GOODS; alſo Sheathing Nails and Spikes, &c. †

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

July 16, 1772. NUMB. 2273.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

By Captain *HOSEA*, from *Liverpool*; and Captain *ROSS*, from *Falmouth*; both arrived at *Boſton*, we have the following Intelligence.

COPENHAGEN, April 7.

THE Queen Julia appeared in public Yeſterday for the firſt Time.

Warſaw, April 8. General Elmpt has already entered Lithuania with a Body of Light-Troops, conſiſting of between 15 and 16000 Horſe, and 10 and 11000 Foot.

Mr. Benoit, Envoy from the King of Pruſſia, has declared, that his Maſter's Troops had Orders now to act againſt the Confederates; and the Ruſſian Miniſter has in like Manner declared, that from the preſent Time they will no longer ſet at Liberty any of the Confederates who may be made Priſoners.

Berlin, April 21. Major General Anhalt, whom the King ſent about two Months ago into Poland, to examine and ſet in Order the Line of his Majeſty's Troops there, is returned. Before his Departure from Poland, this General diſperſed with 800 Horſe, a Body of 2000, under the Orders of Zaremba, who loſt in this Action 400 Men, that is to ſay, 250 killed on the Spot, and 150 taken Priſoners, together with 6 Pieces of Cannon. A little before the Action the Confederates inſulted the Line of our Troops, on which General Anhalt acquainted Zaremba, that if they did ſo again, he would attack them; but the Confederates renewing their Inſults, General Anhalt kept his Word, and gave them a thorough Drubbing.

Conſtantinople, March 17. The Ruſſians have again paſſed the Danube near Ruzzig, and obtained ſome Advantage over the Turks, who wanted to hinder their paſſing that River.

We hear that the Armiſtice, between the Porte and Ruſſia, was concluded on the 5th of this Month; and that a regular Correſpondence will be eſtabliſhed between Jaſſy (the Place where the Congreſs is to be held) and the Cities of Vienna, Peterſburgh, Warſaw, Berlin, and Conſtantinople.

LONDON, *April 28.*

Advices from Copenhagen, dated the 11th of this month, inform us, that Sir Robert Keith, the Britiſh Miniſter, departed from that city on Thurſday, the 9th inſtant, for Elſineur.

A company of foot, intended for the youngeſt ſon of Lord Holland, who is at preſent a Cornet of horſe, was among the commiſſions from Ireland that were rejected by the King, and ſent back unſigned.

We are informed from good authority, that peace, in the Eaſt of Europe, notwithſtanding the late ceſſation of arms, is far from being ſo certain an event as has been imagined. The Empreſs of Ruſſia will not permit the Tartars of Crimea to return to their dependances on the Porte; and the Turks, if they permit the Ruſſians to navigate the Black Sea, may give up, at once, Conſtantinople.

The Court of Berlin has undertaken to join the Ruſſians in reducing the Confederates, and in reſtoring the tranquility of Poland.

It is affirmed that the Court of France lately ſignified at St. James's, by their Ambaſſador, that whatever turn the affairs of the reſt of Europe may take, we may rely on their ſtrict neutrality.

They write from Falmouth, that a Dutch man of war is loſt off the Land's End, and all the crew periſhed.

We are deſired to acquaint the public, that there is not any foundation for the late reports of a diſſention in our cabinet, the greateſt harmony imaginable ſubſiſting between all the departments of government.

Late on Saturday night an expreſs arrived from Ireland at St. James's, ſaid to contain more diſagreeable accounts than any that have yet been received from that kingdom.

From Venice, March 26, they write, that all their houſes, ſtreets and fields, are drenched with a ſhower of blood. This phœnomenon has been accounted for upon the principles of natural philoſophy; there having been one wind reigning there for two months together, which had brought the red ſands of the Iſtrian mountains thither, and great quantities of rain falling at the ſame time, had actually diſſolved thoſe red ſands into a fluid ſtate, having the external appearance of blood.

May 2. With regard to the Fate of the Queen of Denmark, it is now with Confidence aſſerted, that ſhe is to be ſent to Zell, and to have a Penſion, in lieu of her Portion, from Denmark, equal to 40000l. per Ann. Sterling; alſo that her looſe Behaviour in the Court was too notorious to be in any Manner vindicated; but there were other Crimes of a blacker Dye laid againſt her. Our Court ſay, that the Fleet which they had ordered prevented any other Puniſhment being inflicted upon her than a Divorce. This is, however, doubted by many, who ſay, that upon a Fleet's being ordered to be fitted out, the French and Pruſſian Miniſters interfered, which ſo effectually frightened our Court, that they gave private Aſſurances, the Orders for fitting out the Fleet ſhould be countermanded, if they would join in an Application to the Daniſh Court, to deliver up the Queen to the Engliſh Miniſter, who would conduct her to Zell; which has been complied with. Without Metaphor or Exaggeration, ſhe may be juſtly called the Meſſalina of Denmark.

A Letter from Conſtantinople, dated March 19, ſays, "A Squadron is fitting out to oppoſe the Enemy's Projects in the Black Sea, and ſeveral Thouſand Workmen are ſent to the Streights of Conſtantinople, to repair the Forts, and to erect new Batteries and Entrenchments, in order to make thoſe Streights as formidable as the Dardanelles. His Highneſs has entered into Contract with ſeveral Merchants of different Nations to furniſh this Capital with Proviſions, and foreign Veſſels are daily arriving here with them; ſo that there is at preſent ſufficient in the Magazines for the Support of an Army.

Houſe of Commons, April 30. Sir Charles Whitworth reported from the Committee of Supply the following Reſolutions of Yeſterday: That the ſum of 6580l. be granted to his Majeſty, to make good to his Majeſty the like ſum iſſued by his Majeſty, purſuant to the Addreſſes of this Houſe: That 2941. 3s. 11d. be made good to his Majeſty, for the like Sum paid by his Majeſty's Orders to ſeveral Perſons in North-Britain, for Loſſes incurred, purſuant to ſeveral Orders of Council for preventing the Spreading of the infectious Diſtemper among the horned Cattle.

The Committee on the Bill for allowing the free Importation of Rice from any of his Majeſty's Colonies in America into this Kingdom, went through with Amendments, to be reported Tomorrow.

Made further Progreſs in the Bill for regulating the Importation and Exportation of Corn.

Lord Mansfield continues to preſide in the Houſe of Peers for the Lord Chancellor, on Account of the great Number of Petitions his Lordſhip has to hear, they amounting to upwards of one hundred and ſixty, the greateſt Number ever remembered.

It is ſaid that, during the Courſe of the Speech made by Lord North Yeſterday, in the Houſe of Commons, his Lordſhip prophefied a Peace for ten Years to come.

The Lottery was Yeſterday, among other Articles of the Budget, voted for the preſent Year, and is to conſiſt of 60,000 Tickets; the original Price of each was declared by his Lordſhip to be 12l. 10s.

A Correſpondent ſays the following may be depended on: Every Thing is accommodated with the Court of Denmark. Two Men of War are ordered to ſail immediately to Copenhagen, with ſeveral Officers of his Majeſty's Houſhold on board, to conduct the Queen of Denmark to Pataiz, from thence to Hanover, where ſhe is to reſide during Life.

Mr. Bradſhaw is appointed one of the Lords of the Admiralty.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman at Rome, March 21.

"His Royal Highneſs the Duke of Glouceſter, finding the Air ſo well to agree with him, will ſtay here till Eaſter at leaſt. His Royal Highneſs could not be better received, or more carreſſed, in any Part of the Globe, than he is here. I don't know whether you would, even in England, go beyond the reſpectful Welcome the Pope and Roman Nobility give him: A preciſe Detail of all the Inſtances of it would go much beyond the Bounds of a Letter; but I am glad there is that charitable and humane Principle now ſo univerſally in the World, that even in the Court of Rome there is not the leaſt Idea of Diſlike to a Perſon on account of Religion, but a Proteſtant Prince is received with as much Cordiality as the beſt Friend to the Church. There are four Pictures painting there of his Royal Highneſs. Mr. Duſign, an Engliſh Painter, paints two Pictures of him, one a whole Length, another half Length, Pompeo paints him: Mr. Hewetſon has modelled him in Clay; and Signior Pickler is to cut his Head in a Cameo."

Yeſterday, in the Houſe of Commons, the Order of the Day was read for Ways and Means, and between four and five o'clock the Houſe went into a Committee, Sir Charles Whitworth in the Chair. Lord North then got up and opened the Budget: A Lottery was propoſed to be ſubſcribed for by thoſe who had three per cents. to have four Tickets at 12l. 10s. a Ticket out of every Hundred, and 40l. in Money, which will be 90l. for every 100l. and no Gentleman to ſubſcribe more than 10,000l. the Subſcription to be opened on Monday, and to be kept open till the 15th Inſtant, when he hoped he ſhould be able to pay off a Million and a Half. Mr. Burke and the Reſt of the Minority objected to ſome Parts of Lord North's Speech reſpecting the Finances. His Lordſhip ſpoke very near two Hours, and at nine o' Clock the Houſe broke up, and Sir Charles Whitworth is to make the Report to the Houſe this Day.

A Nobleman lately arrived in the Neighbourhood of St. James's, from Rome, is greatly ſuſpected to have come here on a ſecret Embaſſy; it is known that he had ſeveral Audiences of a Great Perſonage, and that he does not ſend his Diſpatches to Rome by the Poſt, but by ſpecial Meſſengers.

A Correſpondent obſerved, that thoſe who blame Lord Chatham for neglecting his Duty in Parliament, during the whole of the preſent Seſſions, without once appearing there, ought to excuſe his Lordſhip, as it is the firſt Fault of the Kind he has been guilty of from the Time he firſt became a Member.

By a Vote of the Houſe of Commons, paſſed this Day, Directions are given to the Bank of England to receive the Conſent of the Proprietors of the three per cent. Conſolidated Annuities, and the reduced three per cent. Annuities payable there; and alſo of the old South Sea and new South Sea Annuities, and of Annuities granted Anno 1751, to ſubſcribe their Stock upon the Terms therein mentioned. This Notice is therefore given that Books will be opened at the Bank of England at 11 o' Clock in the Morning on Monday next, to receive ſuch Subſcriptions and Conſent.

We hear, that the Spaniſh Ambaſſador now here, is ſhortly to be recalled, and that he will be ſucceeded by the Duke de Villharmoſa, lately arrived here.

The act, paſſed for the relief of inſolvent debtors, will clear thoſe who were priſoners or fugitives for debt on or before the 1ſt day of January, 1772; and the ſum allowed every priſoner out of his effects (on delivering up all on oath) for wearing apparel, bedding for himſelf and family, working tools, and neceſſary implements for his occupation and calling, is not to exceed 20l. In the preceding inſolvent acts the ſum allowed was only 10l. for thoſe uſes.

Arrived, The Hannah, Mitchell, from New-York, at Londonderry.

JUST PUBLISHED, and to be SOLD by DAVID HALL, *in Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia,*

THE Second Volume of Dr. PRIESTLY's EXPERIMENTAL PHILOSOPHY; containing, The HISTORY and PRESENT STATE of DISCOVERIES relating to VISION, LIGHT and COLOURS.

Facta eſt immenſi copia mundi. OVID.

MATTHIAS SANDHAM,

Is removed from his ſhop, in Front-ſtreet, to Second-ſtreet, next door to Mr. *Jeffereys*, Watch-maker, the houſe Mr. *Chapman*, Whip-maker, lived in, where he continues to ſell all manner of GROCERY, at the loweſt rates; amongſt which are,

JAMAICA SPIRITS, Weſt-India rum, Philadelphia ditto, wines and melaſſes, olives and anchovies, capers, jar and keg raiſins, double and ſingle refined ſugar, lump, Muſcovado and brown ditto, hyſon, ſouchong and bohea teas, chocolate and coffee, ſweet oil, rice, wine vinegar, pepper, allſpice, indigo and ginger. ¶

N. B. Said SANDHAM has to ſell, a tract of LAND, called *Meſopotamia*, ſituate in the Forks of Little Juniata, in the county of Cumberland, containing 432 acres, 100 whereof may be made good meadow.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

STRAYED or STOLEN, but ſuppoſed to be the latter, out of the paſture of the ſubſcriber, the 31ſt of May laſt, a ſorrel MARE, with a ſtar in her forehead, about 14 hands and an half high, ſhod all round, with old ſhoes, lately removed before, is 7 years old this graſs, paces when put forward, but in common is natural to trot; with a lightiſh ſorrel horſe colt at her feet, near 3 weeks old. Whoever ſecures ſaid mare and thief, ſo that the owner may get the mare and colt again, and the thief brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward, or for the mare and colt only, THREE POUNDS, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOSEPH SHARPLESS, living in Kennet townſhip, Cheſter county. *July 6, 1772.* ‖5 7t. 8w.

Philadelphia, July 16, 1772.

THE MEMBERS of *The Society of the Sons of St. George, eſtabliſhed at Philadelphia, for the Advice and Aſſiſtance of Engliſhmen in Diſtreſs*, are deſired to attend their Quarterly Meeting, on Thurſday, the 23d Inſtant, at 7 o'Clock in the Evening, at the Houſe of John Litle.

‖2w. RICHARD PETERS, junior, Secretary.

TO BE SOLD,

At ALEXANDRIA, on Monday, the 17th of Auguſt next, the *Merryland* tract of LAND, containing 6300 acres, ſituate in Frederick county, and province of Maryland.

THIS LAND was formerly advertiſed to be ſold on the 28th of May laſt, at Frederick-town, but by ſome miſunderſtanding betwixt the buyers and ſellers, nothing was done: We have therefore determined to diſpoſe of the whole together, and ſhall ſtrike it off to the higheſt bidder, at the time and place abovementioned.

As it has already been ſufficiently deſcribed in the former advertiſements, it is needleſs now to particularize it again, for it is very well known to be an exceeding valuable tract. Thoſe who incline to view the land, will pleaſe to apply to Mr. CHARLES BEATTY, at Frederick-town, who is perfectly well acquainted with it, and will faithfully ſhew the whole.

One third of the purchaſe-money muſt be paid down, one third in twelve months, and the other third in two years from the ſale, bearing intereſt from the date; immediate poſſeſſion will be given, and a moſt clear and undoubted title will be made the purchaſers, by ADAM STEUART, THOMAS MONTGOMERIE, CUMBERLAND WILSON. *July 2, 1772.*

THIS is to give NOTICE, that the major Part of the Creditors of MOSES WOOD have agreed for his taking the Inſolvent Act, which the Court has allowed of: Therefore, his Creditors are deſired to meet, on Tueſday, the Eleventh Day of Auguſt next, at the Court-Houſe, in Burlington, to ſettle his Accounts. ¶

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

STRAYED or STOLEN, from the ſubſcriber, living in Carnarvon townſhip, Lancaſter county, out of the paſture of John Davies, deceaſed, near Windſor Forge, in ſaid townſhip, the 24th of June, 1772, at night, a ſorrel MARE, between 14 and 15 hands high, four years old, marked M, on each ſhoulder, a ſtar in her forehead, trots and paces. Whoever apprehends ſaid mare and thief, and ſecures them, ſo that the owner may have his mare, and the thief brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, or TWO DOLLARS for the mare only, paid by

8 JAMES M'CONNALL.

Communiter Bona profundere Deum eſt.

EVERY member of the community ought, undoubtedly, to make public whatever is of evident uſe to mankind, elſe he does not act up to the chriſtian, or even moral character. What the ſubſcriber here offers is the ſtudy and labour of many years, and its virtue fully proved, by ſaving the lives of many of his fellow creatures, during 20 years trial; as his eſſential duty, therefore, he offers to the public a moſt ſafe and effectual remedy, for the cure of Bloody Fluxes, entituled, *The Grand Reſtorative Baiſam*, for the cure of *Fluxes*, price 3s 9d. each bottle, with allowance to ſuch as buy to ſell again. The public may be aſſured, that it has not been known to fail once in 500 times, and if the printed directions, given with each bottle, be carefully followed, the ſick may depend on a cure in a little time. Relief is alſo afforded in moſt Chronic Diſeaſes, eſpecially coughs and conſumptions, which, by a medicine adapted to each, are frequently cured, and always relieved. The above medicines are chiefly extracted from herbs and trees of this country's growth, and which coſt the ſubſcriber many years to bring to perfection, and much labour. They are to be had at his houſe, in Lombard-ſtreet, a few doors to the weſtward of the New-market. PATRICK WILSON,

¶ Practitioner in Phyſic.

May 12, 1772.

RUN AWAY *from the ſubſcriber, living at Cornwall Furnace, a Negroe man, named* JACK, *24 or 25 years of age, ſlim made, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, talks good Engliſh; had on, when he went away, a new felt hat, a light coloured coat, ſhort red waiſtcoat, without ſleeves, a good pair of leather breeches, old ſtockings, without feet, new ſhoes, tied with ſtrings; he was lately in the Workhouſe, at Lancaſter, and ſold by Robert Craig, living in Donegall townſhip, who was his maſter at that time. Whoever takes up ſaid Negroe, and brings him to the above Furnace, or ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have THREE POUNDS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by* CURTIS GRUBB.

RUN AWAY *June 12, 1772, from the ſubſcriber, living in George-Town, Kent county, Maryland, an apprentice lad, named* DANIEL JACKSON, *about 16 years of age, dark complexion, and dark brown hair, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, ſlim built, has a down look; had on, when he went away, a dark brown cloth jacket, made ſailor faſhion, and a pair of kerſey trowſers, of the ſame colour. Whoever apprehends and ſecures the ſaid apprentice lad, ſhall have a reward of* FOUR DOLLARS, *and all reaſonable charges, paid by* THOMAS BIVENS. ¶

Kent County, Maryland, July 8, 1772.

RUN away on the 20th of laſt month, from the ſubſcriber, an indented ſervant man, named WILLIAM VICKERS, born in Talbot county, Maryland, about 40 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, thin viſage, has loſt one of his eyes; he is very apt to get drunk, whenever he can get ſtrong liquor; he has been ſome years a Soldier, in the Royal Americans: Had on, when he went away, a coarſe brown jacket, with ſleeves, ozenbrigs ſhirt and trowſers, a felt hat, about half worn, but as he had ſome money with him, it is thought he has changed his clothes, and his name. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that the ſubſcriber may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, and if brought home, reaſonable charges, paid by ISAAC PERKINS. §7t6.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

STRAYED or STOLEN *laſt night, out of the paſture of the ſubſcriber, a ſorrel* MARE, *about 10 years old, 15 hands high, branded on the near buttock and ſhoulder* H, *the mane is trimmed, paces, but trots none, with the mark of a burt on her forehead. Whoever takes up the ſaid mare, ſo that the owner may have her again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by* HENRY HERR. ¶ *Lancaſter, July 4, 1772.*

[For LIST of LETTERS, ſee the Fourth Page.]

An Abſtract of the Bill propoſed for the Regulation of East India Affairs.

THE Bill brought in for the better regulation of the East-India Company's affairs, and for the due adminiſtration of juſtice in Bengal, ſets forth, that his late Majeſty having granted a charter to the united Company of Merchants trading to the East-Indies, which charter, ſo far as it reſpects the Company's ſettlements of Fort William in Bengal, having been found *inadequate* to the purpoſes for which it was granted, the Company have brought a more general and comprehenſive charter for the adminiſtration of juſtice in Bengal, in conformity to which requeſt it is ENACTED, That it ſhall be lawful for his Majeſty to eſtabliſh a *ſupreme Court of Judicature* at Fort William, and to declare, that the ſame ſhall conſiſt of a Chief Juſtice, and three other Judges, to be nominated by the Court of Directors, with the approbation of the Lord High Chancellor, and the Chief Juſtices of the King's Bench and Common Pleas; which ſaid Judges ſhall hold their offices upon the ſame terms and conditions as the Judges of England. Should they be inclined, through illneſs or incapacity, to *reſign* their office, they muſt give a certain number of years notice to the Preſident and Council of Fort William, by which means they will obtain a *licence* from the ſaid Preſident for ſuch reſignation. The Supreme Court of Judicature, thus conſtituted, is to poſſeſs all *Civil, Criminal*, and *Eccleſiaſtical Juriſdiction*, it is to be a *Court of Record*, and a Court of *Oyer Terminer* and *Goal Delivery*, for the town of Calcutta, and the factory of Fort William; perſons, however, within a limited time, are allowed to appeal to his Majeſty, or his heirs, provided they give ſecurity to anſwer the *Coſts* of ſuch appeal, ſo that the matter in litigation exceed in value a certain ſum, to be hereafter ſpecified. This new charter is to extend to *all* ſettlements that may hereafter be acquired, whether in the provinces of Bengal, Bahar, and Oriſſa, and to all *Britiſh Subjects* and *Chriſtians* reſiding in the ſaid provinces, and to all *Natives* who have matters of complaint to urge againſt any of his Majeſty's ſubjects, or againſt any of their own Countrymen. Charges againſt Judges for mal-adminiſtration, ſhall be heard by the Preſident and Council of Fort William; and the Council may *ſuſpend*, upon conviction, but the party aggrieved by ſuch ſuſpenſion, may appeal to his Majeſty. After returning however, to England, he is amenable to the Court of King's Bench in England for any breach of his duty.

It is *further enacted*, that after ſuch a limited time, no Preſident, Governor, Chief Juſtice, or Judge, their Miniſters, or Agents, ſhall be permitted to accept, in *any manner whatever*, preſents or gratuities from any of the Indian Princes; nor ſhall they carry on, or be concerned in traffic or commerce of any kind, for their or any other perſon's uſe, benefit and advantage. For the more effectual obedience to ſuch prohibition, the Preſident, Governor, and each of the Council, ſhall, upon entering on their reſpective offices, ſwear that they will not directly or indirectly receive preſents, or carry on traffic, but that they will to the beſt of their abilities faithfully diſcharge their reſpective offices, without partiality, favour, or affection. Theſe oaths are to be taken before the Chief Juſtice, who is authorized to adminiſter the ſame. The rate of intereſt is to be fixed by this Act, and the perſons taking more than the ſum to be allotted, ſhall be liable to proſecution for an uſurious contract, as in England. The prohibition not to take preſents extends to the *Military* as well as *Civil* Officers of the Company. After a time to be ſpecified, no Subject of his Majeſty ſhall be permitted to enjoy any Office, Civil or Military, under the authority of any Eaſtern or European Power, without an expreſs licence from his Majeſty, under the pain of being ſeverely puniſhed, after due conviction, before the Supreme Court of Judicature, to be eſtabliſhed by the new charter. Neither are any of his Majeſty's Subjects permitted to buy up Artillery, Muſkets, or Fire-arms, except for the uſe of the Company, and perſons convicted of ſuch offence ſhall be liable to a *diſcretionary* puniſhment, to be inflicted by the Supreme Court of Judicature. It is *further enacted*, that the Preſident and Council ſhall, from time to time, iſſue rules and regulations, for the good order and Civil Government of the Company's Settlements, and levy ſuch reaſonable impoſts for the ſupport of the Civil Government in Bengal, and the Preſident and Council for the *time being* are empowered to act as *Juſtices of the Peace* for the ſaid Settlement, and are alſo authorized to hold *Quarter Seſſions* ſo many times within the year, and perform every function which relates to the office. All Fines, incurred by a breach of this Act, ſhall be applied to the Company's uſe and benefit, provided the offending parties ſhall have been tried by a Jury of Britiſh Subjects reſiding at Calcutta, but not otherwiſe; and if any perſon be ſued or proſecuted for any thing done in obedience to this Act, he may plead the general iſſue, and give this Act, and the *ſpecial* matter, in evidence in his defence."

L O N D O N. *May* 2.

Extract of a Letter from Copenhagen.

"That Part of the Account in the London Prints which I have read here, relating to our Queen, is certainly true, though not altogether in the Manner you have it. You muſt know, our Attorney-General acted with great Spirit in the Trial, and dwelt much upon the Part the King has acted in this Buſineſs. He reminded them that the King was not the Proſecutor, though the Offence was alledged againſt him; nay, his Majeſty did not accuſe, but declared he was ſatisfied with the Queen; he confeſſed he thought her too good a Woman for him, and acknowledged that he had long ſince been convinced in his own Conſcience, that he was not a Man good enough for her; and though he plainly perceived ſhe was no Stranger to his Infirmities, ſhe never would turn her back upon her Huſband. When the High Commiſſion Court had heard all this, they began to relent, and, inſtead of the heavy Puniſhment which was expected, they ordered ſhe ſhould have two ſtout Men every Night to attend her."

CHARLES-TOWN (*South-Carolina*) June 18.

Upon the Deceaſe of John Hughes, Eſq; late Collector of His Majeſty's Cuſtoms for this Port, the Right Hon. Lord Charles Greville Montagu, Governor in Chief, &c. of this Province, was pleaſed to appoint Roger-Peter-Handaſyde Hatley, Eſq; to ſucceed Mr. Hughes.---Laſt Week George Roupell, Eſq; received a Deputation from the Board of Commiſſioners at Boſton, appointing *him* to that Office: On Wedneſday, the 10th Inſtant, after taking the uſual Oaths, before James Simpſon, Eſq; he took Poſſeſſion of it, and did Buſineſs. Upon the Governor's Return from the Frontiers, his Excellency was pleaſed to direct Mr. Hatley to reſume the Duties of his Office, under the Commiſſion that had been given him. Mr. Roupell looked upon *his* Appointment to be a legal one, refuſed to give up the Office, and both Collectors did Buſineſs as they were applied to, each diſputing the legal Authority of the other, and Mr. Roupell that of the Governor. Some Councils have been held upon this Occaſion; in Conſequence whereof, on Tueſday Mr. Roupell was ſuſpended, and Mr. Hatley received a new Commiſſion. Both Collectors again did Buſineſs Yeſterday, and Mr. Roupell kept the Office Seal. In the Afternoon, Mr. Hatley put an additional Lock to the Door, which this Morning was broke off, and thrown away, and Mr. Roupell does the Buſineſs. John Morris, Eſq; Comptroller, is alſo ſuſpended, for refuſing to acknowledge any other Collector than Mr. Roupell: But as theſe Gentlemen ſeem determined to act, notwithſtanding their Suſpenſion, it remains now to be decided at Home, whether the Governors, in their reſpective Provinces, or the Board of Commiſſioners, at Boſton, have the ſuperior Authority to fill up caſual Vacancies in the Cuſtoms.----This being a new and extraordinary Diſpute, we thought it our Duty to give the Public the beſt Information we have been able to procure relative thereto, without deſigning to give Offence to any of the Parties.

June 25. We had a very gloomy Appearance for this Year's Crop, as well in Corn and Indigo, as Rice, till the Beginning of this Month, ſince which we have had the moſt promiſing Seaſon imaginable.---'Tis remarkable, that from the Beginning of December laſt, we have ſcarce had any eaſterly Winds, and none that continued more than Thirty-ſix Hours; the like is not remembered by the oldeſt Man here.---Rice continues to ſell at 41. 10s. per Hundred; and Indian Corn is at 20 to 22s. 6d. per Buſhel.

July 2. The laſt Month has proved the cooleſt June ever known here---and as we had moderate Rains almoſt every Day, there is the fineſt Proſpect of a moſt plentiful Crop.

Conſiderable Quantities of Indian Corn have been imported ſince our laſt, yet the Price is not lowered---and Rice ſtill ſells at Four Pounds and Ten Shillings per Hundred Weight.

WILLIAMSBURG, *July* 2.

The Storm of Wind and Hail which fell laſt Thurſday Se'nnight, has ruined many Fields of Wheat, and greatly damaged the young Corn, in ſeveral Counties up James River, as well as in New Kent and Glouceſter; a Number of Houſes were likewiſe thrown down on ſeveral Plantations, and Windows broke to Pieces by the Hailſtones, which were remarkably large.

The Governor has iſſued his Proclamation, and offered a Reward of Fifty Pounds, for apprehending one NICHOLAS CURLETT, lately a Tavern Keeper in Wincheſter, who on the 27th of May laſt barbarouſly murdered Mr. Jeremiah Beall, a Merchant of that Place, by firing through his Door at him with a Rifle. It ſeems Mr. Beall, and ſome others, had been merry-making that Day, and in the Evening, hearing a Fiddle at Curlett's Tavern, they propoſed joining the Company there, but upon their coming were refuſed Admittance by Curlett, who ſhut the Door upon them. They perſiſting in their Reſolution to enter the Houſe, Curlett went through his back Door to a Neighbour's for Powder and Ball, and, upon his Return, finding them ſtill at the Door, inſtantly fired. The Ball entered on one Side of the Forehead of a young Man, Mr. Beall's Storekeeper, which has been ſince extracted, and it is thought he will recover. Mr. Beall received his mortal Wound by a Splinter from the Door.

Laſt Saturday Evening Mr. Cary Gooſeley, of York Town, a promiſing young Gentleman, had the Misfortune to be thrown from an unruly Horſe, which taking Fright, and his Foot hanging in the Stirrup, he was ſo much bruiſed, and otherwiſe hurt, that he expired in a ſhort Time after being taken up. *The untimely Fate of this young Man, ſnatched off in the very Vigour of Life, will, it is hoped, render others more cautious in riding Horſes which they know to be vicious.*

A L B A N Y, *June* 22.

We hear that Sir William Johnſon has, after ſeveral meetings with the deputies from the Miſſiſages, who came to him on account of the murder of their people, at length obtained their ſtrongeſt aſſurances, that they would not attempt to retaliate on any of his Majeſty's ſubjects, and that they appeared thoroughly ſatisfied; whereupon he diſmiſſed them with very handſome preſents, and belts, &c. to the Chiefs of that Nation.

Extract of a letter from a Gentleman in Orange county to his friend.

"I have nothing more to add, but that Mr. ----- ran away on Saturday, married on Sunday, went to Goal on Monday, was tried on Tueſday, and cleared on Wedneſday laſt.---Sudden changes indeed, and a variety of them."

B O S T O N, *July* 6.

We are aſſured that the Hon. Houſe of Repreſentatives, by a Majority of 85 out of 104 Members, did the laſt Week paſs a Number of decent and manly Reſolves, reſpecting the Governor's having and receiving a Support independent of the General Aſſembly; a Copy of which we have not yet received.

We hear from Newport, Rhode-Iſland, that on the Evening of the 26th of laſt Month, a Number of People in Diſguiſe went on board a Sloop, lying in that Harbour, which ſome Time before arrived there from the Weſt-Indies with about 50 Hogſheads of Sugars, which were entered for Exportation, and after taking out the two Waiters belonging to the Cuſtom-houſe, and confining them on board an empty Veſſel that lay near, took out the whole Cargoe; and the next Morning attempted to go off with the Veſſel alſo, but were overtaken by the Cuſtom-houſe Boat, and brought back again.

P R O V I D E N C E (Rhode-Iſland) *July* 4.

Since our laſt Capt. John Peck arrived here from the River Miſſiſippi, with whom came Paſſenger Joſeph Naſh, Eſq; of this Town. By him we learn, that ſince the Concluſion of the Peace the French and Spaniards had ſeduced ſeven Nations of Indians from the Engliſh, by Means of Medals, Colours, and other Preſents, and ſettled them on the Weſtern Banks of the Miſſiſippi; but that John Thomas, Eſq; Deputy-Superintendant of Indian Affairs in that Department, has lately arrived there, and from his former Acquaintance with the Indians, and ſurpriſing Influence he has over them, all the above Nations have determined to return, and ſettle on the Engliſh Side of the River.---The warlike Nation of the Arkanſas have determined to join the Chickeſaws, Shawaneſe and Cherokees, in a War againſt the Kickapoos, for killing ſome Engliſh Settlers on the Ohio and Miſſiſippi.

We further learn, that an unhappy Diſpute having lately ariſen between the Superintendant and Mr. Harris, a Merchant's Clerk at Fort Bute, on the River, they both drew their Swords, when Mr. Harris was killed on the Spot, and the Superintendant ſlightly wounded. He immediately delivered himſelf up, and was to take his Trial at Penſacola.

A few Days before Capt. Peck ſailed from New-Orleans, an Ordinance was publiſhed by the Governor of Louiſiana, by Order of his Catholic Majeſty, prohibiting the Introduction of all Sorts of foreign Cotton Stuffs, or other Stuffs mixed with Cotton, under the Penalty of ſuch Goods being confiſcated, and of Twenty Bits for every Yard of ſuch Goods that ſhall be ſeized.---The like Prohibition, we learn, will take Place throughout his Catholic Majeſty's Dominions.

Capt. Bethell, in a Brig from Philadelphia, arrived in the River juſt before Capt. Peck ſailed, after a Paſſage of 32 Days.

Capt. Frazer, from the Weſt-Indies, on the 21ſt of June, in Lat. 38, Long. 68:30, ſpoke the Ship Elizabeth, bound from Briſtol to Maryland; but, as it blew hard, he did not learn the Maſter's Name.

N E W P O R T, July 6.

Yeſterday arrived here Captain William Bourk, late maſter of the brig Minerva, of this port, who was bound from the Bay of Honduras for Europe, who informs, that himſelf, and ſix more, viz. Captain James Davis, of the ſhip Marquis of Granby, Captain William Chambers, of the ſchooner Polly, of New-Providence, Richard Hayward, Benjamin Knox, John Nichol, and James Fiſher, went aſhore on the 12th of May, at Swan's-Iſland, in one boat, to look for a good watering place, their veſſels being ſhort of water; but the wind and tide prevented the veſſels getting near in with the Iſland that day, ſo they concluded to ſtay aſhore till next morning, in hopes they would get in with the iſland:---When morning came they could but juſt diſcern their veſſels, when they put off, and endeavoured to get on board; but ſoon after the wind and ſea roſe ſo high that their boat was almoſt filled, and they were obliged to keep before the wind, and could neither fetch the veſſels nor the iſland.---Next day, ſeeing nothing of the veſſels, they concluded to make the firſt land they could, and after being in the boat 8 days, without ſcarce any thing to eat, they reached Rattan. Benjamin Knox and Richard Hayward died in the boat, and Capt. Davis and John Nichol died almoſt as ſoon as they landed.

N E W-H A V E N, *July* 10.

Laſt Wedneſday evening, about half after 9 o'clock, began here an extraordinary appearance of the Aurora Borealis, or Northern Light, which ended with the morning Twilight; while it continued it was, for the moſt part, of an uniform luſtre, but there were ſome intervals when it almoſt diſappeared. The main body lay above the horizon in the form of a regular arch, the higheſt part of which might be about 9 or 10 degrees above it, and directly under the Pole-Star.---The arch ſubtended about 120 deg. of the horizon, and was moſtly of a palid hue; from which, as a ground work, there would frequently dart forth in quick ſucceſſion, brighter gleams of light, reſembling pillars of ſmoke, in forms of pyramids, to the heighth of about 25 deg. above the horiſon.

But what was moſt extraordinary attending the general Phænomenon, was a very conſpicuous and conſtant corruſcation, or flaſhing of light from the forementioned arch, which by an undulatory motion would ſpread promiſcuouſly through all parts of the appearance, like flaſhes of lightning from clouds; but no noiſe was heard from it.---The luſtre was ſo great in ſome parts, that the two Pointers in the conſtellation of the Great Bear were almoſt rendered inviſible, which otherwiſe would have been very conſpicuous, as the ſky was very ſerene during the whole.---The wind at due North.

N E W-Y O R K, *July* 13.

Wedneſday laſt Capt. Pruden arrived here in 10 Days from New-Providence, and informs us, that on the 28th ult. the Captain of a Sloop, from this Port for Penſacola, and ſome of his People, arrived there from Crooked-Iſland, where they had the Misfortune to be caſt away, a few Days before; that the Veſſel was entirely loſt, but moſt of the Cargoe ſaved, and was brought up to Providence.

A Snow from Liverpool arrived at Barbados laſt May, the Captain of which, being a Man of Veracity, reported, that about 62 Leagues E. by S. from that Iſland, he diſcovered a flat curled Rock, a little above the Surface of the Water; that he hoiſted out his Boat, went cloſe to it, but could find no Bottom with a Line of 90 Fathom.

We hear from Cockſoky, in Albany County, that on Friday, the 3d Inſtant, there fell at that Place a moſt terrible Shower of Hail, ſome of it being near the Size of Geeſe Eggs. The Damage done by it is ſo great, that it is ſaid whole Fields of Graſs and Corn are deſtroyed, and many Farmers will have no Harveſt this Seaſon: Several Calves, Sheep and Hogs, were killed, and two Negroes, who happened to be out in the Storm, were very much hurt.

The Man, lately murdered at Stockbridge, in New-England, proves to be one James Farrell, of Greenwich, in New-Jerſey, where he left a Wife, and ſeveral Children: The Murderer is ſaid to be one Harvey, who broke Albany Goal, where he was lately committed for Theft.

P H I L A D E L P H I A, *July* 16.

MARRIED. Mr. BENJAMIN CATTELL, of South-Carolina, to Miſs POLLY M'CALL; Mr. WILLIAM TURNER, of this City, Merchant, to Miſs ABBY ANTHONY; and Mr. THOMAS SCULLY, of Chriſtiana-Bridge, Merchant, to Miſs POLLY ALDRIDGE, of New-Caſtle Hundred.

Capt. Peel, from Liſbon, on the 24th ult. in Lat. 25:2, Long. 53:48, ſpoke the Schooner Sally, Capt. Hopkins, from New-Haven for Dominica, out 24 Days: On the 1ſt inſt. in Lat. 33:22, Long. 67:29, ſpoke a Sloop, from Virginia for Antigua, out 7 Days; and on the 3d, in Lat. 35:14, Long. 69:26, ſpoke a Sloop from Georgia, who had loſt her Bowſprit; but could not learn the Maſter's Name, out 3 Days.

By a Gentleman who came Paſſenger with Capt. Peel, we have Advice, that the Ship Polly, Capt. Carmichael, from London for Maryland, having ſprung a leak at Sea, put into Liſbon in great Diſtreſs; ſhe had five Feet Water in her Hold, and all the Pumps choaked with the Ballaſt. It is imagined ſhe will be detained ſome Time to refit.

Capt. Bulkeley, from Liſbon, on the 14th of May, ſpoke the Snow Dickenſon, Capt. Johnſton, from this Port for Bilboa: On the 1ſt. ult. in Lat. 29:48, Long. 31:10, ſpoke a Sloop from Senegal for London, out 14 Days: On the 23d, in Lat. 35:27, Long. 61:40, ſpoke a Ship from South-Carolina for London, out 10 Days; and on the 27th, in Lat. 37:58, Long. 66:11, ſpoke the Ship Buchanan, Capt. Moodie, from New-York, for Madeira, all well.

Captain Sawyer, from North-Carolina, on the 8th Inſtant, about 15 Leagues to the Eaſtward of Cape Henry, ſpoke a Schooner, from Virginia for Antigua, out one Day; and on the 11th, in Lat. 36:6, he ſpoke a Sloop, from this Port for Cape-Fear, all well.

Captain Williams, from Antigua, a few Days ago, on the Edge of Soundings, ſpoke a large three Deck Ship, from Virginia for London, two Days out, but did not learn the Maſter's Name.

At the MAYOR's Court, held in this City laſt Week, Twenty-one Priſoners were tried for divers Felonies, when one was ordered to be whipt, and ſtand twice in the Pillory; Six others to be twice whipt; and Twelve more to receive the Diſcipline of the Poſt, which was put in Execution on Saturday laſt.

At the ſame Court two Men were tried as Cheats, found guilty, and ſentenced to pay a Fine of One Hundred Pounds each, and ſuffer Three Months Impriſonment.

CONSTABLES appointed for the City of *Philadelphia*, *July* Seſſions, 1772.

City Conſtable. James Delaplane.

Cheſtnut Ward. Robert Patton, William Burn.

Dock Ward. Dunning Irwin, John Keen, William Morris, John Smith.

Upper Delaware Ward. Thomas Forreſt, Henry Sleiſman.

Lower Delaware Ward. Phineas Herling, William Shippey.

Walnut Ward. Alexander Grimes, Dean Timmons.

High-ſtreet Ward. William Coxe, John Care.

North Ward. Iſaac Phipps, John Warner.

South Ward. James Barnes, David Jones.

Middle Ward. Thomas Harriſon, Iſaac Gray, Henry De Berrier, John Winney.

Mulberry Ward. John Thomas, John Graff, Conrad Hoff, Jacob Stonemetz.

*** The Public are cautioned to beware of Counterfeit Pennſylvania TWENTY SHILLING Bills, as ſome are now paſſing among us, dated May 1, 1760; they are badly cut on Copper-Plate, and may eaſily be diſtinguiſhed, the Paper looking whiter and ſmoother than the true Bills.

Meſſieurs HALL and SELLERS,

Pleaſe to give the following EXTRACTS, &c. *a Place in your next* GAZETTE.

I AM one of your conſtant Cuſtomers, and have great Pleaſure in reading the many entertaining, as well as inſtructing Obſervations in your uſeful Paper; but I am alarmed when I look over the Advertiſements; the almoſt innumerable Villainies that are committed in theſe Colonies, on this extenſive Continent, among which Horſe-ſtealing, like an epidemical Diſtemper, has ſo ſpread over the whole Country, that the honeſt Farmers muſt be undone, unleſs ſome Remedy be applied. I propoſed to my Neighbours to petition the Legiſlature for Relief, when one, more accurate than the others, put into my Hand an Act paſſed without Limitation, in the 13th Year of the Reign of Queen ANNE, which, if put in Execution, would in a great Meaſure prevent or detect the villainous Perpetrators, that are now permitted unmoleſted to travel through this and the neighbouring Colonies. The 7th and 8th Sections of the Act are as follow.

Be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That all Seamen, Soldiers, Servants, and other Labourers and ſuſpected Perſons, who ſhall travel in and through this Province without a Paſs, from one or more Juſtices of the Peace of this or the neighbouring Provinces, ſignifying that he, ſhe or they, are free Perſons, it ſhall and may be lawful for any Conſtable, or other Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, to take up all ſuch vagrant Perſons, travelling without Paſſes as aforeſaid, and him, her or them, to carry before any Juſtice of the Peace of this Province, who ſhall ſtrictly examine all ſuch Perſons, ſo brought before him, and all ſuch as can give no good Account of themſelves, and the Cauſes and Reaſons of their Travelling, ſhall be by the ſaid Juſtice committed to the common Goal of the County, where taken up, there to remain till thence delivered by Order of their Captain, Maſter, Miſtreſs, or other due Courſe of Law.

And be it enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That any Boatman or Ferryman, who ſhall carry or tranſport into or out of this Province, or over any Ferry within the ſame, any of the Perſons above mentioned, without Paſſes as aforeſaid, or any Keeper of a Public Houſe, who ſhall entertain ſuch Servants, Seamen or Soldiers, as aforeſaid, not having Paſſes, and not apprehend the ſaid Perſons, and ſecure them, ſo as the ſaid Perſons may be brought before ſome of Her Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace, every Perſon ſo offending, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, ſhall, for every ſuch Offence, forfeit the Sum of Forty Shillings, to be recovered by the Captain, or other Commanding Officer of ſuch Soldier or Seaman, the Maſter or Miſtreſs of ſuch Servant, or any other, injured by ſuch Carriage, Ferriage, Tranſportation or Entertainment, before any Juſtice of the Peace of ſaid Province as aforeſaid.

I make not the leaſt Doubt but our neighbouring Colonies have Laws ſimilar, if not ſuperior, now in Force, which, if put in Execution, would in a great Meaſure prevent the Evil, ſo much complained of, and alſo prevent the almoſt innumerable Number of Deſerters and Servants, daily advertiſed, from eſcaping. And

can you, my Countrymen, complain, when you have such excellent Laws for your Protection and Security, and you will not put them in Execution? I am amazed at your Supineness and Inactivity. Let us, one and all, put the aforesaid Law in Execution, and we shall at least rid this Colony of those idle Vagrants. They will, like the Natives in the late War, be afraid of the Jersey Shore. And if our Neighbours will not set the Example, let us begin, and they will soon follow. If these Observations should be improved by some abler Hand, and the other Printers will take it from your Paper, they and you will greatly oblige your Customers in this Colony, as well as give Pleasure to

A JERSEY FARMER.

Hunterdon County, New-Jersey, July 6, 1772.

An Anecdote of the Royal Libertine CHARLES II.

A Private yeoman of the guards refused the favours of the mistress of a Prince. The lady, upon some disgust taken to her Royal lover, fixed her eyes on this man, to gratify at once her loose inclinations and her resentment, and she imagined she had only to speak her mind. The honest yeoman would not comprehend her meaning; he avoided all opportunities of conversation as much as possible; but when he found no stratagems could free him from her pressing pursuits, he told her,------he was married.

The story reached the King, with all its circumstances; and it was expected the merry Monarch would laugh heartily at the fellow's foolish chastity: But, on the contrary, he sent for him; and finding that he was a gentleman, though reduced to that humble station, he gave him an appointment suitable to his birth, and candidly told him, that though he was not honest enough to be virtuous himself, he admired it in others."

PRICE CURRENT *of the following Goods in* Philadelphia.

Flour 21s. 9d. Wheat 8s. 3d. Indian Corn 3s. 9d. Ship Bread 22s. 6d. Middling Ditto 32s. White Ditto 60s. Pipe Staves 10l. Barrel Ditto 3l. 10s. Hogshead Ditto 6l. 10s. Red Oak Ditto 5l. Beef 4l. Pork 5l. West-India Rum 3s. 1d. New-England Ditto 2s. 2d. Pennsylvania Ditto 2s. 2d. Madeira Wine 40l. to 60l. Muscovado Sugar 45s. to 56s. Melasses 20d. Pennsylvania Loaf Sugar 11d. Pitch 14s. Tar 14s. Turpentine 18s. Tobacco 25s. to 40s. Rice 28s. Lisbon Salt 20d. Bohea Tea 4s. Hemp 6d. Cotton 15d. Bar Iron 28l. Pig Iron 8l.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Brig Mary, W. Leaycraft, from Saltertuda. Brig Sophia, B. Peel, Lisbon. Brig Sally, A. Hunter, Honduras. Ship King of Portugal, R. Bulkeley, Valencia. Sloop Rachel, S. Parker, Virginia. Sloop Charlotte, W. M'Cunn, and Sloop Patty, S. Correy, N. Carolina. Sloop Dove, D. Ferguson, and Sloop Sally, T. Alberson, New-York. Snow Sally, R. Curtis, Waterford.

OUTWARDS. Brig Content, D. Wilkinson, for Barbados. Brig Anna, G. Carr, Dominica. Sloop Charlotte, B. Woods, New-York. Brig Georgia Packet, J. Souder, Georgia. Brig Conway, J. Bowditch, Grenades. Sloop Nesbitt, S. Green, and Ship King of Portugal, R. Bulkeley, Lisbon.

CLEARED. Sloop Rachel, S. Parker, to Virginia. Sloop Nancy and Peggy, A Mills, N. Carolina. Brig Bolton, J. Harr, Barbados. Sloop John, P. Kollock, St. Vincents. Schooner Russell, N. Martin, Maryland. Sloop Susanna, W. Wyar, Piscataqua. Brig Elizabeth, J. Davidson, Jamaica. Sloop Defiance, W. Smith, Hispaniola. Snow Britannia, R. Eyres, Ship Commerce, C. Alexander, and Ship Boyne, S. Conyngham, Lisbon. Sloop Little Peggy, J. Smith, N. Providence. Sloop Hopewell, W. Carlisle, and Brig Anna, G. Carr, Dominica.

LISBON WINE, OLIVES, CAPERS, BOTTLING CORKS, &c.

To be SOLD, by

CHARLES WHARTON,

At his STORE, near the DRAW-BRIDGE. ¶

ANN PEARSON, MILLINER,

HAVING removed from her late Dwelling, and opened her Shop, in the fifth House southward of the Friends Meeting-house, in Second-street, will be much obliged to her former Customers for a Continuance of their Favours; where they, and others, may be supplied with all Kinds of Millinery and Linen Drapery GOODS, as usual, and on the lowest Terms, for ready Money. *Philadelphia, July 11, 1772.* †

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to sale, on Monday, the 27th of July instant, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon (and to be struck off precisely at 5) at the house of Jacob Neff, lately kept by HENRY Younken, in Springfield township, a certain messuage or tenement, and 3 contiguous tracts or parcels of land, situate in Whitemarsh township; one of them containing 52 acres, or thereabouts, bounded by Springfield line, and by lands late of Edward Farmer, and others; one other of them containing 24 acres and a half, bounded by the next described piece, and by land late of William Barge, and others; and the other of them containing 35 acres and 70 perches, bounded by lands late of William Dewees, and others; late the estate of David Stripe, seized and taken in execution by JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to sale, on Tuesday, the 28th of July instant, at six o' clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-house, a certain messuage or tenement, and lot or piece of ground, situate on the south side of Carter's-alley, and on the west side of a certain 10 feet alley, in the city of Philadelphia; containing in breadth, on Carter's-alley aforesaid, 18 feet, and in length or depth, along the 10 feet alley aforesaid, 42 feet; bounded by said Allies, and by ground of Darby Savadge, Ebenezer Call, and others; late the estate of William Mitchell, seized and taken in execution by JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

TO BE SOLD,

On MONDAY next, the 20th instant, at 7 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-house,

A LOT, together with all the improvements, situate on the east side of Front street, a little below the Blue Bell; the lot is 38 feet front, and 158 feet deep, has on it a good brick tenement, 14 feet by 16½, two stories high, with a good cellar, also an oven to accommodate a baker; one other well-finished frame dwelling-house and kitchen, 2 stories high, and a small oven for family use, a good dry walled cellar under the house; also a well-finished frame pot-house, and kiln-house, 37 feet by 22; also a frame warehouse, 35 feet by 11, properly fitted for the use, with two floors, shelves, &c. the pot-house is also properly shelved and fitted for the potting business; on the lot is a good double necessary-house, and a well 18 feet deep. The purchaser, on paying one half the money down, may have one year's credit for the remainder, without interest, on giving security, if required. †W.

LEFT at the House of the Subscriber, living at the Sign of the Black Horse, in Lower Merion Township, Philadelphia County, about the Middle of December last, by a Waggoner, A PIPE of WINE. The Owner is desired to come, prove his Property, and take it away.

¶ WILLIAM STADDLEMAN.

WAS stolen from the subscriber, living in West-Nantmill township, Chester county, on the night of the 11th instant July, a bright bay MARE, a natural pacer, shod all round, 7 years old last spring, between 14 and 15 hands high, a lengthy well made mare, carries herself well either under the saddle or in gears, her mane is trimmed under the bridle, and hangs to both sides; it is worn off under the collar, where there are some few white hairs; she has a switch tail, and a small lump on the middle of her back, occasioned by a hurt; her near eye is somewhat remarkable, with a natural black scum over the lower corner of it. Whoever takes up and secures said mare and thief, so that the owner may have his mare, and the thief brought to justice, shall have Five Pounds reward, or Forty Shillings for the mare, paid by JOHN GARDNER.

N. B. The mare has neither brand nor ear-mark. ‡

DOCTOR GEORGE WEED

DESIRES to inform the public, that he hath for sale these excellent medicines: A Syrup and Powder for the Flux, which, in years past, hath cured hundreds, and relieved abundance of children of that fatal disorder a vomiting and purging, which gives him great satisfaction, to think he was made an instrument to relieve any of those painful disorders; he hath by him (out of the multitudes) a number of certificates of extraordinary cures which were performed by the syrup and powder, and which will be given gratis to those who purchase the medicines: The syrup is sold at 5s. and 2s. 6d. the bottle; the powders at 6d. the paper. Also the

ROYAL BALSAM. The virtues of which are too great to be described in the small compass of a news-paper; it hath cured bruises in the finger, where the end, with the nail, hath been taken off, and in legs that have been bruised to the very bone; hath taken away felons at their first appearance, cures corns on the toes and feet, helps pains in the back, either from strains, weakness, cold, or rheumatism; it cures all sorts of wounds, prevents fungus flesh from growing, and heals them up sound: It is sold at 3s. the bottle, with directions of its use and virtue.

SYRUP OF BALSAM. This medicine hath cured abundance of people of coughs and colds, and is as excellent a medicine to remove consumptive coughs, and give them ease, as any ever yet discovered; it helps asthmas, or shortness of breath; and for the encouragement of those who are troubled with any of the above disorders, he hath inserted the following letter:

New-Castle county, May 13, 1771.

DR. GEORGE WEED, Please to let the bearer have some of thy Syrup of Balsam, I have had several times of it from thee, and have received great benefit from it, as well as many others, who I advised to get of it. Thee desired the last person, by whom I sent for some, to let thee know, by a few lines, what service they have been to me, as also my disorder, for which I took them. In compliance to thy request, this comes to inform thee, I have had, for several years past, what I apprehend a kind of an asthma, which is a difficulty of breathing, especially after smart exercise, and most troublesome in the winter season. Last spring I was taken with an extreme fit of it, which lasted 24 hours, on taking a vomit I got some relief as to breathing, but an excessive cough followed it with severs, and was in a low state of health till the latter end of summer, when reading an advertisement in the papers of the aforesaid medicine, I immediately sent for some (a 6s. vial) before I had used one half of it, I could find a great alteration for the better, and before I had taken the whole I coughed but very little. And, through the blessing of Divine Providence, am restored to a pretty good state of health. I think not to be long without it in the house, as I have a great opinion of its good effects, so conclude, with esteem, thy real friend,

JOHN MERISS.

It is sold at 2s. and 3s. 9d. per bottle.

TINCTURA AMARA, OR BITTER TINCTURE. This strengthens the stomach, helps digestion, stops vomiting, eases pains in the stomach and bowels, helps the cholick, and a dizziness in the head; it kills worms in children, helps the jaundice; by taking of it prevents the fever and ague; and preserves health: Sold at 2s. the bottle.

The subscriber, having been afflicted with a dizziness, or swimming of the head, so bad that I could not walk without staggering, and was sick at my stomach sometimes, and I applied to an able physician, and received but little help, so that I was quite discouraged, and was afraid it would turn to fits. Being advised to take a bottle of Dr. George Weed's Tinctura Amara, after some persuading I complied, and took one bottle, which gave me great relief, and by continuing of it for some time my disorder was quite removed; and since I have made great use of it in my family, which has proved very successful, in curing them of many complaints, such as a pain in the stomach and bowels, sickness at the stomach and vomiting, and hath killed and brought away worms, I found as much help by this medicine as any one I ever used, I advised my neighbours to get of it, and they did, and used it in their families with great success, and I must recommend it as an excellent medicine.

New-Jersey, March 4, 1771. G. SMITH.

A few Lines left in my Hands.

"Friend JAMES JOHN, I desire you to go to Dr. WEED's, and get me a bottle of his Tinctura Amara, it will cost you Two Shillings. Pray don't forget, it is the best thing I ever had. DAVID THOMAS.

ESSENCE OF TAR. This is a most excellent medicine to cure sprains and bruises, by bathing with it, and cures all kinds of pains. Taken inwardly, it answers all the purposes for which tar-water hath been given, in curing all kinds of disorders, which hath been so highly commended by Bishop Berkely.

"I do hereby certify, that I had the misfortune of spraining my knee, in Philadelphia, on the 17th day of May, 1772, (which was so bad I could scarcely walk) and having applied the Essence of Tar, which I bought of Dr. George Weed, received such benefit from that medicine, that I am now able to go about my business, as usual. Given under my hand, in Philadelphia, this 25th day of May, 1772.

WILLIAM WALLACE."

ELIXIR SUDORIFIC: To cure the Rheumatism and Gout, by easing the pains; and directions for its use and virtue will be given with it.

AQUA OPHTHALMICA. Eye Water, to cure inflamed eyes. Also an excellent ointment for sore eyes; and a water to take films from the eyes.

A Powder and Ointment to cure the piles, and other Medicines, as usual, with most of the Patent Medicines.

The above medicines prepared and sold by Dr. GEORGE WEED, in Market-street, opposite the London Coffee-house.

ALL persons having any demands against the estate of Doctor THOMAS ANDERTON, deceased, are desired immediately to send their accompts, properly attested, in order to be put in as speedy a manner of payment as possible; and all such persons as are indebted to said estate, are requested to make speedy payment to MARY ANDERTON, Administratrix. *Philadelphia, July 14, 1772.*

STRAYED AWAY,

FROM the subscriber, living in Kingsess, 1 mile from the Lower Ferry, A LARGE BLACK AND WHITE COW, about 6 years old, with a pretty large bag, and near the calving. Whoever takes up the said cow, so that the owner may have her again, or will bring her to MARGARET DUNCAN, in Second-street, between Arch and Market-streets, shall have TEN SHILLINGS reward, and reasonable charges, paid by me DAVID TELFAIR. †

THIS is to give notice to the creditors of Benjamin Ong, that, pursuant to the Act of Assembly for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, he intends to petition to the Court of Quarter Sessions, for the county of Burlington, which petition has been signed by two thirds of his creditors in value; which Court is to be held at Burlington, on the second Tuesday in August next. Therefore his creditors are desired to shew cause, if any they have, why an assignment of said Ong's estate should not be made, and his body discharged from confinement.

July 11, 1772. † BENJAMIN ONG.

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, living near Christiana Bridge, on the 21st day of June last, a servant GIRL, named MARGERY DIAMOND, but may possibly change it to ROANY; had on, when she went away, a linsey petticoat, a striped linen bed gown, no shoes; black haired, much freckled, and looks a squint with both eyes, very much given to drink and loose company, about 25 years of age, this country born. Whoever takes up said girl, and secures her in any of his Majesty's goals, or brings her home to the subscriber, shall receive the above reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by

HENRY BRAKEN.

N. B. All masters of vessels, or others, are forbid to harbour or carry off said servant, at their peril. §

WE, the subscribers, being appointed by the Court of Common Pleas for York county, to audit the accounts, and adjust the demands of the several creditors of WILLIAM LONGLY, of said county, yeoman, lately absconded, by virtue of the said appointment, and by force of the Act of Assembly, entituled, *An Act to rectify Proceedings upon Attachments*, do give notice, that there will be exposed to sale, on Saturday, the 15th day of August next, at the Court-house, in York, a messuage, plantation, and tract of land, on which the said *Longly* lately dwelt, in Warrington township, York county, at ten o' clock in the forenoon of said day; attached as the estate of the said *Longly*, where all creditors are requested to produce their accounts to said Auditors, who will give attendance. WILLIAM MATTHEWS, JOSEPH ADLUM, MICHAEL HAHN, Auditors.

York, July 9, 1772. ¶

Germantown, July 14, 1772.

To be SOLD, by way of public VENDUE, on Friday, the 14th day of the next month (August) on the premises (if not sold by private sale before that time)

A LARGE stone messuage, or tenement, and lot or piece of ground thereto belonging, situate in Germantown aforesaid, fronting the main street thereof, and near the center of said town, suitable and convenient for carrying on public business, it having been, for many years past, occupied as a well accustomed tavern, being the same where the subscriber now dwells; the said house is a well built compleat two story building, 4 rooms on each floor, with entries throughout, a large convenient cellar under the whole, the garrets also separated into 4 rooms, well plaistered and finished, with an entry throughout, a large convenient kitchen and piazza adjoining the house, also convenient stabling, out-houses, and yard-room, &c. the lot is 78 feet front, and 636 feet deep, including a thriving orchard of good fruit trees, and a well enclosed garden; the whole is in good repair. A considerable part of the purchase-money may lie in the purchaser's hands for some years to come, paying interest, and giving good security, if required. The title is indisputable. For view of the premises, and terms of sale, apply to the subscriber, on the premises.

SARAH MACKENET.

N. B. Also to be sold at private sale, by the said subscriber, a healthy Negroe MAN, in the prime of life; he is a good cook, very handy at serving at table, taking care of horses, or any other usual business, and is honest and trusty, so far as has hitherto been discovered. ‡

RUN away, this morning, from the subscriber, an Irish servant man, named JOHN M'CARTER, who says he is a millwright to trade; he has straight black hair, of a very dark complexion, and much pitted with the small-pox; about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high; had on, when he went away, a white upper jacket, of country cloth, red under ditto, without sleeves, coarse hickory shirt and trowsers, old felt hat, and old shoes. Whoever takes up said runaway, and brings him to me, the subscriber, living near Peach-Bottom ferry, in York county, shall have FORTY SHILLINGS reward, paid by

June 29, 1772. ¶ JOHN COOPER.

To be SOLD, pursuant to the last will and testament of *Ananias Sayre*, jun. deceased, in Cumberland County, in West-Jersey,

A PLANTATION, containing 127 acres of LAND, pleasantly situated in a healthy part of the Country, about half a mile from Kingstown, formerly known by the name of the Cross Roads; it is a suitable place for a shopkeeper, as there is a shop built for that purpose; the King's road runs through the said place, and the stage-waggon passes and repasses every week. There are on the said premises a frame house, two rooms on a floor, and a cellar under one of them, a frame kitchen, with a large shed, extending itself along the front of the house, leading to a pump of excellent water; also a frame barn, a good peach orchard, and an apple orchard, of the best fruit. Likewise 10 acres of salt marsh, lying on the west side of Stow-creek, in the said county. The above is part of the estate of the said SAYRE, and to be sold, by ¶ JOB BUTCHER, Executor.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, the 12th day of this instant July, from the subscriber, living in Ridley township, Chester county, a servant lad, named HOLLIDAY KNOWLES, born in England, about 20 years of age, is about five feet six or seven inches high, of a fair complexion, thin visage, light coloured hair, has a large nose, and is very apt to look down, when spoke to. Had on, when he went away, a thirty shilling hat, a light coloured home made cloth coat, lined with striped linsey woolsey, with white metal buttons, a light coloured plush jacket, without sleeves, striped trowsers, home made flaxen shirt, and old pumps, with large copper buckles in them. He went away with two men, who said they lived with Samuel Cooper, in the Jerseys, opposite Philadelphia, one of whom said he was a servant to said Cooper. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so that his master may have him again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by ¶ JOHN CROSBY.

Philadelphia, July 7, 1772.

RAN away, yesterday morning, from the subscriber, a servant man, named HOPKINS DRIVER, by trade a blacksmith, about 35 years of age, about five feet high, has a thin face, pale look, bowed thighs, sore shins, and is in particular broken belly'd; the front part of his head newly shaved, wears a brown wig, very much pock-marked, was born in London, is very fond of strong liquor, and excessive talkative about his work. He calls himself an iron-plate worker. It is probable he will hire himself for plantation work. Had on, when he went away, a lightish coloured coat, which has been let out at the sides, a waistcoat, a pair of ticken trowsers, a new check shirt, a new beaver hat, and a pair of shoes, with buckles. He took off with him, an Apprentice Boy, named JOHN WASSON, about 13 years of age, born in Ireland, (from whence he came to New-York with the 26th regiment) and speaks very broad with the brogue. Had on when he went away, a felt hat, white linen shirt, a blue coat, a pair of linen trowsers, half-worn shoes, with block-tin buckles. He is very much pock-marked. Whoever takes up said servant and apprentice, and secures them in any goal, so that their master may have them again, shall receive FORTY SHILLINGS for both, or TWENTY SHILLINGS for each, of me JOSEPH HOLDSTOCK, at the sign of the coffee-mill, in Front-street, opposite the Bank Meeting-House, near Arch-street, Philadelphia. ¶

July 13, 1772.

FOUR POUNDS, Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, in Passyunk Township, yesterday morning, an apprentice lad, by trade a weaver, named JACOB HUNTER, between 18 and 19 years of age, as will appear by his indenture, which he has taken with him; he is about 5 feet 4 inches high, of a slender make, thin visage, wears his own light-brown straight hair, has a down look, and takes particular long strides in walking. Had on when he went away, an half-worn felt hat, with a red spot on the out side of the crown, a white linen shirt, a brown homespun cloth coat, with yellow metal buttons, faded blue thickset waistcoat and breeches, blue and white mixt yarn stockings, pretty much worn shoes, with Pinchbeck buckles. He took with him some other cloaths, and may perhaps change his dress. Whoever takes up and secures said apprentice-lad, so that his master may have him again, shall have the above reward of FOUR POUNDS, *and reasonable charges, paid by me* ‡ JOHN MESSMER.

N. B. For the reward apply to HENRY FUNK, *at the Black Bear, in Market-street; or to* HENRY REINHARD, *at the Green Tree, in Race-street, Philadelphia.*

He is supposed to be in Town yet. All masters of vessels, and others, are forbid to harbour or carry him off, at their peril.

A WOMAN, of a good Character, wants a Place as a HOUSE-KEEPER. Enquire of the PRINTERS hereof. ¶

LIST of LETTERS *remaining in the Poſt-Office, at Philadelphia.*

JAMES ARMITAGE, Robert Anderſon, Joſeph Allen, Johanna Anthony, James Anderſon, James Armſtrong, Philadelphia; William Adair (2) Shearman's Valley.

B. Bagnall and Ashburoy, Charles Bary (2) John Bowman, William Banks, William Brown, Henry Burges, John Blair, John Baily, Hilton Blackborn, Joſeph Bullock, Philadelphia; William Bryan, John Brown, William Bowman, Bucks County; Robert Bready, Neſhaminey; Joſhua Bennet, Lower Smithfield; Henry Bacon, Kent County.

C. Thomas Cabeen, Philip Colvin, Archibald Chiſholm, Samuel S. Coale, Peggy Carty, Robert Campbell, Captain Curly, James Counar, Edward Connelly, Stephen Cronen, James Camron, Thomas Chapman, William Chatto, John Chaſe, Andrew Cloufton, John Chutham, Philadelphia; Reuben Calkin, Pennſylvania; Jonathan Cannalt, Mount-Holly.

D. Mary Dugrid, John Dugrid, Charles Doherty, James Dalton, Captain Alexander Dyer, Thomas Daly (3) Grace Dowell, Arthur Duff, Morinah Drace, For the Dutch Sugar Houſe, Philadelphia; William Davidſon, Horſham; William De Couney, Bucks County; William Denny, facing Reedy Iſland; James Dundaſs, Kenſington; William Douglaſs, Glouceſter.

E. William Edwards (2) Enoch Edwards, James Emerſon, Philadel. Joſeph Eaton, Whitemarſh; Joſeph Elliot, Bucks Co.

F. Judy Fitzſimons, George Foreſt, John Finlay, John Floyd, Philadelphia; Job Fellows, Penſsgrove; John Fakendor, Pennſylvania.

G. Saunders Gordin, Catherine Galbreath, Richard Goodman, William Gough, Eliz. Gundlin, Capt. John Graham, John Granger, James Glinn, Mary Gaſkins, Francis Gilliſan, Philadelphia; Ebenezer Gibſon, Black-River.

H. David Houlton, James Higmin, John Hall, Capt Henry, Thomas Howe, on board the Lively, Capt. Hatterſon, Michael Hays, C. H. Heiniſch, William How, Abraham Hoombregh, Hugh Hodge, George Hepworth, John Hook, Roger Hefferman, John Hobſon (5) Rachel Harding, Edmund Horton, John Hacket, Eliz. Henry, Philadelphia; Moſes Hall, Suſſex County; Alexander Harvey, Neſhaminey.

I. Mr. Jowſan, David Engliſh, James Jordan, William H. James, John Johnſon, William Jones, Philadelphia; Mary Jamiſon, Buckingham; WILLIAM JOHNSON, Carpenter, near Schuylkill; *much Time hath been ſpent, and ſtrict Enquiry made, to forward this Letter, but to no Purpoſe.*

K. Patrick Kelly, George Kelſo (2) George Knile, Patrick Keif, William Kindly, James Kinſey, Philadelphia; George Kelly, Buckingham.

L. Mary Lattimore, Capt. Lorimer, George Lee, Himan Levy, William Leave, Philadelphia; William and Robert Love, Pennſylvania.

M. Benjamin Meal, John M'Craken, Alexander Major, Capt. Lynn Martin, Alexander M'Culhein, Eliz. Marſhall, Jane Miller, James M'Creary, Robert Mackalpin, Charles Miller, Roger M'Key, Richard May, Capt. Alexander Mills (2) James Maſton, George Miller, Samuel Moore, Richard M'Nabb, John M'Common, Catherine M'Ginnes, John Maxwell, Samuel M'Cullough, Jonathan Montgomery, John M'Grady, James Martin, on board of the Ship Lively, Philadelphia; Thomas Mitchell, Bucks County; George Mirick, Falls of Delaware; Iſrael Miles, Merion.

O. Rumſe Osterbridge, Patrick O Conan, Anne Ocqueneur (2) Edward O Neile, Edward Owen (5) Philadelphia.

P. James Pearſon, Lewis Peirce, Nicholas Punch, Chriſtopher Pierſon, H. Palmer, Thomas Pendefgaſt, John Proby, Philadelphia; Joſeph Penroſe, Tinicum Iſland; George Pee, Pennſylvania.

R. William Roberts (2) Robert Robinſon, William Rooke, Joſeph Rivers, Nancy Roberts, John Rulidge, Ruſſell and Co. Samuel Roſe, Ann Roſe, Philadelphia.

S. Robert Samin, William Selly, Leonard Shallcroſs, Bartholomew Sutton, Thomas Steel, Robert Short, Peter Strong, Mary Smith, John Story, Walter Stone, John Sneider, Mary Shaw, Philadelphia; Adam Stilts, John Stanland, Roxborough; Martin Showecker, Germantown; Philip Stout, Jerſey; John Shoemaker, Cheltenham.

T. Judith Taylor, Mr. Taggard, Samuel Traly, James Tennant, Alexander Thompſon, Philadelphia; John Thompſon, Bucks County.

V. Nicholas Vandergrifft, Pennypack.

W. Godfrey Whellon (2) James Wilſon, James Wherry, Samuel Woodbridge, Edward Warran, John Walker, Richard Weeks, Henry Willabey, Richard Wann, Margaret Walker, Elijah Weed, Levin Wheland, Philadelphia; Bartle Writer, Merion; Aratus Weinkoff, Bucks County.

JOHN WHITE

Hath juſt imported, in the Minerva, Captain Tillett, from London, and the laſt veſſels from London, Briſtol and Liverpool, a large and neat aſſortment of European and East-India GOODS, which are to be ſold, on the loweſt terms, at his ſtore, in Water-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets; amongſt which are the following articles, viz.

A Variety of ſuper and ſuperfine BROADCLOTHS, of the moſt faſhionable colours, with ratinets and ſhaloons to match; durants, tammies, camblets, calimancoes, eſterets, cottons and calicoes, cambricks, lawns, ſheetings, dowlas, Ruſſia drillings, checks, cotton hollands, velvets, velverets, jeans, pillow fuſtians, bed bunts, checked linen handkerchiefs, printed handkerchiefs, ſilk ditto, ſilk cravats, peelongs, black and blue taffeties, paper, pins, buckrame, buttons, and hair twiſt; mens cotton, thread, worſted, and ſilk hoſe; womens cotton, thread and worſted ditto; childrens and youths worſted and thread ditto; worſted breeches patterns; womens worſted and ſilk mitts; ozenbrigs; G. B. wool and cotton cards; nails, powder and ſhot, bar lead, ſcythes, ſickles, Iriſh linens, ſewing ſilk, blond lace, Dutch ditto, men and womens white lamb gloves, womens coloured lamb mitts, horn and ivory combs, knives, ſciſſars, buckles, ſleeve buttons, leather ink-pots, temple ſpectacles, &c. &c. *Theſe.*

Said White has a likely Negroe Man to diſpoſe of. He is ſold for no Fault, but Want of Employment.

JUST arrived in the Snow Charlotte, Capt. Curtis, from Waterford, a Parcel of healthy Men and Women, Boys and Girls, SERVANTS; amongſt which are ſundry Coopers, Weavers, Taylors, Shoemakers and Hatters; and ſeveral who have been brought up to Farming; whoſe Times are to be diſpoſed of by JOSHUA FISHER, and SONS, or the Captain on board the ſaid Snow, lying off the Drawbridge.

A Genteel HOUSE and STORE,
TO BE LETT,

In a good Situation for Buſineſs. Enquire of the PRINTERS. ¶

Andrew Caldwell, & Joſeph Wilſon,

Have imported by the laſt veſſels from England and Ireland, and have for ſale, on very reaſonable terms, for caſh, or the uſual credit,

A LARGE aſſortment of cotton and linen checks, yard and 7-8ths linens, from 7s. to 18d. per yard, ſtriped hollands, dameſcus, morcens and tobines, ticks and bed bunts, printed muſlins, linens and cottons, a variety of ſtriped, flowered and brocaded ſilks, ribbons, ſewing ſilks, ſilk and linen handkerchiefs, ſoofees, womens white leather ſhoes and gloves, poplins, camblets and flannels, velvets and velverets, ſilk and thread laces, window glaſs 7 by 9, 8 by 10, 9 by 11, and 10 by 12, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 and 20d nails, crates of plain and printed Queen's ware, and of plain and enammelled ſtone ware, ſeveral cables and hawſers of different ſizes, and a quantity of other cordage, canvas No. 1 to 8, and a number of other articles.

TO BE SOLD,

A GOOD ſtone HOUSE, with about four acres of LAND, on Wiſſahickon road, near the Falls of Schuylkill, adjoining the lot on which Mr. Henry Keppele, junior, is building his country ſeat, on part of which there is an orchard of good fruit, and well of excellent water; it is a very high ſituation, commands an extenſive view of the river Schuylkill, and the adjacent country ſeats. For terms, apply to the ſubſcriber, living with Andrew Doz, at Peel-hall.

CHRISTIANA JUSTICE.

PRINTING,

In all its various and different branches, performed with the greateſt accuracy, neatneſs, and diſpatch.

THE ſubſcriber having furniſhed himſelf with a general and neat aſſortment of Printing Materials, has opened an office at his father's houſe, at the lower corner of Black-horſe-alley, in Front-ſtreet, where he propoſes carrying on the Printing Buſineſs, in the moſt extenſive manner: And as he is fully determined to do all in his power to oblige and ſatisfy thoſe who may be pleaſed to employ him, he earneſtly requeſts the favour and encouragement of the public in general, and of his friends and acquaintance in particular.

JAMES HUMPHREYS, junior.

N. B. All kinds of office and other blanks, hand-bills, &c. done in the neateſt and moſt ſpeedy manner. The beginning of next week will be ready for ſale, at ſaid office, either by the ream, quire, or ſingle ſheet, Arbitration bonds, bonds and judgments, common bonds, powers of attorney, bills of lading, bills of ſale, apprentices and ſervants indentures, &c. &c.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, by the Subſcribers, Executors of Captain John Meaſe, late of this city, deceaſed, the following lot of ground and plantation, being the remainder of ſaid Meaſe's real eſtate, which the Executors are now determined peremptorily to ſell, in order to ſettle the eſtate.

A LOT of GROUND on the weſt ſide of Fourth-ſtreet, between Arch and Race-ſtreets, 44 feet front, and 50 feet deep, together with a commodious two-ſtory brick dwelling-houſe, and a large convenient three-ſtory brick bake-houſe, with two large ovens, now in tenure of Matthias Cline, ſubject to a groundrent of 5l. 10s. currency, per annum, and will be ſold, at the London Coffee-houſe, on Thurſday, the 23d inſt. at 7 o'clock in the evening; 12 months credit will be given (if required) for 300l. of the purchaſe-money, giving ſecurity, and paying intereſt, for the ſame.

An extraordinary good plantation, in Thornbury townſhip, Cheſter county, now in tenure of William Read, containing 300 acres or upwards, with a ſufficient quantity of meadow and woodland, capable of great improvements, as the ſoil is remarkably kindly for either grain or graſs, with dwelling-houſe, barn, ſtables, orchard, &c. lies in a good neighbourhood, about 10 miles from Cheſter, and 22 from Philadelphia. The ſale to be on the premiſes, on Thurſday, the 30th inſtant, and will be ſtruck off preciſely at 4 o' clock in afternoon of that day.

N. B. The late John Meaſe, in April, 1767, agreed with the above named William Read, to leaſe him the aforeſaid plantation for 21 years, at 50l. per annum, and the ſaid Read was to have the privilege of purchaſing it in ten years for 1200l. of which agreement there was a memorandum made, and the leaſe to have been perfected in a month (which, however, by ſaid Read's neglect in not attending, during the life-time of ſaid Meaſe) was not done. The plantation will now be ſold, ſubject to the incumbrance of ſaid memorandum, which will be produced on the day of ſale, and fully explained by the Executors. Credit will be given for 5 or 600l. of the purchaſe-money, on giving good ſecurity for the ſame, and paying the intereſt regularly. WILLIAM ALLISON, WILLIAM MILLER, JAMES MEASE, JOHN MEASE. 4 *W.*

To the PUBLIC.

WHEREAS ABRAHAM BICKLEY, STEPHEN SHEWELL, *and* JOHN JERMAN, *for themſelves, and others, heirs of* Abraham Bickley, *deceaſed, have cautioned the public againſt purchaſing a tract of land, adverti ſed in the Pennſylvania Gazette for ſale, by the ſubſcriber.*

And whereas the invalidity of the claim of the perſon, under whom, as I am informed, they ſet up their pretenſions, was made manifeſt, upon a ſuit brought by her in Kent county, in the year 1696, as appears upon record-----And no perſons, under whom they claim, ever had poſſeſſion, nor ever thought it worth their while to revive their pretenſions, from that time till now, it is ſurprizing, theſe Gentlemen ſhould be at the coſt of an adverti ſement.

As appeals to the public will not determine the point, the ſubſcriber will not only ſatisfy the purchaſer of the indiſputableneſs of his title, but alſo warrant and defend the land, againſt the heirs of Abraham Bickley, *and all perſons claiming by, from or under him.* ‖ *HUGH NEILL.*

THE County Commiſſioners (having agreed with perſons to do the Maſonry of the Bridge, intended to be built on the Wiſſahickon Creek, in Whitemarſh townſhip) give notice to any perſon, or perſons, qualified to furniſh timber, and execute frame-work, ſuitable for the platform of the ſaid Bridge, to meet the Commiſſioners, at CALEB CARMALT's office, in Church-alley, on the 18th day of July enſuing, at 10 o' clock in the forenoon, in order to make propoſals for undertaking the ſame. Philadelphia, June 29, 1772.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Tueſday, the 21ſt of July next, in the town of Carliſle, the following tracts of LAND, viz.

One tract, containing 1165½ acres, and allowance, upon the water of the Ray's-town Branch of Juniata river, below the Mouth of Yellow Creek; warranted the 20th of Sept. 1762.

Alſo one tract, containing 934½ acres, on Aughwick Creek, above a place known by the name of Clark's Place; warranted the 20th of September, 1762.

One tract, containing 735 acres, on the Frankſtown Branch of Juniata river, adjoining lands of Meſſieurs Cox and Trent, and Baynton and Wharton; warranted the 20th of Sept. 1762.

One tract, containing 243 acres and 29 perches, on the waters of Dunning's Creek, adjoining Michael Dipert and John Miller; warranted the 7th of July, 1762.

One tract, containing 401¾ acres, on the eaſt ſide of Standing Stone Creek, at the Foot of the Eaſt Mountain, adjoining James Dickſon; warranted the 20th of September, 1762.

One tract, containing 494¾ acres, adjoining the above tract; warranted the 20th of September, 1762.

One tract, containing 389 acres and 69 perches, in Friends Cove, near Bedford; warranted the 7th of July, 1762.

One tract, containing 191 acres and 68 perches, in the Long Hollow, adjoining John Carmichael; warranted the 4th of June, 1762.

One tract, containing 105 acres and 51 perches, adjoining the weſt ſide of Saſquehanna river, and Frederick Weiſer's land; warranted the 10th of July, 1762.

One tract, containing 52 acres and 80 perches, adjoining the weſt ſide of Saſquehanna river, and the lands of Frederick Weiſer, Charles Williams, and Rebecca Gee; warranted the 3d of February, 1755.

The above ſeveral tracts of land are upon one Halfpenny ſterling quitrent per acre. The ſale to continue from day to day till the whole are ſold. All the above deſcribed tracts of land were late the property of George Armſtrong; ſeized and taken in execution by EPHRAIM BLAINE, Sheriff. ¶

WILLIAM ADCOCK,

Is removed to the houſe lately occupied by the Widow Morris, on the north ſide of Market-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite the upper end of the Jerſey-market, and the 4th houſe from the north-eaſt corner of Second and Market-ſtreets; where he continues to ſell, wholeſale and retail, very low for caſh, a large and general Aſſortment of European and East-India Goods, viz.

SUPERFINE and coarſe broadcloths, foreſt cloths, German ſerges, Wiltons, ſilk and worſted ſaggathies, rich white flowered and watered tabbies, India and Engliſh paduaſoys, plain and flowered ſattins, plain and figured modes, half ell perſians, ſarſnets, plain and changeable mantuas, plain and changeable perſians, ſtriped ditto, womens velvets, Marſeilles quilting, black, white and blue Hoſe's ſilk ſhoes, men and womens plain and ribbed ſilk hoſe, ſilk mitts, of various ſorts, black, cloth coloured, buff, blue, ſcarlet, crimſon and green worſted breeches patterns, ſerge denims, everlaſtings, ſilk ſtripes, ginghams, black and coloured crapes, hatband ditto, bombazeens, poplins, ſtriped and plain bengals, flowered and plain dimities, royal ribs, cantoons and ſattinets, for mens breeches, cotton velvets, velverets, thickſets, jeans and fuſtians, ruſſels, calimancoes, durants, tammies, rattinets, ſhaloons, yard wide and 7-8ths Iriſh linens and ſheetings, Ruſſia and Lancaſhire ſheetings, hampen ſprig ozenbrigs, Scotch ditto, beſt ſuperfine and common Flanders bed ticks, bed bunts, ticklings, Ruſſia drabs, nankeens, 8-qr. and 9-qr. diapers and damaſks, tablecloths, clouting diapers, a variety of ſilk handkerchiefs, cotton romal ditto, printed ditto, of various ſorts, a large aſſortment of cottons, calicoes and chinties, the neweſt faſhion furniture checks, ſcarlets, crimſons, blues and greens, cambricks and lawns, muſlins, humhum, plain and flowered kentings, plain, flowered and ſtriped gauzes, long lawns, thread and blond laces, fringes, gimps, ready made cloaks, mens ſilk and worſted hoſe, men and womens thread, cotton and worſted hoſe, japanned tea trays, for ſetts of china, beſt London buckle chapes, for ſilverſmiths, an aſſortment of japanned waiters, of all ſizes, plate covers, ladies white, blue and black riding feathers, ivory-handled table knives and forks, ditto with caſes, buck and bone ditto, ſetts of the beſt double gilt Pinchbeck buckles, plated ſhoe, knee and ſtock buckles, watch chains, ivory and horn combs, coat and quality bindings, a great variety of taylors trimmings, jubilee knives and forks, razors of the beſt kind, Barlow's beſt and common penknives, &c. &c.

Said *Adcock* has imported a very large and general aſſortment of Wilton Carpetting, of the neweſt and moſt faſhionable patterns, with borderings to match, bed-ſide and table carpets, and Turkey and Perſia Carpets, ready made.

ALL Perſons who are poſſeſſed of Bills of Credit, iſſued by Act of Aſſembly of the Province of Pennſylvania, dated June 15, 1767, denominated SIX POUNDS, FOUR POUNDS, and FORTY SHILLINGS; and alſo the Bills of Credit of ſaid Province, iſſued 1ſt March, 1769, denominated THREE POUNDS, THIRTY SHILLINGS, TWELVE SHILLINGS, and EIGHT SHILLINGS, are requeſted to bring them to the Provincial Treaſurer, and receive their reſpective Value.

May 4. 1772. *tho 3m.* OWEN JONES.

Philadelphia, July 1, 1772.

ALL perſons that are indebted for EXCISE, are deſired to diſcharge their reſpective accounts, upon their qualifications, according to law, up to the preſent time; and in Pennſylvania money. WILLIAM CRISPIN, Collector. ¶

A LIKELY young MULATTOE GIRL, to be diſpoſed of, about 16 or 17 Years old, is a good COOK, and a very handy Wench. Enquire of the Printers hereof.

RUN away on the 23d of June, 1772. from on board the ſloop William, in Baltimore harbour, a NEGROE MAN SLAVE, named DICK, near 6 feet high, with an uncommon *large head* and *feet*, many *ſcars* on his face and body; is a very luſty fellow, of a yellowiſh complexion; had on a *red jacket, froch, trouſers,* and half worn *caſtor hat.* He was ſeen taking the road to Philadelphia, intending it is thought to get into ſome veſſel, as he followed the ſea. Whoever ſhall apprehend the ſaid Negroe in the province of Maryland, and deliver him to Mr. John Smith, of Baltimore-town, merchant, ſhall receive *Three Pounds* as a reward; or if taken in or near Philadelphia, and delivered to Captain William Alliſon, the ſame reward, and reaſonable charges, from either of the above Gentlemen, or WILLIAM DUNSCOMB.

N. B. He may change his dreſs, as he had a blue coat, a blanket, check ſhirt, &c. ‡

Baltimore county, Maryland, June 26, 1772.

RUN away the 20th inſtant, an Engliſh convict ſervant man, named THOMAS LOVELY, about 6 feet high, and well made, red complexion, red haired, wears it tied behind, alſo red bearded; had on, when he went away, a half worn felt hat, a country made cloth jacket, of a lightiſh colour, with ſleeves and cuffs to it, the lining all wore out of it, linen ſhirt and trowſers, the trowſers mended before with new linen, half worn pumps, with pewter buckles; he ſtole a bridle, and it is expected he will ſteal a horſe, and is intending for Frederick road. Said fellow was in the army in England, is a good drummer, and can play on ſeveral inſtruments of muſic. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo as his maſter may get him again, ſhall have FORTY SHILLINGS reward, and if out of the province THREE POUNDS, and reaſonable charges, if brought home, paid by ANDREW MEEK, living within 3 miles of the Lower Ferry, on Saſquehanna. ¶

TWENTY DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from Occoquan Furnace, in Virginia, a Negroe fellow, belonging to the eſtate of Preſly Thornton, Eſq; named LEAMAN (or CLEM) a ſhort well made fellow, yellow complexion, about 30 years of age, can turn his hand to many ſorts of trades, and particularly that of a Carpenter; had on, when he went away, a blue fearnought jacket, a hat with a white metal button to it, the reſt of his dreſs as is common for Negroes; he will probably paſs for a freeman, is now under the predicament of an outlaw, for not returning to ſervice. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid Negroe, ſo that I get him again, ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges, if taken out of the colony. THOMAS LAWSON. ‖ 6 *W.*

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND, containing about 800 acres, ſituate in Baltimore county, near to Hood's Mill, on Patapſco Falls, and within one mile of ſaid mill, and within four miles of two other Merchant mills, that always give Baltimore-town price for wheat, and within 10 miles of ſaid town; the ſoil is good for grain or graſs, and has an extenſive range.---For particulars, enquire of EDWARD COOK, at Mr. William Otley's, adjoining to ſaid land. ‖ 8 W.

For SAVANNAH, in GEORGIA,

The Brig *GEORGIA PACKET,* JOHN SOUDER, Maſter, WILL ſail with all convenient ſpeed, having extraordinary accommodations for paſſengers. For freight, or paſſage, apply to BRIGHT and PECHIN, or ſaid Maſter on board, at their wharff. Said *Bright* and *Pechin* have for ſale, juſt imported in ſaid Brig, choice new RICE, ſoal leather, bees-wax, red cedar, orange juice, &c. &c. *Philadelphia, July 6,* 1772. ¶

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market.*

July 23, 1772. NUMB. 2274.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

By the MAY PACKET, *arrived at* New-York *from* Falmouth, *and Captain* GEORGE, *arrived at this Place from* Londonderry, *we have the following Intelligence.*

PETERSBOURG, April 2.

THE laſt poſt from Kola gives a diſmal account of an earthquake, which has done great damage; but we have no particulars yet.

Warſaw, April 1. The Ruſſian Ambaſſador declared laſt Sunday at Court, that ſome particular circumſtances obliged his Sovereign to ſend an additional number of troops into Poland.

Genoa, March 8. They write from Baſtia, that the famous Zampelino, the chief Corſican Malcontent, was killed lately in a rencounter.

Rotterdam, April 13. Advices have been received here from the Eaſt-Indies, which inform us, that the Engliſh are beſieging the Nabob of Tanjour in his capital; and they farther add, that they intend to build a fortreſs at Negano, a maritime port, about half a league from Negapatnam, belonging to the Nabob of Tanjour. This event will be very diſagreeable to the Dutch Company, as the Engliſh may, by that ſituation, ruin the Dutch trade there.

Warſaw, April 8. Our advices from Cujavia mention, that an inſurrection of the peaſants has lately happened there, who commit the greateſt cruelties and robberies.

Copenhagen, April 18. Laſt Sunday the Commiſſion of Inquiſition aſſembled at the Caſtle, and the day following the State Priſoners were again interrogated at the citadel. The advocates, charged with pleading the cauſe of the Counts de Struenſee and Brandt, have demanded and obtained a delay of eight days.

The future lot of the State Priſoners continues to fix the curioſity of the public, who wait with impatience the deciſion of their proceſs.

Rome, April 8. The Duke of Glouceſter continues to enjoy a perfect ſtate of health.

Hamburgh, April 24. Letters from Copenhagen adviſe, that the Commiſſion of Enquiry has been again aſſembled to interrogate Col. Falkenſhiold, and that a regiment of Dragoons is ſent to Aalbourg, to guard that Caſtle. Theſe letters add, that during the laſt examination which Count Struenſee underwent, he made a very pathetic ſpeech, which drew tears from the eyes of his Judges, particularly the Preſident Juel Wind; that he confeſſed himſelf guilty, implored the clemency of his Sovereign, and begged, if he muſt die, that he might ſuffer privately in the caſtle, and not be expoſed to public view: He finiſhed his diſcourſe with ſoliciting favour to be ſhewn the other priſoners, whoſe diſgrace he had been the author of. The Commiſſaries of the Tribunal have been with the Queen at Cronenbourg. Several things have been ſaid on that ſubject, which diſcretion will not permit us to publiſh.

April 28. By authentic advices from Copenhagen we are informed, that a divorce is agreed upon between the King and Queen of Denmark, but the Queen is to have all the privileges due to her high rank. Her Majeſty will be entirely at liberty, and will not go to Aalbourg, but to Zelle. The Princeſs, her daughter, will be brought up in the noble dioceſe of Walloe, in Seeland. All the retinue that was to follow the Queen to Aalbourg, has been diſmiſſed, as her Majeſty is to go to Zelle, and others are engaged, partly Engliſh, and partly Hanoverians. It is ſaid her Majeſty will go by water to Lubeck, from thence by Launberg and Luneberg to Zelle, where the Caſtle is prepared for her reception.

Warſaw, April 15. It is now certain that the Congreſs is opened at Jaſſy. On the part of the Ruſſians, Mr. Simolin is in correſpondence with the Turkiſh Seraſkier Mouſſon Oglou. Notwithſtanding this, the warlike preparations continue, but it is hoped that a peace will render them unneceſſary.

Vienna, April 18. It is aſſured that Count Eſterhaſy has entered Poland, at the head of the Imperial troops, which formed the line from the frontiers of Upper Sileſia to the county of Zips, in order to act in concert with the Pruſſians and the Ruſſians againſt the Confederates.

LONDON.

April 25. They write from the Hague, that four of the Burghers of Dantzick, and ſome of the principal Merchants, were preparing to leave that city, on account of the cruel and oppreſſive taxations made on them by the Pruſſian Monarch.

Yeſterday died, in Hill-ſtreet, Berkley-ſquare, the Lady of William Baker, Eſq; and daughter of Mr. Penn of Spring-gardens, one of the Proprietaries of Pennſylvania

They write from Liſbon, of the 27th ult. that the Princeſs of Braſil, eldeſt daughter of the King of Portugal, died at Braganza the 24th.

The inhabitants of Dantzick have lately tranſmitted ſeveral memorials to the Court of Verſailles, on what ſubject is not publicly known.

A Writer in a morning paper of this day, ſays, "The Earl of B--e adviſes a war with Denmark; and the Earl of S------h, in order to ſit ſecure, and at the ſame time increaſe his income at the Admiralty, ſeconds him in this opinion. Lord N---h, perplexed leſt he, on the one hand, may be deſerted by a-----Maſter in the midſt of the tempeſt, or, on the other hand, directly loſe the Favourite's influence, therefore temporiſes, flatters, and procraſtinates. What a mortifying reflection to behold a mighty Empire, whoſe exiſtence may now depend on the paltry paſſions or wicked inclinations of three, the moſt inſignificant and contemptible of its ſubjects!"

The ſame Writer alſo ſays, "Thoſe aſſertions, that the Queen Mother had been the cauſe of the late revolution, &c. are a lie: That the Q. of D. often appeared in the Royal Gardens lolling on Struenſee's arm---that he had apartments in the palace---that he was her Man-midwife, and firſt Counſellor, are facts undenied." He adds, "That Struenſee, on being made Prime Miniſter, wantonly diſplaced every faithful ſervant from offices---introduced foreigners and reptiles in their places----ſold all patents to high-bidding Jews and Projectors---baniſhed the national language from the Court---leſſened the allowances of regiſtered Seamen, Ship-builders, &c. and pocketed the ſavings---annexed the Chamber of Commerce to the Board of Revenue---oppreſſed the Merchant---impriſoned all Petitioners for redreſs---daringly violated thoſe fundamental laws and cuſtoms of Denmark, which none of his predeceſſors ever ventured to infringe; and at laſt attempted to reduce ſome of the moſt faithful regiments in the guards."

The before-mentioned writer concludes with wiſhing, that a Great Perſonage "had entertained the ſame ideas as did his Grandfather, with reſpect to the ſlippery tricks of his family; who, in his letter to Prince Ferdinand, near the cloſe of the late war, concludes with theſe words: Let me adviſe you to be more careful of your perſon---Your reputation is eſtabliſhed; for tho' our family have produced many whores, it never produced a poltroon."

April 28. Lord Sandwich's real reply to the demand of the Daniſh Miniſter, who aſked him the reaſon of increaſing the Britiſh marine at this time, is much talked of, and much admired at Court: ---"Your Lordſhip, ſaid that Nobleman, enquires why the Britiſh government is now increaſing its naval force, and I ſhall be very candid with you; we are increaſing it, to be always in a condition of doing juſtice to ourſelves, and chaſtiſing any unexpected offence which we may receive from our neighbours."

Some advices of very great importance were received by the laſt diſpatches from the Courts of Peterſburgh and Berlin.

They write from the Hague, of the 14th inſt. that a conſiderable loan was juſt on the point of being negociated there for the ſervice of his Daniſh Majeſty.

Advice is ſaid to have been received of four French frigates being ſeen cruizing off the Weſt of Scotland.

The following changes are now talked of, viz. the Duke of St. Alban's to be Lord Privy Seal, in the room of the Duke of Grafton, who is to reſign; Lord Hertford to be Maſter of the Horſe, in the room of the Duke of Ancaſter; and the Hon. Charles Fox to ſucceed Lord Hertford, as Lord Chamberlain.

A Writer, treating on the report of a war between this Kingdom and Denmark, ſays, "There are a thouſand reaſons why we ſhould avoid a war with Denmark. The Danes are a poor people---have little to loſe, but being trained to war, may eventually be great gainers---they are cloſely allied with Sweden and Pruſſia, who muſt aſſiſt them---they command the mouth of the Baltic, conſequently can highly injure our trade with Ruſſia, from whence we muſt get hemp, or keep our ſhips in harbour---they are able to reduce Hanover, unleſs we ſend troops thither for its ſupport--they have but one Iſland in the Weſt Indies of any conſequence, and that is now to all commercial purpoſes (or might be rendered ſo) equally advantageous as if our own---their ſeamen now regiſtered amount to 12,000, and their whole number is near 60,000; we have many Merchants ſhips, they very few to loſe. Thus circumſtanced, it would be the height of folly to quarrel with ſuch a power, if our honour or ſafety were not immediately in queſtion. That neither is in queſtion appears to me exceedingly evident. A revolution happens in Denmark--the Queen is accuſed of carrying on a partial ſyſtem of government, and muſt be tried by the laws of that country (for ſhe can be tried by no other) the people are not in rebellion--their conſtitution is not to be altered, but reſtored--if the Queen is actually injured in this ſudden and unexpected change of adminiſtration, ſhe can claim no appeal to this country---ſhe, for certain reaſons, ſuch undoubtedly as weigh with other great Perſonages who ſeek for crowns, ſubmitted to the inconveniences, in order to enjoy the benefits and honours annexed to ſo exalted a ſituation---ſhe well knew, and ſo did her brother, that ſhe was to become obedient to the will of an almoſt unlimited Monarch; and that the fixed laws of the State were too weak to enforce juſtice."

April 30. A Correſpondent aſſures us, that whatever ſpecious explanations may be given by ſome perſons, concerning the late deſigned armament; our Court was in *downright earneſt*, until the expreſs of Wedneſday the 22d inſt. arrived.

Extract of a Letter from Gibraltar, Feb. 26.

"Our Barbary Conſul, Mr. Sampſon, arrived here ſome weeks ago, having narrowly eſcaped the purſuit of ſome Moors, who were ſuppoſed to have had an intention to detain him, upon account of a miſunderſtanding between him and the Emperor. The ſtory is long---but upon the whole it appears to us, that he has been moſt ſhamefully and ignominouſly uſed there by the Emperor; and all this owing to ourſelves, in not having ſupported him properly, when inveſted with ſuch a character. On every occaſion he has been neglected; preſents, when ſent from England for the Emperor, were not ſuffered to go through his hands, as they certainly ought, in order to make him of conſequence; but inſtead of that, the Governors of this place have uſually ſent them themſelves by a different channel; with what propriety you may judge."

Laſt night a Meſſenger arrived expreſs from Lord Grantham at Madrid, with ſome advices of importance: And this morning he ſet out on his return, with a packet for the above Nobleman.

Letters from the Hague ſay, that Couriers are continually paſſing between that place and the Court of Berlin.

We hear that ſeveral draughts are ſoon to be made from the royal regiments of Artillery at Woolwich, for foreign garriſons; on which account orders have been given for augmenting the ſame to the former complement of men.

The Serjeants belonging to the Eaſt India Company, have received orders for raiſing a great number of recruits for their ſervice with all expedition; and many are already ſet out for Scotland and Ireland for that purpoſe.

A Gentleman, in anſwer to the Writer, on the affairs of Denmark, ſays, "I beg leave to affirm, that all who know any thing about Denmark, will well remember, that, during the laſt reign, the French influence carried every thing before it at that Court. Engaged in that intereſt, during the life of her huſband, the Queen Dowager ſtill remained attached to it, and ſtill joined with the Miniſters of France, in promoting their meaſures, and carrying on their deſigns. The Queen Conſort, whatever were her motives, ſtrenuouſly oppoſed thoſe meaſures, and ſo brought upon herſelf the hatred of an ambitious woman, and of a cunning, intriguing French faction. Her youth and inexperience could ill cope with their artifice and dexterity---ſhe conſequently fell a prey to the depth of their deſigns, and the malevolence of their accuſations. To ſay that the Queen Dowager knew nothing of the plot that was laid, until after it was carried into execution, is directly contrary to every intelligence that we have had reſpecting that matter."

The ſame Gentleman adds, "With reſpect to the crime with which the Queen is charged, the ſcheme of her adverſaries would have been quite incomplete without ſuch an accuſation. For to have proceeded ſo violently againſt her, merely upon the ground of a difference of opinion, with regard to certain political meaſures, would have been too glaring an impriſonment, upon every principle of law or of juſtice. A crime was therefore to be invented, and this was to be made the oſtenſible motive of her ſevere, and every way unjuſtifiable, treatment. Take it for a rule, never to believe without the moſt convincing proofs, an accuſation made by a faction, and abſolutely neceſſary to further the deſigns, and to ſecure the power of that faction. Conſider the birth and education of the Queen; conſider her former behaviour; but above all conſider the time, manner and circumſtances of the pretended diſcovery of this crime, and you will find the preſumptions ſo ſtrongly in favour of her innocence, as will juſtify our engaging warmly in her protection and defence."

Extract of a letter from an European, ſettled at Macao, a ſmall iſland on the coaſt of China, to his correſpondent at Liſbon, dated September 23, 1771.

"Some Uſbeck Tartars, called Nogais, who, according to the cuſtom of thoſe people, had travelled far from their own country to ſeek paſturage for their cattle, came in great numbers into the dominions of the Mungale Tartars, bordering on China, where was great plenty, in the beginning of the ſummer of 1770, but did not think proper to leave it, as is cuſtomary, and return to their own country, after ſtaying the ſummer. This was reſented by the Mungale and other Chineſe Tartars, and deputies were ſent to them to requeſt their departure; but the former, thinking themſelves ſtrong enough, refuſed to leave the country: After ſeveral altercations they came to blows, when the Uſbeck Tartars were driven away, leaving 7 or 800 killed and wounded, beſides carrying off ſome who were wounded on their carriages. This happened at the end of September; but in the ſpring following they returned, in number about 20,000, headed by their Kans. The Chineſe Tartars being informed of it, and being joined by ſome of the Emperor of China's troops, went out, gave them battle, and defeated them, after killing or wounding upwards of 5000, among whom were ſeveral Kans; they likewiſe took a great number of waggons: The Chineſe had about 2000 killed, and 2500 wounded. This battle was fought on the 28th of Auguſt, 1771."

May 2. The Bill for the more due obſervance of the Lord's Day, is poſtponed for three months.

Extract of a letter from Poonamula, near Madraſs, dated Oct. 8, 1771.

"The deſign of taking Tanjour having been renewed, our army marched the 11th of laſt month towards that place. On the 18th batteries were opened againſt a ſtrong fort called Vellum, ſeven miles from Tanjour. The enemy deſerted it the 20th at midnight, and we took poſſeſſion of it the 21ſt, early in the morning. We now hear that the batteries againſt Tanjour are within 500 yards of the place."

It is ſaid that yeſterday orders were given to ſeveral of his Majeſty's domeſtics to be in readineſs to embark for Copenhagen, to conduct Queen Caroline Matilda to Zelle, in the Electorate of Hanover, which is fixed upon at preſent for the place of her reſidence. And that the ſame day orders were ſent to Capt. Hamilton, who is to have the command of one man of war, and two frigates, to ſail the beginning of next week for that purpoſe.

Letters from almoſt every part of the kingdom bring melancholy accounts of the diſtreſſes of the poor, and of their readineſs to riſe and do miſchief. Unhappy it will be for the poor, if they ſhould, in their deſpair, waſte and deſtroy what little corn there remains in the kingdom. Inſtead of abuſing the farmers, who have ſtacks of corn yet in ricks unthreſhed, they ought to rejoice that there are ſuch people, who, by their oppulence, are enabled to keep up their ſtocks, to provide againſt a famine. What muſt become of us, if all the corn in the land were at this hour either in the barns or in the mills? Could we then ſubſiſt a ſingle month? Surely the poor will reſt ſatisfied, when they ſee ſuch a liberal ſpirit every where among the rich to relieve their diſtreſs. It is hoped, that in a few months their wants will be ſupplied by a plentiful harveſt; which, inſtead of murmurs and outrages, we ſhould all join in devoutly praying Heaven to ſend.

Dublin, April 25. We hear from the county of Anrrim, that ſix of the unhappy creatures, called the Hearts of Steel, were found guilty of houghing of cattle; and another of high treaſon, for ſetting fire to, and burning a houſe, for which they are to be executed.

By letters from Armagh, we are informed, that the Grand Jury of that county have found ſeven bills of indictment againſt riotous Inſurgents.

Pennſylvania, ſſ. July 16, 1772.

NOTICE is hereby given, That the COMMITTEE of ASSEMBLY, appointed to audit and ſettle the PUBLIC ACCOUNTS, will meet at the State-Houſe, on the Firſt Day of September next, at Nine o' Clock in the Morning, to attend that Buſineſs, and purpoſe to proceed on the ſame, by Adjournments from Day to Day, until the whole is finiſhed. The ſeveral County Treaſurers, Collectors of Exciſe, and all others concerned, are therefore deſired to have their reſpective Accounts prepared for Examination and Adjuſtment, at the Time and Place aforeſaid. And all ſuch who ſhall fail therein, or neglect to produce their Accounts and Vouchers, before the Tenth of the ſame Month [at which Time it is intended to ſettle the Provincial Treaſurer's Accounts] muſt expect the Committee will be under the Neceſſity of reporting ſuch Neglects to the Aſſembly, at their next Meeting.

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE, on Friday, the 24th of this inſtant July, at 2 o' clock in the afternoon, at the Smith's-ſhop of the late Anthony Duche, junior, deceaſed, in Southwark,

ALL his Smith's and Cutler's TOOLS, ſome Sickles, unfiniſhed, and a ſmall quantity of Coals: The above Smith's-ſhop is to be rented.

All perſons indebted to the eſtate of ſaid ANTHONY DUCHE, are deſired to diſcharge the ſame; and thoſe who have any demands thereon, are requeſted to apply to the ſubſcriber,

¶ ANDREW DOZ, Acting Executor.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Friday, the 7th of Auguſt next, at 6 o' clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-houſe, a certain two ſtory frame tenement, and lot or piece of ground, ſituate on the north ſide of Shippen-ſtreet, between Front and Second-ſtreets, in the Diſtrict of Southwark; containing in breadth, on ſaid ſtreet, 15 feet, and in length, or depth, 61 feet; bounded ſouthward by Shippen-ſtreet aforeſaid, and weſt, north, and eaſtward, by ground of Edward Shippen, Eſq; ſubject to a groundrent of £ 3 : 12 : 6, Pennſylvania currency, per annum; late the eſtate of William Dickinſon, ſeized and taken in execution by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

Philadelphia, July 16, 1772.

TO BE SOLD,

A NEW three ſtory BRICK HOUSE, ſituate on the north ſide of Market-ſtreet, between the houſes of Mr. George Emlen and the Widow Cunningham, oppoſite the Jerſey-market and Lætitia-court; the houſe is compleatly finiſhed, 20 feet front, and 40 feet deep, with a piazza 10 feet to the two ſtory brick kitchen, 15 by 18 feet, over which is a flat for the convenience of drying clothes, &c. and a cellar under the whole, 8 feet deep, together with the lot on the back part, extending 34 feet, and the privilege of an alley, between this and Mr. Emlen's houſe; the whole being well and ſubſtantially built, of the beſt materials, and in good repair, ſubject to the annual groundrent of Three Pounds Twelve Shillings. For terms of ſale, apply to ENOCH STORY, Broker.

[*For more new Advertiſements, ſee fourth Page.*]

LONDON. *May* 2.

Policies were opened at two Coffee-houſes yeſterday, on the Queen of Denmark, twenty guineas to receive one hundred, if ſhe arrives alive in England within a year.

The Houſe of Commons have reſolved, and made it a ſtanding order, "That no bill relating to religion, or the alteration of the laws concerning religion, be brought into this Houſe, until the propoſition ſhall have been firſt conſidered upon by a Committee of the whole Houſe, and agreed unto by the Houſe.

The Houſe have ordered, that an inſtruction be given to the Committee for regulating the importation and exportation of corn, that they make a proviſion for regulating the importation and exportation of barley; and to permit the importation of Indian corn from America, duty free. Alſo to admit wheat, &c. to be imported, duty free, from Ireland, when the exportation thereof ſhall be prohibited from Great-Britain and Ireland to foreign countries.

They write from Cadiz, that the Rovers of Barbary have of late been very troubleſome on the coaſt, all ſhips, that have not proper paſſports, going in or out of the bay, are in danger of being taken.

It is ſaid that yeſterday morning, about three o'clock, a woman of diſtinction was taken with labour pains at the Maſquerade, was carried home in her habit, and delivered of a girl in about two hours after.

May 5. Friday laſt Lord North, in the Houſe of Commons, opened the Budget, and it was then known that the Treaſury are to pay off 1,500,000l. at two inſtalments, namely, 750,000l. on Midſummer-day, and the like ſum on Michaelmas-day, all in the three per cents; no perſon is allowed to ſubſcribe a greater ſum than 10,000l. and every ſubſcribing creditor is to be paid 90l. for every 100l. three per cents. and to be indulged with a douceur of four lottery tickets; his Lordſhip declared, that ſo far as he could obtain any lights into the preſent ſyſtem of the different courts in Europe, all was PEACE, and nothing ſeemed to hinder this ſo general a peace from continuing *ten years*, which if it did, and he ſhould continue at the head of the Treaſury, he proved, from uncontrovertible computations, that he ſhould, within that period, pay off *Seventeen Millions Six Hundred Thouſand Pounds* of the national debt; and farther, that when this ſum ſhould be thus paid off, the clear net revenue of this kingdom would amount to *Six Millions annually*, which would be a ſum equal to the undertaking of any war, whether naval or military, or both, with all the combined powers of Europe. His Lordſhip obſerved, that the King of France was equally ſolicitous for a peace, and that although many Britiſh officers, both in the navy and army, might very naturally wiſh for war, in order to ſignalize their ſuperior courage and abilities, yet it was the ſpecial duty and province of a Firſt Lord of the Treaſury to conſider the event either of peace or war, not in a partial, but in a general light; adding, that he had conſidered it in the latter point of view; and though he was as highly ſenſible of the abilities of his Majeſty's naval and military forces as any perſon in the kingdom, yet, upon a comprehenſive and general view of things, he was clearly convinced, that it was the advantage of this kingdom not to go into war, unleſs abſolutely compelled ſo to do, which hitherto had not been the caſe, ſince whenever his Majeſty thought the honour of his crown any ways inſulted, the inſulters had always made ample acknowledgment and condeſcenſion.

The ſtate of the nation with which Lord North, on Friday, acquainted the Parliament, at the opening of the Budget, is ſuch as muſt give univerſal ſatisfaction to the people, however intereſted writers may endeavour to ſhew us the happineſs of being miſerable; our public debt is reduced, our fleet is in a formidable ſituation, the army well diſciplined, and unanimity once more happily re-eſtabliſhed among us; theſe are real bleſſings, and if the opening of the ports ſhall fortunately produce a plenty of proviſions, we ſhall reach the ſummit of political felicity, in ſpite of foreign foes, and domeſtic incendiaries.

It is now confidently ſaid, that nothing but the cuſtomary ſupplies will be demanded from the Parliament; and that this advantage is owing to the prudent adminiſtration of Lord North, who, beſides avoiding the impoſition of any new burdens upon the ſubject, has paid off 1,800,000l. of the national debt, in the courſe of the paſt winter.

It is ſaid the Parliament will not riſe till the beginning of June.

Extract of a letter from Copenhagen, dated April 18.

"Laſt Wedneſday all the domeſtics belonging to the Queen's houſhold had orders to be ready to embark, in a few days, on board a frigate, that lies ready to carry them to Aalbourg; and all the ſilver ſervice for the Queen, conſiſting of four dozen of plates, beſides diſhes, tureens, and other neceſſaries, are ſent on board. The Engliſh Ambaſſador, Sir Robert Keith, has received two expreſſes this week, and the Daniſh expreſs, Brummer, likewiſe arrived here this week."

A letter from Altona, dated April 13, concludes thus:--- "This day's poſt from Copenhagen is not arrived yet; but an expreſs is juſt come here; ſince which it is ſaid that the K--- of D------ is to be married to a Princeſs of Swedt. All things are now kept very ſecret."

On Saturday five waggons, loaded with proviſions and other neceſſaries, were ſent from St. James's for Deal, to be put on board his Majeſty's ſhips deſtined for Denmark, to conduct the Princeſs Carolina Matilda to Zelle; and this day ſeveral of the officers, belonging to the Board of Green Cloth, will ſet out to embark on board the ſaid ſhips.

Extract of a letter from Copenhagen, April 21.

"It is ſaid that this morning ſentence was paſſed on the Counts Struenſee and Brandt, but it is not publicly known yet what puniſhment they are to ſuffer. The Queen Carolina Matilda's houſhold, which was embarked on board the frigate Tranquebar, is countermanded; ſince which it is aſſerted, the Queen will have her reſidence at Zelle, in the Electorate of Hanover."

Extract of a letter from the Hague, May 1.

"The poſt is juſt arrived from Copenhagen, ſince which it is reported that Count Struenſee is beheaded, and that Count Brandt has had his right hand cut off, and is condemned to perpetual impriſonment."

A motion was made in the Commons for reading a ſecond time the Bill for regulating the affairs of the Eaſt India Company, which was carried in the affirmative on a diviſion, 58 againſt 41, and the Bill was committed for next Monday.

Yeſterday the bills for the free importation of wheat and wheat flour, and the free importation of rice into this kingdom from America, paſſed the Houſe of Commons, and were taken into conſideration this day in the Houſe of Lords.

This day the Bill for the relief of Proteſtants, diſſenting from the Church of England, did come on in the Houſe of Commons.

We are informed that this morning his Excellency the Ruſſian Ambaſſador notified in form to our Court, that a ſuſpenſion of arms has actually taken place between the Turks and Ruſſians, and that a congreſs is already begun.

We are told that orders have been ſent down to Chatham to unrig the men of war, which were ordered about a month ago to be fitted for foreign ſervice.

Some letters from Paris mention, that orders have been ſent to the French Commander in the Mediterranean to ſail for Algiers, to demand ſatisfaction for ſome indignities lately offered to the French Conſul at that place.

A Gentleman, who arrived on Sunday night laſt from Paris, brings advice that the French King has been attacked with a ſudden illneſs, from which it is thought he cannot recover.

Briſtol, May 2. On Thurſday morning Jonathan Britain was brought into Court, and when called to the bar, deſired his irons might be taken off, which was complied with. To the ſeveral indictments preferred and found againſt him for forgery, he repeatedly refuſed to plead, claiming an exemption from trial for theſe offences, by virtue of his Majeſty's pardon to the Diſcoverer of the fire of Portſmouth-dock, as he was enabled to diſcloſe the whole affair. The Recorder judiciouſly remonſtrated againſt his proceedings, and recommended to him to take his trial, or otherwiſe there was a law juſt enacted that would compel him; yet he obſtinately perſiſted in his ſilence, and was ordered away. On quitting the bar, he loudly declared, *Then I ſhall fall a victim to miniſterial vengeance.* Soon after this, an expreſs was diſpatched to London, in order, it is ſaid, to procure the Act of Parliament which paſſed the royal aſſent the 16th of April, for "more "effectually proceeding againſt perſons ſtanding mute on their "arraignment for felony, &c."

LONDON, May 6.

Extract of a Letter from Briſtol, Saturday afternoon, half paſt two.

"*The meſſenger returned from London laſt night with the late act of Parliament; when Britain was acquainted with this, he requeſted that he might be allowed to take his trial, which accordingly came on this morning early; and he is this moment found guilty upon the firſt indictment for forgery, and will certainly be hanged. He interrogated and croſs-examined the witneſſes himſelf with great acuteneſs, and through the whole trial betrayed a moſt daring reſolute diſpoſition.*"

Another letter from Briſtol mentions, that Britain has received ſentence of death; that Mr. Dunning, the Recorder, left him for execution, and on Monday returned to town.

Yeſterday the bill for the farther relief of Proteſtant Diſſenters came on. Sir Harry Houghton moved, that the ſpeaker ſhould quit the chair. Sir Willian Dolbin oppoſed this motion, ſaying, that though he had the higheſt reſpect, as he ought, and as they deſerved, for the gentlemen who originally moved and ſeconded this affair, yet he could but give it all the oppoſition in his power, as he thought the contents of the bill did not anſwer its title; that the bill profeſſed to give relief to ſuch as diſſented from the Church of England, according to the original meaning of theſe words, when the 39 articles were framed, that is, to ſuch as differed from it in opinion of ceremonies and forms, but agreed with it in the grand articles of religion; that the firſt Diſſenters admitted the Divinity of Chriſt; that he apprehended many of the preſent Diſſenters denied it, that therefore they were now going to relieve, not the Diſſenters, againſt whom the penal laws ſo much complained of were framed, but a new body of men whom they, or at leaſt the law, knew not of; that ſuch an unlimited toleration, as was now contended for, would introduce confuſion and diſtraction into the ſtate; that he was as ſtrongly as any man for a reaſonable toleration, but that this was extravagant; that like St. John, who left it as a precept, "little children love one another," he approved of charity; but that, like the ſame Apoſtle, who, coming to bathe himſelf, and finding there a heretick, who denied the Divinity of Chriſt, returned upon his ſteps, he would have no communication with ſuch a heretick; that the Diſſenters had complained of no grievance, or brought no petition; that they were going to redreſs grievances, of whoſe exiſtence they had no proof; that they had not, as they ought, excepted againſt any particular articles; that the undefined and unlimited toleration, now propoſed, would not exclude from among the Diſſenters ſuch hereticks as he had mentioned; that he acknowledged the Bible as the rule of his faith, and yet denied the Divinity of Chriſt.

Sir Roger Newdigate ſeconded this motion, but did not enter into the merits of the cauſe; at leaſt, what he ſaid did not differ from his ſpeech already publiſhed. Mr. Montague ſaid, that as the Diſſenters did not deſire any of the emoluments of the Church, it was not reaſonable to bind them by the ſame laws; that he imagined that the ſtory of St. John's flying with ſuch precipitation from the heretick alluded to, was rather apocryphal; that Locke's doctrine of toleration, mentioned by Sir Roger Newdigate, as that of a ſpeculative man, who knew little of the world, was ſuch as he would much more readily ſubſcribe, than any ſett of articles that he had ever read; that he was glad the Diſſenters did not except againſt any doctrine, but proceeded upon the large and comprehenſive plan of Mr. Locke, of being exempted from acknowledging any other rule of faith but the Scriptures. Sir Roger Newdigate replied; that he entirely approved of Mr. Locke's letter on toleration, which he thought the moſt excellent piece of reaſoning he had ever read; but that he thought it too pure a ſyſtem to ſuit the depravity of man; that the religion of every country bore the colour and complexion of its civil government; that in a monarchy it was monarchical, and in a republic a republican, and that he was for preſerving our preſent eſtabliſhment, and for preventing the Diſſenters from giving it any ſhock, by being indulged with privileges ſuperior to thoſe of the Church, eſpecially as they were already on a much better footing in ſeveral reſpects, particularly in being empowered to elect their own Miniſters. Sir Harry Houghton ſaid, in anſwer to Sir W. Dolbin, that the preſent bill ſtudiouſly avoided the mention of any doctrine, for fear of giving any offence, or occaſioning diſputes. Sir W. Meredith made ſeveral obſervations on what fell from Sir R. Newdigate, and ſaid, that the cruelty and inefficacy of the penal laws were alone a ſufficient argument for paſſing the bill; that they had on their table the caſe of Mrs. Fenning, who, in purſuance of theſe laws, was in danger of loſing all her property; that this ſingle caſe was a ſufficient confutation of the aſſertion, that it was not in the heart of man to put theſe penal laws in execution: That he would never ceaſe till he procured the ſame liberty of conſcience to the Church as was now to be granted to the Diſſenters; that it was ſaid it was not juſt to impoſe the ſame reſtrictions on the Diſſenters as on the Churchmen, becauſe the former did not enjoy, nor mean to enjoy, the emoluments of the Church; that thus they thought themſelves juſtified in fettering the conſciences of men, becauſe they allowed them emoluments; that ſuch men, as they thus invited into the Church, were the very thieves and robbers that were driven out of the temple; that he hoped the ſame liberal ſpirit, which now influenced the Houſe, would operate, in another ſeſſion, to the advantage of the Church.

A correſpondent obſerves, that the malevolence of a corps, in proſecuting their old worn out commanding officer with court martials, gives great diſguſt.

General Strode's gallant conduct at Carrickfergus againſt Thurot, will ſtand him in good ſtead, at the preſent criſis of his affairs.

The friends of a noble Nabob give out, that a certain Governor's mouth is now ſhut; and that we ſhall hear no more of his accuſations.

Should the French King die of his preſent illneſs, it is apprehended that Lord North's prophecy of ten years peace will be fulfilled, in leſs than the ſpace of one: Lewis would carry with him all pacific meaſures to his grave. Nothing but a war can relieve France from her preſent wretched condition.

Many of Sir George Saville's admirers, are ſurpriſed that he has declined ſitting to enquire into the oppreſſions of Bengal. His natural love of liberty and juſtice, entitle mankind to expect from him an exertion againſt tyranny, wherever it is found.

Colonel Barre ſeems more cool in the enquiry, than at the beginning; and Sir William Meredith complains much of the preſent eaſterly winds.

Some needy members, who paid for their ſeats, regret that they are not of the preſent Committee; eſpecially Mr. Stephen Fox, who has been awakened into a ſenſe of his duty to his country.

We hear that, after the preſent enquiry is over, a motion will be made to enquire into the conduct of the German contractors, paymaſters, and agents, both at home and abroad.

We are aſſured that ſeveral ſocieties and clubs of gentlemen have come to a reſolution to admit no Nabobs into their company; ſtruck with the dirty tranſactions that daily come to light before the Committee.

The public expect great entertainment from Mr. Foote's new comedy, called the Nabob; ſuch is the preſent abhorrence of Eaſtern Adventurers.

It is aſſerted with confidence, that the firſt puniſhment to be inflicted on ſuch Aſiatic delinquents as are in the Houſe, is expulſion.---Some have even added the pillory to this animadverſion on their crimes.

The deteſtation ſhewn by all ranks of people againſt the cruel plunderers of the Eaſt, does great honour to the humanity of the nation.----We hear that the ladies have ſo far taken up the part of oppreſſed human nature, that they are reſolved not to dance at any public place with the Nabobs. It is thought that the delinquents will have the prudence to keep away from public entertainments till the preſent ſtorm is over.

The preſent luxury of the times may be eaſily eſtimated from the maſquerade of laſt Thurſday evening. Two thouſand perſons, at two guineas each, make four thouſand guineas; and if we rate the price of all the various dreſſes at three guineas each (the money demanded at Tavi-ſtock-ſtreet for the uſe only of a domino) we ſhall immediately ſee that 10,000 guineas, beſides the expence of chair and coach hire, were laviſhed on the entertainment of a ſingle night, while our poor are abſolutely periſhing for bread in various parts of the kingdom.

May 7. *This morning at the court martial, held at the horſe guards, Lieutenant General Strode began his defence; he pleaded a total want of knowledge, with reſpect to the orders for cloathing; but it is thought he will be obliged to pay the men the amount of their ſeveral ſhares in money.*

They adviſe from Liſbon, that 40 Jeſuits, ſaid to be concerned in the attempt on his Moſt Faithful Majeſty's life, were executed there on the 23d of March laſt.

Lord North declares, that as his ſcheme for reducing the national debt has met with ſo much approbation from the Parliament, as to be adopted without any oppoſition, he will have ſome ſchemes ready for conſideration againſt the next ſeſſion, which, now that national unanimity is happily reſtored, muſt be highly ſerviceable to the kingdom.

DUBLIN, May 11.

The following extract is taken from the proceedings of a moſt reſpectable Aſſembly, May 8.

Lord Kildare preſented to the Houſe a petition of ſundry merchants, importers of flaxſeed, ſetting forth the hardſhips they labour under from being obliged to anſwer for the growth of ſuch ſeed, ſince they cannot poſſibly do more than purchaſe the beſt they can get, and cannot inſure the changes of weather, difference of ſoil and culture, and the honeſty and fidelity of thoſe common people through whoſe hands it may paſs, between the importer and ſower. It concluded with praying ſuch relief as the Houſe in its wiſdom ſhould think meet; and then was ordered to lie on the table, for the peruſal of the members.

BELFAST.

April 24, 1772. *Spoke (by the ſnow Betty Greg, of Belfaſt, William Scott, Maſter, from Antigua) the Brig Suſannah, John Lloyd, Maſter, from Maryland, bound to Dublin, all well; in latitude 45:23 north, longitude 32:40 weſt from London.*

On Sunday, 3d of May, ſaid ſnow Betty Greg, of Belfaſt, came through a fleet of 27 ſail of French veſſels, from 40 to 60 tons burthen, or upwards, about 4 leagues weſtward of Cape Clear, ſtanding in for the coaſt of Ireland; they appeared as if loaded when going into the bays, but when coming out light; he attempted to ſpeak two of them, but when they obſerved that, they ſtood to the weſtward, and then to the Southward, in order to avoid coming near him. There were none but light winds, which cauſed him to ſee them ſo long in ſight, going in and out from the land.

By Capt. CUMMINGS, *arrived at* New-York *from* Liverpool, *we have the following further Advices.*

LISBON, April 7.

ON the 5th inſtant, ſoon after midnight, an earthquake happened here, which continued for two minutes. The weather was ſerene, the ſky ſtar light, and the air perfectly calm. The direction of the ſhock was from ſouth to north, with equal vibrations, which were ſtrong and laſting. A ſubterranean noiſe was heard at the ſame time, which continued as long as the ſhocks.

From the Frontiers of Turkey, April 1. Marſhal Romanzow, after receiving inſtructions from his Court, relative to the manner in which he was to conclude the preliminaries of peace, ſent a perſon of conſequence to the Ottoman camp, accompanied by 40 Lords, and eſcorted by 200 horſe grenadiers. On their way they were met by a numerous body of Janiſſaries, with their muſick, and were ſaluted by the diſcharge of the artillery. The principal Turkiſh Officers came to meet him, and placing the Ruſſian Plenipotentiary between them, they conducted him to the Grand Viſir's tent, who received him with great ceremony and diſtinction, treated him magnificently for three days, according to the Ottoman cuſtom, and made him rich preſents. There was a conference in the night, which laſted a long time. After having executed his commiſſion, this Lord took leave of the Grand Viſir, and returned to Moldavia; but left one of the officers of his ſuit, who was ſent to Conſtantinople the next day with four Turkiſh officers. As ſoon as he arrived he went to the Caimacan, to whom he notified, that he came from the Ottoman camp. He ſtaid three hours in the capital, and was ſent back to the Viſir with other diſpatches; from whence he is to go to Moldavia, to give account of his commiſſion to Count Romanzow. It is not yet known what has paſſed in this negotiation, but it is hoped that we ſhall ſoon be informed of it.

LONDON.

May 7. Lord North had ſome converſation yeſterday with a foreign Miniſter, who aſked him, why he was ſo ſtrongly wedded to an opinion, that the general pacification of Europe would continue ten years? His Lordſhip anſwered, that if the various powers of Europe really knew their own intereſt, there *never* would be another war, but that policy itſelf would become a guarantee to the rights of humanity.

Extract of a Letter from Copenhagen, dated April 28.

"Saturday laſt, early in the forenoon, the Committee of Inquiry pronounced ſentence againſt John Frederick Struenſee, and Enevold Brandt, which was accordingly preſented to the Privy Council, without his Majeſty's attendance. In the afternoon the Privy Council met again; in the evening, towards ſeven o'clock, the King arrived from Charlottenburgh, and preſided at the Council Board, when, after confirming the ſentence, he went *directly* to the Italian *Opera*.

"Same day, at twelve at noon, both the priſoners were acquainted by their Counſellors with their ſentences. Struenſee received and read it with extraordinary compoſure, which naturally aſtoniſhed all thoſe preſent; to whom he obſerved they ought, as he did, to impute it to his conſtant "apprehenſions, and his long preparations, for his unhappy fate." His uneaſineſs appeared much greater, when he found Brandt's ſentence equal to his own. Brandt alſo ſeemed tolerably reſigned on hearing his ſentence: But the following morning his ſpirits totally ſunk, there being no barber ſent him, as uſual, to be ſhaved. Meſſrs. Munter and Hee have been, ſince Saturday, ſeldom abſent from Struenſee and Brandt. Both priſoners delivered into their Counſellors hands, on their leaving them on Saturday laſt, two letters, one for the King, and one for the Committee of Inquiry. Yeſterday they both took the Holy Sacrament.

"Struenſee's Sentence takes up five full ſheets of paper: Among the charges therein contained againſt him are, his having aſſumed too great a power to himſelf; his injuring the King's treaſure for more than fifteen tons of gold; his forging (or falſifying) a draught; his diſcharging the guards; the ſuſpicious arrangements he had been ordering within the walls of this place, &c.

"Brandt's Sentence expreſly ſays, that on account of his deſigns agitated *immediately* againſt the ſacred perſon of his Majeſty, the exceptions he made could not be admitted, and therefore declared guilty, and condemned; towards the concluſion of their ſentence, is added, in virtue of the Daniſh Law Book, B. VI. Cap. IV. Art. 1. both Count John Frederick Struenſee, and Count Enevold Brandt, having made themſelves guilty, and as an example to others, ſtand juſtly condemned to forfeit their honours, lives, and property; and are entirely degraded from the dignities belonging to their titles of Earls; their Earls Coats of Arms are to be broken by the hands of the common hangman; this being done, their right arms will be cut off, next their heads, then will their bodies be quartered, and laid upon the wheel, and their heads and hands fixed upon iron ſpikes.

"The aforeſaid dead warrants were this morning executed in a field, without the eaſtern gate; a ſcaffold was erected of nine yards in heighth, and eight yards ſquare, whither both the priſoners were carried in hackney coaches; in the firſt went the Attorney General, and ſome attendants; Brandt appeared firſt on the ſcaffold; he had on a gold-laced hat, a green ſuit of cloaths, with gold binding, and boots: He ſpoke for ſome little time to his clergyman Mr. Hee, after which the ſentence was read and executed; his head was ſeveral times expoſed to the view of an immenſe croud of ſpectators; next appeared Struenſee on the ſcaffold, accompanied by Dr. Munter, having his hat in his hand, and dreſſed in a blue ſuperfine ſuit; he ſpoke to Dr. Munter; when done, his ſentence was executed in every ſhape like the foregoing one; their corps were carried to the uſual place of execution to be there expoſed; Struenſee behaved very penitently, but this cannot be ſaid of Brandt, for his whole conduct was remarkably bold; ſeveral files of ſoldiers and ſailors guarded the ſcaffold, and the town guards were alſo reinforced; though immenſe numbers were, for want of room, diſappointed of ſeeing this execution, and all

seeming for a while in a violent ferment, yet the whole went off undisturbed and quietly."

The day after the execution of Struensee and Brandt, the scaffold was taken down by the executioner's valets. Counsellor Struensee is now released from his chains, and none of the other state prisoners have, as yet, been conducted to the citadel. A detachment of dragoons have entered Aalbourg.

Notwithstanding the late *peaceable* protestations of Lord North in an august Assembly, the following circumstance, we can assure the public, is a fact, that there are just now ordered from Deal to Sheerness, to be ready for sea at an hour's notice, three 74 gun ships, two bomb ketches, a fireship, and a yacht. Where this fleet is destined is, no doubt, uncertain; still it looks as if matters were not fully accommodated between our Court and Denmark.

May 9. The following gentlemen are talked of for Sheriffs; Mr. Alderman Oliver, in conjunction with Mr. Lewis, a member of the Bill of Rights.

Mr. Alderman Kirkman, it is said, hath declared he will not stand with Mr. Alderman Plumbe.

Messrs. Aldermen Wilkes and Townsend are the two gentlemen resolved upon to be returned for Mayor.

It is said that Zelle will be only a temporary retreat for the Queen of Denmark, as it is resolved that she shall return to England when matters have somewhat subsided.

It was yesterday reported upon Change, that in the new treaty lately negotiated between France, Spain, and the Emperor, were two articles, viz. Putting the Pretender Charles in possession of Corsica, and annexing Gibraltar to the Crown of France.

May 10. Notwithstanding all the preparations at Zelle, for the reception of her Danish Majesty, we have received a letter from Copenhagen, of very good authority, dated the 5th instant, which assures us, that the Queen Matilda is so insurmountable, that she has absolutely and finally declared, she will, upon no consideration whatever, be separated from the King; and that she persists in protesting against the consistorial decree of April the 6th, by which she was sentenced to be divorced from her Royal Consort; she still resolutely insists and persists, that she is either guilty or innocent; if the former, then she demands the same punishment that has been inflicted on Struensee and Brandt; if the latter, then she demands, as a matter of right, an ample restitution of her honour and royal dignity. This resolution has greatly embarrassed the Court of Copenhagen, and the result of it remains as yet a mystery of state.

May 12. Major Rogers, who was so serviceable in the command of a body of Irregulars last war in America, has just obtained a commission from his Majesty, for finding out the North-west passage in that quarter. He is to be allowed 3l. a day for himself, and four shillings each for fifty companions of his own chusing. From the intimate acquaintance this gentleman has with the country, his knowledge of the Indian language; and, above all, having the object much at heart, the scheme seems to presage a very successful issue.

May 16. On Thursday the House of Commons agreed to the following resolution, viz.

That, after the expiration of the present draw-back of the duties of the customs upon tea exported to Ireland and the British plantations, a drawback be allowed of three-fifth parts of the duties of customs, payable upon the importation of such teas, for a limited time.

Letters by yesterday's Holland mail bring the following melancholy account, viz. On Monday evening last, just before the beginning of the Flemish opera at the theatre in Amsterdam, a small rope, belonging to some of the machinery, took fire, owing to a candle having been by accident placed immediately under it, which communicated itself to the boxes with such rapidity, that in a very few minutes the whole house was in flames. The smoke and confusion was so great, that, though many escaped out of the house, a large number, amounting to near 300 persons, we are sorry to inform the public, perished in the flames. Among whom were many of the first families in Holland. Husband and wife, mother and daughter, were burnt together. In short, when the mail came away, so great was the confusion, owing to the above dreadful calamity, that scarce half the business was conducted by the merchants in person. Eight or nine houses were likewise burnt down by said fire.

It is said that the dowry of the Queen of Denmark, which has been demanded by the British Minister, has been peremptorily refused by the Court of Copenhagen; which refusal, it is thought, will produce some very unpleasing circumstances.

It is said that the Right Hon. Col. Barre is going on a secret Embassy to Spain, as soon as the House breaks up.

May 19. Advice is received from Sir Robert Murray Keith, that the Court of Denmark are plotting something more against the Queen, in order to take her off; but that he apprehends, before they proceed any further against her, some other persons, who are well wishers to her, will be cut off; it having been noticed to the public, that there will be more executions in a short time.

Orders are given for a fleet of ships to be ready to sail at a few hours notice, their destination is not known, but it is imagined they are bound up the Baltic.

Letters from the North of Ireland advise, that the insurrections of the populace are intirely quelled, and that many of the insurgents, who were chiefly composed of Farmers and Weavers, are preparing to embark for America.

They write from Madrid, that the King of Spain, at the instance of the British Ambassador, had given orders for all the subjects of Great-Britain in prison, at Cadiz and Carthagena, to be immediately released, and forwarded to their own country.

St. James's, May 18. This afternoon, between three and four o'clock, his Royal Highness the Duke of Glocester arrived from Italy, in perfect health, and immediately waited on their Majesties at Kew.

Bristol, May 16. Yesterday morning the celebrated Jonathan Britain was executed at St. Michael's-hill gallows, in Bristol. He left Newgate between eleven and twelve, and arrived at the fatal tree about one o'clock. He behaved with remarkable decency, penitence and devotion---sung, prayed, and exhorted the people with much fervour and affection; acknowledged the justice of his sentence, and declared his hearty forgiveness of all his prosecutors. The executioner being tedious in the performance of his duty, Britain assisted him: He then delivered to the Turnkey his watch and cravat, kissed him, and launched into eternity with a satisfactory hope of salvation.

PHILADELPHIA, *July* 23.

Extract of a Letter from London, May 6, 1772.

"A Bill for free Importation of Wheat and Flour has passed the House of Commons, and been once read in the Lords, which is expected to pass."

Captain George, from Londonderry, on the 4th ult. in Lat. 48:20, Long. 34:14, spoke a Snow from Dominica, for Liverpool: On the 17th, in Lat. 42:47, Long. 53:2, spoke a Sloop from Boston for the Western Islands: On the 26th, in Lat. 40:47, Long. 66:55, spoke a Brig from Virginia for London, out 24 Days; and on the 8th inst. in Lat. 39:37, Long. 69:9, spoke a Ship and a Brig from New-York for Boston, 3 Days out.---Captain George had on board 340 Passengers.

Captain M'Kenzie, arrived at New-Castle from Belfast, on the 18th of June, in Lat. 39, Long. 50, spoke the Snow Venus, Captain Atkinson, from this Port for Lisbon, out 11 Days, all well on board.------He brought with him 350 Passengers.

By Captain Davidson, from Hispaniola, we learn, that Captain All, in a Brig belonging to Rhode-Island, bound to Cape Nichola Mole, was, on the 24th of June, cast away on the Caucuses; the Vessel is entirely lost, but the Captain and Crew were taken up and carried to the Mole, by a Sloop belonging to Providence. We further learn, that Captain Johnston, from Georgia, arrived there, and informed Captain Davidson, that on his Passage he spoke a Brig from Jamaica for London, the Captain of which acquainted him, that he saw a Sloop in the Gulph, mounting several Guns, who fired at and brought to three or four vessels, and boarded them: They attempted to board him, but he fortunately got away through the Darkness of the Night. They appeared to be Pirates, as they hoisted different Colours.

On the 26th of June, the French General arrived at the Mole from Port au Prince, and declared to the English Merchants, and Captains of Vessels, that while they conformed to the Limitations and Restrictions prescribed, the Trade carried on there by them, should meet with his Protection and Encouragement.

By Captain Blewer, from Charlestown, South-Carolina, we are informed, that the Schooner Polly and Fanny, Captain Buck, from this Port, bound to Georgia, is put into that Place by contrary Winds, all well.

Captain Higgs, from Porto Rico, on the 14th inst. in Lat. 37, Long. 73, spoke a Ship, from London for Virginia, but could not learn the Master's Name.

Captain Russel, from Dominica, informs, that Admiral Man was arrived at St. Vincents, with his Squadron, on board of which were Troops, Artillery, &c. designed, it was said, to reduce the Indians to Subjection, who had several Times been very troublesome to the English Inhabitants on that Island.

By Captain Lawrence, from Porto Rico, we learn, that the Spaniards, under various Pretences, had lately seized several English Vessels, the Captains and Crews of which were confined in Prison there, where they suffer very great Hardships; and that one Captain Smith, of Antigua, who formerly sailed out of this Port as Mate, died at that Place last May, by the ill Usage he received.

Captain Candle, from Lisbon, on the 2d Inst. in Lat. 33:43, Long. 62:44, spoke the Brig Elizabeth, Captain Hogg, from Piscataqua for Barbados, out 17 Days; the next Day spoke the Brig Jonathan, Captain Nixon, from St. Christophers for London, out 23 Days; also the Ship Hibernia, Captain Newland, from Waterford for Baltimore, out 45 Days, all well; and on the 16th, in Lat. 37, about 35 Leagues from the Land, he spoke the Brig Fox, Captain Spears, from the Coast of Africa for Virginia, out three Months and a Half.

Captain St. Barbe, from Lisbon, on the 16th Instant, about 15 Leagues to the Eastward of our Capes, spoke the Brig Anna, Captain Carr, from this Port for Dominica, all well.

Captain Ellis, from Providence, on the 13th Instant, on the Edge of Soundings, spoke a Sloop, Captain Martin, from Virginia for Antigua, all well.

Captain Cummings, arrived at New-York from Liverpool, on the 8th Instant, in Lat. 39:40, spoke with Captain Shaw, from Virginia for Glasgow.

Friends HALL and SELLERS,

Please to insert the following in your next, and oblige your constant Reader, A. B.

Extract of a Letter from St. Christophers, June 25, 1772.

"Captain Gilpin, in the Brig Success, sailed from here the 31st of April last, in the Evening, and arrived at Wilmington (as he informed me) the 13th of May; lay in Port until the 23d, sailed for this Port, and arrived the 14th of June, in the Evening, in all 45 Days."

Captain Rollings, in the Schooner Swan, sailed from Wilmington on the 20th of May last, in the Evening, arrived at St. Christophers the 13th of June, sailed the 22d, and arrived at Wilmington the 4th of July, in the Morning, in all 44 Days, and 12 Hours.

†‡† The MANAGERS of the CONTRIBUTIONS for promoting the Culture of Silk, having just received from London an Account of the Quality and Sales of last Year's Silk, are now enabled to fix the Premiums to be given for Cocoons raised this Year, a List of which will be published in next Week's Gazette, with Abstracts of further Information which they have received.

Est boni Magistratus Commoda Civium defendere, non divellere, atque omnes Æquitate eadem judicare. TULL.

Friends HALL and SELLERS,

In order to save the Court and the Public from the Trouble of applying to me to serve them in the Capacity of a Constable, please to inform them, that the inserting my Name amongst those of that Order in the last Gazette, was an Error, supposed to arise from an Officer of the Mayor's Court, as I (altho' incapacitated by several Circumstances properly to serve said Office) amongst a Number of other Inhabitants, did pay a Fine, for not accepting the same, and took a Receipt accordingly. ISAAC GRAY.

ARRIVALS.

At Lisbon, Snow Sarah, Captain Jones, from Philadelphia; and Ship Jenny,----from Maryland.

The Ship Charming Molly, Captain Gill, of this Port, is arrived in London from Jamaica.

Deal, April 20. Came down and sailed, The Prince George, Bazeman; Thornton, Hyde; David and Ann, Hewson, for Virginia; and the Betsy, Painter, for Quebec. (*April* 22.) Came down and sailed, the Camden, Richardson, for Maryland. (*April* 26.) Came down, and sailed immediately, the Montague, Pickles, for Carolina.

☞ We have Authority to assure the Public, that the long Room in Vidal's Alley, between Chestnut and Walnut-streets, in Second-street, is fitting up in the most elegant Manner (by a Gentleman from London) for the Reception of Ladies and Gentlemen, where he intends to exhibit the celebrated LECTURE on HEADS; which has been exhibited in London one hundred successive Nights, to the most brilliant and crouded Audiences, and met with universal Approbation.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia,* INWARD ENTRIES.

Brig Carpenter, S. Williams, from Antigua. Ship Charming Peggy, S. Davidson, Sloop Betsy, S. Williams, and Sloop Royal Windsor, J. Gourly, Hispaniola. Sloop Dove, J. Higgs, and Sloop Success, W. Lawrence, Porto Rico. Brig Dolphin, J. Russell, Dominica. Snow St. Peter, W. St. Barbe, Lisbon. Brig Charles-Town Packet, S. Wright, and Brig Friendship, J. Blewer, S. Carolina. Ship Rose, R. George, New-Castle. Sloop Friendship, N. Boust, Virginia. Sloop Two Brothers, C. Ellis, New-Providence.

OUTWARDS. Brig Charles-Town Packet, S. Wright, and Brig Friendship, J. Blewer, to S. Carolina. Brig Hibernia, N. Vallance, Surrinam. Sloop Success, W. Lawrence, Porto Rico. Ship Minerva, T. Tillett, New-York.

CLEARED. Sloop William's Relief, C. Place, for Grenada. Sloop Bentham, B. Woods, Schooner Chance, A. Bunting, Schooner Pennsylvania Packet, J. Dougherty, Sloop Polly, C. Gale, Sloop Betsy, E. Waterous, Schooner N. Carolina Packet, A. Dyar, and Sloop Tryal, J. Sawyer, N. Carolina. Sloop Friendship, F. Chappell, New-Haven. Brig Prince of Wales, W. Moore, S. Carolina. Ship Fame, T. White, St. Croix. Brig Georgia Packet, J. Souder, Georgia. Sloop Mary Ann, C. Gilbert, Virgin Islands. Brig Hanover Packet, W. M'Culloch, and Brig Nancy, J. Hanse, Jamaica. Sloop Dove, D. Ferguson, New-York.

City of Philadelphia, July 21, 1772.

The ASSIZE of BREAD.

FINE FLOUR, at *Twenty-four Shillings* per C.

MIDDLINGS, at *Twenty-one Shillings* and *Six pence* per C.

RYE, at *Nineteen Shillings* and *Three-pence* per C.

White Bread lb. oz.	*Middl. Do.* lb. oz.	*Rye Do.* lb. oz.
1d. loaf, is 0 6½.	1d. loaf, is 0 0.	1d. loaf, is 0 0.
2d. ditto, 0 12½.	2d. ditto, 0 0.	2d. ditto, 0 0.
4d. ditto, 1 8½.	4d. ditto, 1 10½.	4d. ditto, 1 13.
8d. ditto, 3 1.	8d. ditto, 3 5.	8d. ditto, 3 10.
12d. ditto, 4 9½.	12d. ditto, 4 15½.	12d. ditto, 5 7.

JOHN GIBSON, *Mayor.* SAMUEL MIFFLIN.

TO BE SOLD,

ABOUT 18 ACRES of LAND, near the Falls of Schuylkill, between the country seats of John Lawrence, Esq; and Mr. Henry Keppele, junior; it is a very high situation, and commands an extensive view of the river Schuylkill, and adjacent lands, both on the back and in front. For terms, apply to the subscriber, living with Andrew Doz, at Peel-hall.

CHRISTIANA JUSTICE.

A SOBER INDUSTRIOUS LAD, about 15 or 16 Years of Age, is wanted as an Apprentice to a DRY GOODS STORE, in this City; the Owner of which has been a considerable Time in Trade. Enquire of the Printers.

Philadelphia, July 20, 1772.

WANTED,

A SOBER, middle-aged WOMAN, to take Care of a small Family in the Country. If she be One of the People called QUAKERS, she will be liked the better. Enquire of WILLIAM IBISON, Broker, in Front-street, between Chestnut and Walnut-streets. ¶

Chester, ss. *July* 20, 1772.

ALL Persons that are indebted for Excise, are desired to pay their respective Accounts in Pennsylvania Money, and make their Entries on Qualification, according to Law, between this Date and next Court, at Chester, where I shall attend, at the House of WILLIAM KERLIN. Those that cannot attend, may make their Entries before some Justice of the Peace.

CHARLES HUMPHREYS, Collector.

Philadelphia, July 22. 1772.

To be SOLD, at the London Coffee-House, in Philadelphia, on Thursday, the 8th of August next, at 12 o'Clock,

A NEW SCHOONER, double decked, about 80 Tons, with her Masts and Bowsprit, as she now lies at Island-Beach, near Barnegat, or Burning-hole, where she was stranded last Saturday, in a Gale of Wind. *

JOSEPH HILLBORN,

HATH removed his Store to the house where Benjamin Kendall lately dwelt, in Chestnut-street, near Third-street, next door to the Cross-keys Tavern; where he has for sale, a variety of European and India GOODS, suitable for the season. Also a few crates of Earthen-ware, well assorted. ¶

JONES AND BACKHOUSE,

At their STORE, in FOURTH-STREET, the first house above MARKET-STREET, have for SALE,

A Large quantity of BEAVER and RACCOON FURRS, Indian-dressed DEER-SKINS; likewise Madeira, Lisbon, Fyall, Teneriffe and Malaga WINES, by the pipe and quarter cask, West-India and Philadelphia RUM. ‡

A few Barrels of CHOICE SHADD,

To be SOLD by

WILLIAM MILNOR,

Two Doors above the OLD FERRY-HOUSE, in Water-street, PHILADELPHIA. ¶

STRAYED or STOLEN, out of the pasture of Ann Yarnall, of Springfield, Chester county, on the 12th of July inst. a black round bodied HORSE, with a small switch tail, between six and seven years old, 14 hands and a half high, paces, trots and hand-gallops well, hath a small star in his forehead, and some saddle marks, shod all round, and the hind shoes new. Whoever takes up and secures the said horse, so that the owner may get him again, if stolen, shall receive *Three Pounds* reward, and *Forty Shillings* for apprehending the thief, so that he may be brought to justice, but if strayed, *Thirty Shillings*, and reasonable charges, paid by JESSE MARIS. †

Chester, July 20, 1772.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, on the 3d day of August next, will be exposed to public sale, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at the house of Joseph Lacey, in West Nottingham township, Chester county, a certain messuage, plantation and tract of land, thereunto belonging, containing 40 acres, be the same more or less, situate in West Nottingham aforesaid; bounded by lands of James Evans, Samuel Ewing, William Rowland, and others; late the property of Martha M'Kee; seized and taken in execution, and to be sold, by

JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, on the 4th day of August next, will be exposed to public sale, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, on the premises, a messuage and several tracts, pieces or parcels of land, thereunto belonging, lying adjacent and contiguous to each other, containing in the whole 87 acres, be the same more or less, situate in West Nottingham township, Chester county, having a water corn grist and merchant mill thereon erected; late the estate of Andrew M'Dowell; seized and taken in execution, by JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

STRAYED or STOLEN, between the 10th and 15th of July inst. from Greenwich, four miles from Philadelphia, a likely brown horse COLT, three years old, about 14½ hands high, with a lump on the near gambrel joint, paces and trots, has a switch tail, without shoes. Whoever takes up the said colt, and returns him to the subscriber, shall receive *Twenty Shillings* reward, if strayed, and *Forty Shillings*, if stolen, with *Forty* more for the thief, so that he may be brought to justice, and reasonable charges, paid by ¶

July 20, 1772. ABRAHAM KINTZING.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN or STRAYED away from the subscriber, living on Joseph Turner Esquire's plantation, in Passyunk township, on or before the 13th instant, a brown HORSE, about 14 hands 3 inches high, 3 years old, with a slip in his forehead, his two hind legs white, switch tail, natural trotter, of the English breed. Whoever secures the said horse, so that the owner may have him again, and the thief brought to justice, shall have the above reward, or TWENTY SHILLINGS for the horse only, and reasonable charges, paid by me ‡

JOHN WRIGHT.

RUN away, the 13th of this instant July, from the subscriber, near Newtown, Bucks county, an Irish servant girl, named JUDY FAGEN, between 15 and 16 years old, of a dark complexion, has black hair, and grey eyes: Had on, when she went away, a long old green worsted gown, brown skirt, and black bonnet, with a small pasteboard, and large crown, no shoes nor stockings. Whoever takes up and secures said GIRL, so that her master may have her again, shall have TWENTY SHILLINGS reward, and reasonable charges, paid by ‡ THOMAS MORGAN.

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in New-Castle County, Pencader Hundred, on Friday, the 10th of July inst. an Irish servant lad, named *Thomas Gore*, between 16 and 17 years of age; had on, when he went away, an old felt hat, a half-worn flax shirt, tow trowsers, a pair of shoes, with leather strings; is of a sandy complexion, wears his own curled hair, and when he laughs shews his eye teeth, as they stick pretty much out; took a fickle with him; loves liquor, and has a down look. Whoever takes up and secures said fellow, so that his master may have him again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by NATHAN BOLDEN.

N. B. All masters of vessels are forbid to carry him off, at their peril. ¶

Philadelphia, July 16, 1772.

THE MEMBERS of *The Society of the Sons of St. George, established at Philadelphia, for the Advice and Assistance of Englishmen in Distress,* are desired to attend their Quarterly Meeting, on Thursday, the 23d Instant, at 7 o'Clock in the Evening, at the House of John Little.

‖2w. RICHARD PETERS, junior, Secretary.

Nottingham, Chester county, June 11, 1772.

THE *subscriber takes this method to inform the public in general, and his former customers in particular, that he has removed from the Sign of the Boot, in Goshen, to the noted Tavern, in Nottingham, formerly kept by Elisha Hughes, and now known by the Sign of the Cross Keys; and as he has laid in a stock of the best liquors, and has good sheds and stables, and every thing necessary for carrying on the said business, all gentlemen travellers, and others, that please to favour him with their custom, may depend upon good accommodations, and kind usage, from their obliged friend,* *

JOSEPH LACEY.

*** Those GENTLEMEN in the Country, who subscribe with *David Hall* for the MAGAZINES, are requested to send for them: and those indebted, to pay off their Arrearages.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of CHARLES PEMBERTON, late of this city, deceaſed, are requeſted to make immediate payment, to the ſubſcriber; and thoſe who have demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring in their accounts, to SAMUEL PLEASANTS, Executor.

N. B. The remaining ſtock of GOODS, belonging to the eſtate, conſiſting of a large aſſortment of fine and ſuperfine broadcloths and rattinets (of the beſt quality) will be ſold low for caſh, or the uſual credit. 8 *W.*

TO BE SOLD,

THREE Hundred ACRES of LAND, ſituate in the Pariſh of St. Maries, the North Side of the Iſland of JAMAICA, capable of Improvement. For Terms, enquire of WILLIAM CLIFTON, in Third-ſtreet, between Mulberry and Saſſafras-ſtreets, Philadelphia. †

WANTED directly after Harveſt,

A NUMBER of good DITCHERS. Apply to SAMUEL REYNOLDS, and BENJAMIN WILSON, at Wilmington. §5s.tbc8w.

Mount-holly, July 12, 1772.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE plantation, pleaſantly ſituated in the townſhip of Northampton, and county of Burlington, about 17 miles from Philadelphia, and three from the town of Mount-holly, lying in the Forks of Rancocus-creek, adjoining both branches, and near the great road between Philadelphia and Mount-holly aforeſaid, containing about 500 acres of land, 80 whereof improved good meadow, under good bank, and about 20 acres more may be made, 150 acres of upland cleared, and in fence, a good large dwelling-houſe, neatly finiſhed off, with two large kitchens, out-houſes, milk-houſe, cheeſe-houſe, and every conveniency ſuitable for a dairy, a pump of excellent good water at the door, with a large new barn, granary, ſtables, cow-houſe and waggon-houſe, two bearing orchards, of good fruit, and a large garden, paled in. The ſaid plantation will be ſold together, or in two or three parts, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the ſame, may apply to *Sarah Biſpham*, of the town of *Haddonfield*; *John Hinchman*, Eſq; of the county of *Glouceſter*; or *John Biſpham*, of the town of *Mount-holly*, near the premiſes aforeſaid, for further particulars, and conditions of ſale; it being part of the real eſtate of *Thomas Biſpham*, late deceaſed, and to be ſold by SARAH BISPHAM, Executrix, JOHN HINCHMAN, and JOHN BISPHAM, Executors. §6W.

THE ſubſcriber wants about 30 or 40 Negroes, from the age of 10 to 45; field Negroes, men or women; houſe Negroes, men or women; ſhip-carpenters, or ſail-makers; cooks, and coach-men; young fellows that can ſhave and dreſs gentlemen; ſix watermen, that have been uſed to go in ſmall veſſels; a young Dutch lad that can write, and is capable of attending at a bar in a public-houſe; a Dutch woman that can cook well, &c. &c. Any perſon having ſuch to diſpoſe of, pleaſe to apply to me, at the ſouth-eaſt corner of Market-ſtreet and Fourth-ſtreet, or at the Coffee-houſe, on Wedneſdays and Saturdays, from eleven to one o' clock.

¶ BENJAMIN BANNERMAN.

WHEREAS *JAMES BROWN* came into this country about the beginning of winter laſt, landed in York, came from thence to this city, lodged with one Mary Ervin, in Pewter-platter-alley, came acquainted when there with *MICHAEL DORSEY*, Shoemaker, otherwiſe Cordwainer, followed for a time the vendues; about the 24th of April laſt, encouraged the ſaid *Dorſey* to go in company with him to Charleſtown, South-Carolina, with goods, which the ſaid *Dorſey* agreed to; landing there, ſold off the goods to advantage, ſome in Charleſtown, the remainder in the country, about 80 miles from Charleſtown; getting an opportunity of ſaid *Dorſey*'s cheſt, wherein lay the money, to the amount of Eighty Pounds ſterling, took it, and went off, which, the whole of the ſum, belonged all but a trifle to the ſaid *Dorſey*. And whereas the ſaid *Michael Dorſey* adverтiſed him, the ſaid *James Brown*, in Charleſtown, South-Carolina, and offered a reward of 100*l.* that currency, to any who ſhould apprehend and take ſaid *James Brown*; for further intelligence, he, the ſaid *Michael Dorſey*, adverтiſes him in this paper, as he intends in all other places on the Continent, and offers now a reward of TEN POUNDS, Pennſylvania currency, to any perſon who will apprehend and lodge him in any of his Majeſty's jails, ſo as he may be brought to juſtice. Given under my hand, this 17th day of July, 1772. MICHAEL DORSEY.

N. B. Said *James Brown* is about 30 years of age, about 5 feet 10 inches high, dark hair, round viſage, dark complexion, a little freſh in the face, very much given to antick mirth, knock kneed; wore white clothes, a ſmall hat, his hair tied; he is ſomewhat proud; and is an Iriſh rogue. †

WHEREAS *CATHERINE*, the wife of *DUNCANUS M'INTIRE*, of Saliſbury townſhip, Lancaſter county, hath eloped from her ſaid huſband, with a certain James Ledley, late from Ireland, and have ſince paſſed for man and wife, on the Horſe-ſhoe road; theſe are to forewarn all perſons not to harbour ſaid Catherine, or truſt her on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting from the date hereof. DUNCANUS M'INTIRE. July 10, 1772. ¶

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Bart townſhip, Lancaſter county, the 5th day of this inſtant July, a ſervant man, named FRANCIS SULLIVAN, a Weaver by trade, but may very probably change his name; he is a ſlim fellow, about 20 years of age, thin viſage, very much pitted with the ſmall-pox, eſpecially about the noſe, wears his own black hair, ſcalped before, and is 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high; had on, when he went away, a good home made brown jacket, without ſleeves, ſome part of it lined with his own Iriſh grey one, took two half-worn ſhirts, an old hat, and two pair of trowſers. It is thought he will paſs himſelf for a freeman, as he is a good Weaver, and has been two years in the country; ſo that I deſire the favour of all Weavers, and others, to take care of him, and bring him to juſtice, as he will ſhortly be offering himſelf to ſome maſter Weaver; and in ſo doing I will give a reward of FORTY SHILLINGS, and reaſonable charges. ALEXANDER WILSON. ‡8*W.*

FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Saliſbury townſhip, Lancaſter county, an Engliſh ſervant man, named THOMAS WILLIAMS; he is about 20 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, of a fair complexion, has a good countenance, ſmooth face, is very baſhful, has ſmall legs, with little calf, wears his own hair; had on, when he went away, a very dark brown coloured broadcloth coat, newly turned, lined with ſtriped worſted ſtuff, with hair buttons, an old cotton lappelled jacket, ſtriped with red ſilk (the ſilk almoſt worn out) a white linen ſhirt, check trowſers, good ſhoes, without ſtockings, a felt hat, little worn; he was bred on the borders of Wales, and has ſomething of the Welſh accent in ſpeaking; he has been in Ireland, from which place he ſailed for America; has been a year and 8 months in the country. Whoever apprehends the ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have Twenty Shillings reward, if taken in the county, if out of the county Forty Shillings, and reaſonable charges, paid by

July 14, 1772. ‡ WILLIAM FULLERTON.

To be SOLD. or exchanged, for an intereſt in the city of Philadelphia,

A WELL-FINISHED, convenient, two ſtory brick HOUSE, pleaſantly ſituated on the Delaware, at Greenbank, in Burlington, with a good yard, and two large gardens, abounding with excellent fruit; on the lot are a milk-houſe, ſmoke-houſe, and a ſtable for 4 horſes, with ſundry adjoining buildings for carriages, cattle and grain. The purchaſer (if he inclines to follow buſineſs) may be ſupplied with an oil-mill and ſnuff-mill; alſo an orchard, paſture, meadow, and about 16 acres of woodland. For terms, apply to

8 *W.* RICHARD WELLS, on the premiſes.

TO BE SOLD,

A LOT of GROUND, in the Borough of Briſtol, in the county of Bucks, containing 68 feet front on Mill-ſtreet, and extending through to Market-ſtreet 239 feet, or thereabouts, then 68 feet front, on Market-ſtreet, with a two ſtory dwelling-houſe, and kitchen, a large brick wheelwright's ſhop, fronting Mill-ſtreet, with a well of water in the yard, and a ſtable on the back end of the lot; its front on Mill-ſtreet is the moſt public in the ſaid Borough, and adjoining the well known tavern kept by John Prieſtly. For terms, apply to the ſubſcribers, at the corner of Front and Vine-ſtreets, or to Jacob Lancaſter, in the Borough of Briſtol.

Likewiſe, a pair of 4 feet French burr mill-ſtones, Scotch handkerchiefs, India calicoes, ſilk mitts, womens white cotton hoſe, ſilver watches, ſome China ware, and cordage; Weſt-India and Philadelphia rum; loaf, lump and muſcovado ſugar; melaſſes, Bohea and green tea, chocolate, cocoa, gammons, pepper, ſhot, Madeira wine, Liſbon and Liverpool ſalt, and a quantity of red cedar. BALDWIN and GILBERT. §

TWENTY-FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, in Frederick county, about 20 miles from George-Town, near Mr. James Brooks's mill, on the 4th of April laſt, a convict ſervant man, named WILLIAM WARD, *about 22 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches high, well ſet, ſwarthy complexion, round viſage, ſhort brown hair, tied behind; had on, and took with him, a blue drugget or German ſerge coat, trimmed with yellow metal buttons, a light coloured duroy waiſtcoat, a pair of buckſkin breeches, almoſt new, 1 pair of thread, and 2 pair of dark yarn ſtockings, a pair of old ſhoes, 1 of them patched on the ſide, odd buckles, one braſs, and the other ſteel, a pair of oznabrigs trowſers, a white ſhirt, 2 handkerchiefs, one linen, the other black ſilk, a new coarſe felt hat, and an Eight Dollar Bill; alſo a large ſorrel HORSE, about 14 hands and an inch high, branded on the near buttock and ſhoulder* P. D. *paces, trots and gallops, with good ſpirit, his hind legs white about half way, has a large blaze in his face. Whoever delivers ſaid ſervant and horſe to the ſubſcriber, or ſecures them, ſo as he may get them again, ſhall receive the above reward, or* TWENTY POUNDS *for the ſervant only, and* FIVE POUNDS *for the horſe, paid by* SAMUEL RIGGS. ‖6w.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Monday, the 27th of July inſtant, at 2 o' clock in the afternoon (and to be ſtruck off preciſely at 5) at the houſe of Jacob Neſt, lately kept by Henry Younken, in Springfield townſhip, a certain meſſuage or tenement, and 3 contiguous tracts or parcels of land, ſituate in Whitemarſh townſhip; one of them containing 52 acres, or thereabouts, bounded by Springfield line, and by lands late of Edward Farmer, and others; one other of them containing 24 acres and a half, bounded by the next deſcribed piece, and by land late of William Barge, and others; and the other of them containing 35 acres and 70 perches, bounded by lands late of William Dewees, and others; late the eſtate of David Stripe, ſeized and taken in execution by JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Tueſday, the 28th of July inſtant, at ſix o' clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-houſe, a certain meſſuage or tenement, and lot or piece of ground, ſituate on the ſouth ſide of Carter's-alley, and on the weſt ſide of a certain 10 feet alley, in the city of Philadelphia; containing in breadth, on Carter's-alley aforeſaid, 18 feet, and in length or depth, along the 10 feet alley aforeſaid, 42 feet; bounded by ſaid Allies, and by ground of Darby Savadge, Ebenezer Call, and others; late the eſtate of William Mitchell, ſeized and taken in execution by JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

Cheſter, June 29, 1772.

BY virtue of a writ of Levari Facias to me directed, on the 25th day of July next, will be expoſed to public ſale, at one o'clock in the afternoon, on the premiſes, a certain meſſuage or tenement, plantation and valuable tract of land thereunto belonging, containing 252 acres, and one fifth of an acre, be the ſame more or leſs, with a dwelling-houſe, kitchen, ſeveral good out-houſes, built with ſtone, a barn and ſtables, a large orchard, good meadow, &c. ſituate in Weſt-town townſhip, Cheſter county. Likewiſe at the ſame time and place will be ſold horſes, cows, houſhold furniture, implements of huſbandry, &c. late the eſtate of John Hunt, ſeized and taken in execution by

JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

N. B. The above deſcribed land is capable of great improvement, and I think may juſtly be ſaid to be a valuable plantation.

BY virtue of a writ of Levari Facias to me directed, on the 27th day of July next, will be expoſed to public ſale, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, on the premiſes, a meſſuage or tenement, brick malt-houſe, and piece or parcel of land thereunto belonging, ſituate in Lower Chicheſter townſhip, Cheſter county, containing one acre, be the ſame more or leſs, with the appurtenances; at the ſame time and place will be ſold houſhold furniture, late the eſtate of John Reynolds; ſeized and taken in execution by

JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

JUST arrived in the Snow Charlotte, Capt. Curtis, from Waterford, a Parcel of healthy Men and Women, Boys and Girls, SERVANTS; amongſt which are ſundry Coopers, Weavers, Taylors, Shoemakers and Hatters; and ſeveral who have been brought up to Farming; whoſe Times are to be diſpoſed of by JOSHUA FISHER, and SONS, or the Captain on board the ſaid Snow, lying off the Drawbridge.

A Genteel HOUSE and STORE,
TO BE LETT,

In a good Situation for Buſineſs. Enquire of the PRINTERS. ¶

July 13, 1772.

FOUR POUNDS, Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, in Paſſyunk Townſhip, yeſterday morning, an apprentice lad, by trade a weaver, named JACOB HUNTER, between 18 and 19 years of age, as will appear by his indenture, which he has taken with him; he is about 5 feet 4 inches high, of a ſlender make, thin viſage, wears his own light-brown ſtraight hair, has a down look, and takes particular long ſtrides in walking. Had on when he went away, an half-worn felt hat, with a red ſpot on the out-ſide of the crown, a white linen ſhirt, a brown homeſpun cloth coat, with yellow metal buttons, faded blue thickſet waiſtcoat and breeches, blue and white mixt yarn ſtockings, pretty much worn ſhoes, with Pinchbeck buckles. He took with him ſome other cloaths, and may perhaps change his dreſs. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid apprentice-lad, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward of FOUR POUNDS, *and reaſonable charges, paid by me* ‡ JOHN MESSMER.

N. B. For the reward apply to HENRY FUNK, *at the Black Bear, in Market-ſtreet; or to* HENRY REINHARD, *at the Green Tree, in Race-ſtreet, Philadelphia. He talks good Dutch and Engliſh. He is ſuppoſed to be in Town yet. All maſters of veſſels, and others, are forbid to harbour or carry him off, at their peril.*

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, by the Subſcribers, Executors of Captain John Meaſe, late of this city, deceaſed, the following lot of ground and plantation, being the remainder of ſaid Meaſe's real eſtate, which the Executors are now determined peremptorily to ſell, in order to ſettle the eſtate.

A LOT of GROUND on the weſt ſide of Fourth-ſtreet, between Arch and Race-ſtreets, 44 feet front, and 50 feet deep, together with a commodious two-ſtory brick dwelling-houſe, and a large convenient three-ſtory brick bake-houſe, with two large ovens, now in tenure of Matthias Cline, ſubject to a groundrent of 5*l.* 10*s.* currency, per annum, and will be ſold, at the London Coffee-houſe, on Thurſday, the 23d inſt. at 7 o' clock in the evening; 12 months credit will be given (if required) for 300*l.* of the purchaſe-money, giving ſecurity, and paying intereſt, for the ſame.

An extraordinary good plantation, in Thornbury townſhip, Cheſter county, now in tenure of William Read, containing 300 acres or upwards, with a ſufficient quantity of meadow and woodland, capable of great improvements, as the ſoil is remarkably kindly for either grain or graſs, with dwelling-houſe, barn, ſtables, orchard, &c. lies in a good neighbourhood, about 10 miles from Cheſter, and 22 from Philadelphia. The ſale to be on the premiſes, on Thurſday, the 30th inſtant, and will be ſtruck off preciſely at 4 o' clock in afternoon of that day.

N. B. The late John Meaſe, in April, 1767, agreed with the above named William Read, to leaſe him the aforeſaid plantation for 21 years, at 50*l.* per annum, and the ſaid Read was to have the privilege of purchaſing it in ten years for 1200*l.* of which agreement there was a memorandum made, and the leaſe to have been perfected in a month (which, however, by ſaid Read's neglect in not attending, during the life-time of ſaid Meaſe) was not done. The plantation will now be ſold, ſubject to the incumbrance of ſaid memorandum, which will be produced on the day of ſale, and fully explained by the Executors. Credit will be given for 5 or 600*l.* of the purchaſe-money, on giving good ſecurity for the ſame, and paying the intereſt regularly. WILLIAM ALLISON, WILLIAM MILLER, JAMES MEASE, JOHN MEASE. 4 *W.*

To be SOLD, by Public or Private SALE, by the SUBSCRIBER, the following LOTS;

A Certain lot or piece of GROUND, ſituate in the diſtrict of Southwark, on the north ſide of Plumb-ſtreet, containing in front on the ſaid ſtreet 23 feet, and in length or depth 90 feet, with a large three ſtory brick tenement thereon, 23 feet front, and 30 feet deep, having two rooms on a floor, and the kitchen in the cellar. One other large frame tenement, three ſtories high, 20 feet long, and 12 feet wide, with a large oven, having a three feet alley, which ſerves both buildings; the ground is bounded ſouthward by the ſaid Plumb-ſtreet, eaſtward by ground now or late of Alexander Allair, northward by ground of John Jekyl, and weſtward by a houſe and 15 feet of ground, by 90 feet in depth; the above clear of groundrent, and the brick houſe inſured from fire; the buildings would be very ſuitable for a baker.

One other certain piece of GROUND, ſituate in Southwark, containing in breadth, north and ſouth, 16 feet ſix inches, and in length 200 feet; bounded on the eaſt by Front-ſtreet continued, on the ſouth by ground of Alexander Huſton, on the weſt by ground now or late of Samuel Griſcom, and on the north by ground late of Benjamin Dawſon, deceaſed; ſubject to a yearly rent of £2 1 3 Pennſylvania currency; having a two ſtory brick kitchen thereon, and a cellar underneath, with room for the manſion-houſe, and a piazza in the front of the lot.

The whole to be ſold, by public ſale, at the London Coffee-Houſe, on SATURDAY, the 25th day of July, between the hours of Twelve and One. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the whole, or any part of the above deſcribed lots, before the day of ſale, may apply to the ſubſcriber, living in Second-ſtreet, oppoſite to Mr. John Inglis's. ¶7/6.

July 2. ALEXANDER RUTHERFORD.

IN purſuance of an order of Orphan's Court, will be expoſed to ſale, by public vendue, on Friday, the 24th day of July inſtant, at the houſe of JAMES ALEXANDER, in Third-ſtreet, a certain double wooden meſſuage, or tenement, ſtable, and lot or piece of ground thereunto belonging, ſituate on the north ſide of Spruce-ſtreet, between Fifth and Sixth-ſtreets from Delaware, containing in breadth, on Spruce-ſtreet, 32 feet and a half, and in length or depth 49 feet and a half, ſubject to a groundrent of £4:17:6 currency; late the real eſtate of Jacob Horner, deceaſed. The ſaid houſe is inſured in the ſum of £60, for two years to come. The ſale to begin at 6 o' clock in the evening. Attendance will be given at the time and place of ſale, by

¶ JACOB VANREAD, Adminiſtrator.

To the PUBLIC.

IGNACE LABAT has removed from the houſe where he formerly lived, to the ſign of the CROWN, in GAY-STREET, BALTIMORE-TOWN, lately kept by Mr. Melchior Keener, where he has opened TAVERN; and as he intends to keep good victuals, and the beſt and greateſt variety of wines and liquors, thoſe Gentlemen, who will pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom, may depend on being genteelly entertained, and meet with good uſage, from their humble ſervant,

¶ IGNACE LABAT.

N. B. There is a LIVERY STABLE kept at ſaid Labat's, where there will be always plenty of good hay and oats;-----alſo horſes and chaiſes to hire.

To the PUBLIC.

WHEREAS ABRAHAM BICKLEY, STEPHEN SHEWELL, *and* JOHN JERMAN, *for themſelves, and others, heirs of* Abraham Bickley, *deceaſed, have cautioned the public againſt purchaſing a tract of land, adverтiſed in the Pennſylvania Gazette for ſale, by the ſubſcriber.*

And whereas the invalidity of the claim of the perſon, under whom, as I am informed, they ſet up their pretenſions, was made manifeſt, upon a ſuit brought by her in Kent county, in the year 1696, as appears upon record-----And no perſons, under whom they claim, ever had poſſeſſion, nor ever thought it worth their while to revive their pretenſions, from that time till now, it is ſurprizing, theſe Gentlemen ſhould be at the coſt of an adverтiſement.

As appeals to the public will not determine the point, the ſubſcriber will not only ſatisfy the purchaſer of the indiſputableneſs of his title, but alſo warrant and defend the land, againſt the heirs of Abraham Bickley, *and all perſons claiming by, from or under him.* ‖ *HUGH NEILL.*

Greenwich townſhip, Glouceſter county, June 24, 1772.

THESE are to give notice, to all whom it may concern, that a number of the owners and poſſeſſors of the Marſhes and Meadows, adjoining Repapau Creek, in ſaid townſhip, intend to petition the General Aſſembly, at their ſitting in Auguſt next, for a law to ſtop ſaid creek, and bank out the tide from overflowing ſaid marſhes. ‖6 *W.*

By Virtue of an ORDER of the ORPHAN'S COURT, made the 28th Day of May laſt, will be expoſed to SALE, by Way of Public Vendue, on the Premiſes, the Firſt Day of SEPTEMBER next, for the Payment of Debts,

A Tract or Parcel of very good LAND and PLANTATION, containing 500 Acres, or thereabouts, ſituate in Little Creek Neck, in Kent County, on Delaware; the Property of ROBERT HALL, late of ſaid County, deceaſed. Attendance will be given at the Time and Place aforeſaid, by JERUSHA HALL, the Executrix. ¶8W.

July 25, 1772. CÆSAR RODNEY, Clerk.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market.*

July 29, 1772. NUMB. 2275.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

THE Publiſhers of the PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE, being under the Neceſſity of altering the Day of their weekly Publication from *Thurſday* to *Wedneſday*, think it their Duty, on the Occaſion, to expreſs their grateful Acknowledgments of the public Favour and Encouragement, continued to them for ſo long a Series of Years paſt. *To pleaſe the* PUBLIC, (they can with Truth declare it) hath, hitherto, been the conſtant Object of their Attention; and, for the future, both Gratitude and Inclination will ever oblige them to exert their utmoſt Abilities to merit its Approbation. This, however, they could not poſſibly hope to obtain, without having changed the Day of publiſhing the *Pennſylvania Gazette* to *Wedneſday*, that they might have an equal Chance with the Printers of the *Pennſylvania Journal*, to avail themſelves of the Intelligence by the Poſts, and the other uſual Channels of Conveyance.

LIST *of* PREMIUMS, *to be given by the* MANAGERS *of the Contributions for promoting the* CULTURE OF SILK, *for the Year* 1772.

TO that Perſon, in the Province of *Pennſylvania*, that ſhall raiſe within his or her own Family, and produce ſatisfactory Proof thereof to the Managers, and ſell or bring the ſame to be reeled at the Filature in *Philadelphia*, for their own Uſe, on or before the Firſt Day of *September*, 1772, the greateſt Quantity of good ſound merchantable Cocoons, not leſs than *Fifty Thouſand*, the Premium of *Fifteen Pounds*.

To that Perſon, in the Province aforeſaid, that ſhall raiſe, and produce Proof thereof to the Managers, and ſell or bring to be reeled, the next greateſt Quantity of ſound Cocoons, not leſs than *Forty Thouſand*, the Premium of *Ten Pounds*.

To that Perſon, in the Province aforeſaid, that ſhall raiſe, and bring Proof, as aforeſaid, the next greateſt Quantity of ſound Cocoons, not leſs than *Thirty Thouſand*, the Premium of *Six Pounds*.

To each of thoſe *Six Perſons*, in the Province aforeſaid, who ſhall ſell, or bring to be reeled to the Filature, the next greateſt Quantity of ſound Cocoons, not leſs than *Twenty Thouſand, Three Pounds* each.

To thoſe *Six Perſons*, within the County of *Philadelphia*, that ſhall raiſe, as aforeſaid, and ſell or bring to the Filature to be reeled, the greateſt Number of good ſound Cocoons, not leſs than *Fifteen Thouſand* each, a good compleat well-conſtructed Reel, fit for reeling Silk.

And to each of thoſe Four Perſons, in every other of the Counties of the Province of *Pennſylvania*, who ſhall raiſe and ſell, or bring to be reeled, for their own Uſe, at the Filature, the greateſt Quantity of good ſound Cocoons, not leſs than *Fifteen Thouſand*, a good compleat Reel, fit for reeling Silk.

And to that Perſon who ſhall raiſe and reel, within the Province aforeſaid, and produce to the Managers of the Filature, before the Firſt of *October* next, a Sample, not leſs than *Half a Pound*, of the beſt reeled Silk, the Premium of *Three Pounds*.

And to that Perſon who ſhall raiſe, reel and produce, as aforeſaid, *Half a Pound* of the next beſt reeled Silk, the Premium of *Forty Shillings*.

And to that Perſon who ſhall raiſe, reel and produce, as aforeſaid, *Half a Pound* of the third beſt reeled Silk, the Premium of *Twenty Shillings*.

N. B. All theſe *Cocoons* muſt be thoſe raiſed at *one ſingle Crop*.

The foregoing Premiums could not be propoſed ſooner, as the Managers had neither received any Account from *England* of the Sale of laſt Year's Silk, nor were able, till lately, to compleat their Subſcription Liſt, to entitle them to the Provincial Bounty of a *Thouſand Pounds*, which they have juſt received; and as the future *Premiums* are to be paid out of that Fund, they are therefore obliged to confine them to the Province of *Pennſylvania*.

As the Accounts which the Managers have juſt received from *England*, concerning the Quality and Sale of their laſt Year's *Silk*, are very encouraging, they think it a Duty, which they owe to the Public, to lay before them ſome Extracts from Dr. FRANKLIN's Letter on that Subject, as well as the Account of Sales of the *Pennſylvania* Silk, compared with the Prices got for the *Silk* of other Countries, moſt noted for the Produce of that Commodity; all which Dr. *Franklin* has been pleaſed to tranſmit.

And firſt, as to the Quality of the *Pennſylvania* Silk, and the Methods he took to diſpoſe of it, he writes as follows:---

"The Silk remained long at the *Cuſtom-houſe*, before we could get it valued, to aſcertain the Bounty. The Valuers opened all the Parcels, and ſeparated the Papers and Marks from them, ſo that we could by no Means diſtinguiſh the Parcel intended for the QUEEN. We concluded, therefore, to get ſome ſkilful Perſon to pick the propoſed Quantity out of the beſt, which was preſented to her Majeſty, repreſenting it as the firſt Fruits of a new Produce in *Pennſylvania*, humbly offered as a Mark of the affectionate Reſpect of her Subjects there; and that if ſhe vouchſafed to do them the Honour of accepting and wearing it, they might be the more encouraged to proceed in producing a Commodity, very beneficial to her *Britiſh* Subjects. Her Majeſty was pleaſed to accept it very graciouſly, and to ſay, that ſhe would have it woven, and wear it on ſome public Occaſion. I ſince hear that ſhe propoſes it for the KING's BIRTH-DAY."

"While the Silk remained at my Houſe, I had a *Number of the Trade* to ſee it, and give their Opinions of it, and I aſked their Advice as to any Improvements that might be made. They *all agreed, that the* STAPLE *was as good as any in the World, and that ſome of it was well reeled.* They objected principally to the Foulneſs of it."-----[N. B. *The Managers had before obſerved, that this aroſe chiefly from Want of due Care in the Reelers to change the Water often enough; a Fault which has been remedied this Seaſon, and they hope their Silk will accordingly be found as clean and gloſſy as any in the World.*]

Dr. *Franklin* proceeds as follows---"I did not know, till lately, that Silk is ſold here by two different Pounds, one of 24 Ounces, and the other of 16 Ounces; and when I informed you laſt Year, that on ſhewing ſome of your firſt Skains, ſent me by Dr. *Evans*, it might be worth 27*s.* per Pound, I find that the *great* or *Italian* Pound, of 24 Ounces, was meant. You will obſerve this Diſtinction in the Paper of Sales herewith ſent."

"On conſulting about the beſt Method of diſpoſing of the *Silk*, I was adviſed to a public Sale by Auction, as the propereſt to diſcover its true Value; and as the Quantity was too ſmall to make an Auction by itſelf, it was agreed to ſell it when there ſhould be a ſufficient Quantity on Sale from other Countries, to *draw the Trade together*. It was accordingly ſtored with a great Quantity of different Sorts, which I went to ſee, and thought the beſt of ours not much inferior to any there, the Thrown Silk excepted. The Broker had ſorted ours, according to his Opinion of its Quality, into *five* different Lots, as you will ſee by his Account of Sales. There was about four Hundred Weight of *Carolina* and *Georgia* Silk ſold at the ſame Time; and the beſt Lot of that ſold only for 4*d.* a Pound more than the beſt Lot of ours, viz. 19*s*6 the ſmall Pound of 16 Ounces---I am told Silk is juſt now uncommonly cheap. Along with yours, you will obſerve, by the Account of Sales ſent you, there was ſome ſold from moſt of the Silk Countries in the World."

"Dr. PULLEIN, who is now here, approved of your Silk much, but is perſuaded his Reel, as lately improved, is better than what you reel with, and adviſed ſending you a Model. I have accordingly got one made under his Direction, which I ſhall ſend by Oſborne."

"The Sample of ſecond Crop Silk was thought as good as any of the others. A great Deal is produced (of the ſecond Crop) in one of the Provinces of *China*, where the Climate is very like that of *North-America*. If the Practice of two Crops is not found attended with any great Inconvenience, it might be a great Addition to your annual Quantity."

"The *Auſtrian* Ambaſſador, who is an *Italian*, tells me, that in *Italy* they have lately found the Reeds or Stalks of *Indian Corn* to make the beſt Grates, whereon to feed the Silk-worms."

"Upon the whole, I have not the leaſt Doubt but that, by Perſeverance, you may eſtabliſh this valuable Produce in our Province. And you may believe that Nothing of the Kind can give me more Pleaſure than to promote your moſt laudable Undertaking, by every Service in my Power."

The Managers thought it neceſſary to give the above Extracts from Dr. *Franklin*'s Letter, that the Public might be fully acquainted with the Progreſs of this whole Deſign, and be enabled to form a due Judgment of its Uſefulneſs, as well as the Probability of its Succeſs. They hope alſo, that by conſidering the following Accounts of Sales, the Prices given by the Managers for Cocoons of this Year will appear to be a full Value, and even more than could be afforded, without the Aſſiſtance received from the Province, and the generous Subſcriptions of Individuals. The Managers, therefore, flatter themſelves, that thoſe Families who have Hands to ſpare for feeding Silk-worms will, from farther Experience, and an Increaſe of *Mulberry-trees*, find their Labour more amply compenſated at the preſent Prices, than by any other Buſineſs they could do in the ſame Time; beſides the Satisfaction of being inſtrumental in eſtabliſhing a new Staple for the Trade of this Province, which may contribute highly to its future Wealth, and be the Means of *feeding*, as well as *cloathing* Millions of our Poſterity, yet unborn!

Account of the SALES *of* SILK, *London, April* 10, 1772.

Five Lots of *Pennſylvania Silk*, viz. Lot No. 51, ſold at 19*s*2 Sterling. No. 52, 19*s*2. No. 53, 18*s*. No. 54, 17*s*8. No. 55, 10*s*.

Carolina and *Georgia* Silk. Higheſt Lot, 19*s*6. Loweſt Do. 9*s*2.

China. Skain-Silk, 22*s*6.

Bengal.	Higheſt, 20*s*.	Loweſt, 5*s*7½.
Ghilan.	Higheſt, 15*s*9.	Loweſt, 12*s*.
Brutia *.	Higheſt, 17*s*.	Loweſt, 16*s*8.
Rheggio.	Higheſt, 17*s*4.	Loweſt, 16*s*8.
Calabria.	Higheſt, 16*s*4.	Loweſt, 14*s*.
Murcia.	Higheſt, 17*s*4.	Loweſt, 16*s*8.
Foſſumbrun	- 20*s*8.	
Pizarro.	Higheſt, 20*s*.	Loweſt, 19*s*8.
Milan.	Higheſt, 19*s*.	Loweſt, 17*s*.

The above Silks are all reduced to the ſmall Pound of 16 Ounces, and the Prices put accordingly.

* *All the Silks, after thoſe of* Brutia, *were ſold at Seven Months Credit, the* Pennſylvania *Silk at Two Months Credit; and it is to be obſerved that ſome of the beſt of the* Pennſylvania *Silk was picked out, for Preſents, before the Sale.*

N. B. Silk wound at the Filature for any Perſons, at 6*d.* per Ounce, or 7*s*6 per Pound, as laſt Summer.

Philadelphia, July 24, 1772.

FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS Reward.

ANY perſon or perſons who ſhall apprehend and deliver to the Sheriff of Philadelphia county, ISAAC JACOBS, and EMANUEL LYON, Jew pedlars, who left the city of Philadelphia ſome time in February laſt, ſhall be entitled to a reward of *Five Hundred Dollars*, or *Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars* for the apprehenſion and delivery of either of them, as aforeſaid, to be paid by the ſubſcribers, who will indemnify ſuch perſon or perſons, from any damage he or they may ſuſtain, by reaſon of ſuch apprehenſion and delivery. *Iſaac Jacobs* will probably paſs, in the country, by the name of *Jacob Iſaac*; he was born in Germany, is a ſhort thick ſet man, of a fair complexion, wears his hair ſhort, which is of a very light colour, and much curled; came from Ireland about 2 years ago, and has ſince followed the buſineſs of a pedlar.

Emanuel Lyon was alſo born in Germany, is about 5 feet 10 inches high, of a dark complexion, wears ſhort black curled hair, almoſt bald on the top of the head; he was for ſome time concerned in the ſoap buſineſs in this city, in partnerſhip with Peter Barker; pretends to be a great ſcholar, and to be well verſed in the Hebrew tongue.

Theſe men are largely indebted to ſundry merchants in this city, and, from many circumſtances, there is the ſtrongeſt reaſon to believe, that their intentions are to defraud their creditors; wherefore it is hoped, that from a love of juſtice, as well as the above reward (which will be paid with great chearfulneſs and punctuality) many perſons will be induced to exert themſelves in the apprehending two ſuch atrocious villains.

Part of the goods they purchaſed were ſent to Lancaſter, by a waggon that went from the houſe of Dietrick Reeſe, at the ſign of the King of Pruſſia, in Market-ſtreet; if the waggoner will give ſatisfactory proof reſpecting the perſon the goods were delivered to, he ſhall receive TWENTY DOLLARS for his trouble. PHILIP FRANCIS, THOMAS ASSHETON, JOSEPH DEAN, EDWARD BATCHELOR, HENRY KEPPELE, junior.

TO BE SOLD,

THREE Hundred ACRES of LAND, ſituate in the Pariſh of St. Maries, the North Side of the Iſland of JAMAICA, capable of Improvement. For Terms, enquire of WILLIAM CLIFTON, in Third-ſtreet, between Mulberry and Saſſafras ſtreets, Philadelphia. †

LOST, on the 17th inſtant, between the Robin Hood Tavern, on the Wiſſahickon road, and Walnut-ſtreet, in this city, a Lady's plain GOLD WATCH, with a ſteel chain and hook, maker's name *William Poſt, London*, on the inſide work, as well as on the face or dial-plate, with a ſhell under it, near the hour hand VI, number forgot, the owner's name printed on paper, and paſted on the inſide lining of the outſide caſe. Whoever has found the ſame, and will bring it to the Printers of this paper, ſhall be handſomely rewarded.

N. B. If offered for ſale, pleaſe to ſtop it, and give notice as above. Philadelphia, July 24, 1772. *Theft.*

TO THE ENCOURAGERS OF LITERATURE.

THE Third Volume of BLACKSTONE's COMMENTARIES is now publiſhed, and the Fourth Volume being now in the preſs, will be publiſhed with great expedition: And as many of the Subſcribers to this Work have expreſſed an earneſt deſire for an American edition of----

An INTERESTING APPENDIX to Sir *William Blackſtone*'s Commentaries on the Laws of England.

CONTAINING,

I. Prieſtley's remarks on ſome paragraphs in the fourth volume of Blackſtone's Commentaries, relating to the Diſſenters.
II. Blackſtone's reply to Prieſtley's remarks.
III. Prieſtley's anſwer to Blackſtone's reply.
IV. The caſe of the late election of the county of Middleſex conſidered on the principles of the conſtitution, and the authorities of law.
V. Furneaux's letters to the Hon. Mr. Juſtice Blackſtone, concerning his expoſition of the Act of Toleration, and ſome poſitions relative to religious liberty, in his celebrated Commentaries on the laws of England.
VI. Authentic copies of the argument of the late Honourable Mr. Juſtice Foſter in the Court of Judges Delegates, and of the ſpeech of the Right Honourable Lord Mansfield in the Houſe of Lords, in the cauſe between the city of London and the Diſſenters.

*** The EDITOR, always attentive to the deſire of the Public, and ever willing to gratify the growing taſte for the advancement of literature in America, propoſeth to publiſh by Subſcription the abovementioned Performance (Price One Dollar, and One Half of a Dollar) in neat law-binding, in one volume royal octavo, printed on the ſame letter and paper with the American edition of ſaid Commentaries; therefore, all Gentlemen deſirous of forwarding this republication, by ſignifying their intention ſpeedily to thoſe Bookſellers who have ſupplied them with Blackſtone's Commentaries, will greatly oblige their moſt reſpectful ſervant, ROBERT BELL.

Philadelphia, July 20, 1772.

N. B. The lovers of religious freedom---the right of private judgment---and univerſal and impartial liberty in matters of conſcience---are requeſted to remember that the names of five hundred ſubſcribers will be neceſſary to carry on this undertaking.---They are alſo requeſted to obſerve, that thoſe who have not ſubſcribed for Blackſtone, may, if they pleaſe, encourage theſe curious controverſial tracts on civil and religious liberty, in which all mankind are intereſted.---And the Public are hereby notified, that as ſoon as the fourth volume of the Commentaries is finiſhed, the price of the ſett will be raiſed conſiderably above its preſent very moderate price.

Philadelphia, July 23, 1772.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, laſt Night, from Jacob Bell, Shoemaker, in Front-ſtreet, an Apprentice Lad, named WILLIAM M'DOWELL, about 19 Years old, 5 Feet 6 Inches high, well ſet, light Complexion, and wears his Hair, tied behind. Had on, when he went away, a half-worn Caſtor Hat, an old pale Snuff coloured Thickſet Coat, with new Sleeves, a light coloured Cloth Waiſtcoat, without Sleeves, a Check Shirt, Check Trowſers, Buckſkin Breeches, home-made Thread Stockings, and a Pair of old Pumps. He alſo carried off with him a Parcel of Shoemaker's Tools, and a Leather Apron, almoſt new.

Alſo, run away at the ſame Time (in Company with M'Dowell) from John Alexander, Shoemaker, in Pewter-platter-alley, an indented Servant Man, named WILLIAM HALL (formerly a Servant to Rowland Evans, Eſq;) born in London, about 24 Years old, a very ſhort thick well ſet Fellow, round faced, has a light Complexion, yelloviſh curled Hair, and ſpeaks remarkably coarſe and ſtrong: Had on, when he went away, a blue Cloth Coat, almoſt new, 2 Shirts, ſtriped Trowſers, white Ticken Breeches, home-made Thread Stockings, good Pumps, and half-worn Caſtor Hat: He alſo took with him a Sett of Shoemaker's Tools. Whoever apprehends the above runaways, and brings them home to their Maſters, or ſecures them, ſo that they may be had again, ſhall receive the above Reward, or Thirty Shillings for each, and have all reaſonable Charges, paid by

¶ JACOB BELL, and JOHN ALEXANDER.

N. B. *It is ſuppoſed they are gone towards New-York.* ¶

STRAYED from off the Commons of Philadelphia, on Monday, the 8th of June, a dark red COW, about 9 or 10 Years old, her Horns ſtand pretty high, but turn in like a Bow; ſhe did not give much Milk when ſhe went away, and is expected to calve in September; had a Rope round her Horns, but no Marks remembered, except a little white on the end of her Tail; ſhe was bought in the Market, and came down the Ridge Road laſt Fall. Whoever takes up ſaid Cow, and will bring her to the Subſcriber, living in Spruce-ſtreet, between Fourth and Fifth-ſtreets, ſhall have a DOLLAR Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by DUNCAN LEECH. ¶

York Goal, July 20, 1772.

WAS committed into my cuſtody, the 23d day of June laſt paſt, a certain JOHN HALL, alias JOHN WARD, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high; had on, when committed, an half-worn felt hat, an old white cloth jacket, with flat metal buttons, and an old check ſhirt, tow linen trowſers, grey blue worſted hoſe; is marked with the ſmall-pox, dark buſhy curled hair, about 20 years of age, an Iriſh lad; ſays he belongs to Mr. William Weſton, in Philadelphia.

As alſo another, named JOHN SMITH, who was committed on the 14th inſtant, on ſuſpicion of being a runaway ſervant, about 5 feet 9 inches high, a ſlender made fellow; had on, when committed, an old patched felt hat, a white cotton jacket, a coarſe ſhirt, old buckſkin breeches, blue ſtockings, and old coarſe ſhoes; has ſandy hair and beard, about 21 years of age. Their maſters are deſired to come, pay charges, and take them away, by MICHAEL GRAYBILL, Goaler. ¶

[*For a* LIST *of* LETTERS, *and more new* ADVERTISEMENTS, *ſee the fourth Page.*]

LONDON, *May* 7.

Extract of a Letter from Naples, April 10.

" A few days ago two Artisans, who were drinking together, quarrelled in their cups; on which one of them immediately drew a stiletto, and laid his companion dead upon the spot. A soldier, who was present, resolving to be revenged of the assassin, for the murder of the deceased, who was his friend, snatched up a knife from a table, and plunged it in his heart. This latter, though the blood gushed very fast from his wound, pursued the soldier, holding the stiletto still in his hand; but despairing of overtaking him, he took the barbarous resolution to stab every one that came in his way. He soon laid seven persons dead upon the street, and wounded many more.---This monster at last, exhausted by loss of blood, fell down; and a Priest coming to give him assistance, he raised his arm to stab him, but expired before he could strike the blow."

Sir Charles Whitworth reported from the Committee of Ways and Means in the House of Commons, the following resolutions of yesterday, which were agreed to.

That towards raising the supply granted to his Majesty, there be issued and applied 1,856,723l. 1s. 2d. out of the over-plus monies arising out of the sinking fund.

That 20,000l. be granted to his Majesty, for maintaining his forces and garrisons in the plantations, and for provisions for the forces in North-America, Nova-Scotia, Newfoundland, and the ceded Islands.

That the duties imposed by an act of the 5th of his present Majesty's reign upon the importation and exportation of gum senega, be applied towards making good the supply granted to his Majesty.

Extract of a letter from Portsmouth, dated May 3.

" His Majesty's ships Centaur and Panther are gone out of the harbour to Spithead; and this day his Majesty's ships Terrible, Lenox and Royal Oak, came into the harbour from Spithead, to be docked.

" The following frigates are said to be appointed to go to the Baltic to bring over the Queen of Denmark, viz. the Southampton, Thames and Glory; and that Captain M'Bride is to have the command."

May 9. The bill for the relief of Protestant Dissenters has passed the Commons.

Yesterday the House of Commons came to a resolution, that a sum not exceeding 5000l. should be granted to his Majesty, to be paid to Mr. Charles Irvin, for his ingenious invention of a machine, by which salt water can be made fresh and wholesome.

On Thurday last a young Lady, daughter to a wealthy Commoner, with a fortune of 30,000l. at her own disposal, set out for France with her father's valet de chambre.

The supper at the Pantheon, on Thursday night, cost exactly 1250l. for victuals, and 500l. for wine. The number of subscribers was 1500, so that they were rated at 10s. a head for eating.

May 11. So excessive are the emigrations from Scotland to America, that 300 persons have removed from the estate of Mr. M'Cleod, a gentleman of fortune in the Isle of Sky; and it is said, that the Earl of Eglington has at this moment about 5000 acres of land in Airshire, on which there is scarcely a single inhabitant.

May 12. Saturday the General Court Martial was dissolved, and the sentence laid before the King. It is said that General Strode must pay the regiment for the cloathing.

The bill for the relief of the Protestant Dissenters, which passed the House of Commons on Friday, was carried, on a division, 75 against 9.

It is said that this day three weeks is fixed for the rising of Parliament.

They write from Petersbourg, that the Porte had agreed to a cessation of arms with her Imperial Majesty, and a congress.

May 15. The Queen of Denmark has written a most affecting letter to the King, asserting her innocence of all the criminal accusations against her in the strongest manner; and declaring, that the strictness of her future life shall fully refute the slander of her enemies.

The Queen of Denmark, we hear, wears nothing else but deep mourning. When she first affected this dress, one of her ladies asked her for what she put on such a semblance of sorrow? To which her Majesty replied, it is a debt I owe to my murdered reputation.

It is reported that counter orders have been sent to the commander of the men of war destined to sail for Copenhagen, to conduct the Queen of Denmark to Zelle; as it is said, she insists that the charge laid against her is unjust and illegal, and demands a fair trial.

Advice is received from Versailles, that the court is in great distress for money; to procure which, the Island of Corsica has been offered for sale to certain powers, who have declined the purchase.

In consequence of the bill which will soon receive the royal assent for the free importation of corn, the corn merchants of this City have sent large orders abroad, which doubtless will soon reduce the present exorbitant price, to the great relief of the poor.

By the ASHLEY, Captain PIDDINGTON, from London, we have the following Intelligence.

SILESIA, April 23.

THE Accounts we have from Poland are, that General Branicki, with 800 Russian Infantry and Uhlans, has attacked General Schutz with a Body of the Confederates, defeated them, and made upwards of 200 Prisoners. Afterwards he attacked Kossakowsky, and made 30 Confederates Prisoners.

Vienna, April 28. Several Regiments of Light Horse and Hussars have received Orders to go and reinforce the Austrian Troops, which are destined to enter Poland. It is said this Corps, which will be composed of 22,000 Men, and will be joined by some Battalions of Croats, will march towards Cracovia, and that Count Emerick Esterhazi, who has now the Command, will be replaced by General Haddick.

Warsaw, April 19. We are very anxious here to know whether the Circumstances mentioned in a Letter from Petricau, dated the 14th Instant, have any Foundation: This Letter informs us, " That Marshal Zaremba had been three Days with the Prussian General, at his Head Quarters at Kalisch, with whom he had had several Conferences;" in the mean time the Prussians seize all the Confederates that fall in their Way, and extend themselves farther and farther into the Palatinates of Kalisch, Posnania, Inowroclaw, and Cujavia. The general Opinion is, that the Prussians have Views on Polish Prussia, and we are not without Fears of that Sort here; and what helps to confirm our Fears is, a Letter handed about, dated Koningsberg, March 21, mentioning the following Particulars relating to the intended claim, viz. that it is proposed that Polish Prussia shall be regarded hereafter as Part of the Kingdom of Prussia, in the same Manner as in the Times of the Teutonic Knights; that the Bishopric of Warmia shall be secularized, and the Bishop and Chapter receive Pensions; that Dantzic and Thorn shall be declared free Cities; that Religion shall be regulated in the same Manner as in Prussian Silesia; and that 30,000 Prussian Troops shall be always cantoned in the said Province.

We have received Advice, that a Body of Confederates has found Means to pierce the Prussian Cordon of Troops near Kalisch, and had fallen in with a Convoy of 300 Carriages, laden with Grain, which the Prussians had collected in Poland, and that, after breaking the Carriages to Pieces, and destroying the Corn, they made their Escape.

April 25. *Every Thing here shews that some Affairs of great Consequence are upon the Carpet, and it is thought something new will soon break out. It is, however, certain, that the Russian Forces increase daily in this Kingdom; that Polisso Prussia, and Great Poland, swarm with Prussian Troops, and that according to Advices from Cracovia, a considerable Body of Austrians has entered Poland, on that Side, with some heavy Artillery. These Circumstances seem to have spread a Consternation among the Confederates, who hardly know where they are; and it is said they no longer receive the Subsidy paid them monthly by a certain Court. Six new Prussian Regiments are arrived, and it is reported that the King of Prussia will come in June to the Camp at Marienwerder. It is thought that the Presence of the Prussian Monarch in Poland, will be a Means of putting an End to our Troubles.*

Hamburgh, May 5. *Letters from Warsaw, of the 25th of April, mention, that they had received Accounts there of a Suspension of Arms being concluded and published in the Russian and Ottoman Armies. Other Letters from Poland mention, that the Austrian Troops who formed the Line on the Frontiers of that Kingdom, are on March towards Cracow; they consist of 24 or 26 Battalions of Infantry; the Cavalry is composed of Lowenstein's Light Horse Dragoons, of Bathiani's, &c. and six Regiments of Hussars. These Troops are commanded by General Haddick, who has under him a Lieutenant-General, and five Major-Generals.*

In Consequence of Orders issued in the Danish Gazettes, not to demolish the Scaffold on which the bloody Scene took place of the 28th of April, most People were fearful that more Cruelties of that Sort were to be exercised: But Letters from Copenhagen, of the 2d inst. give us Reason to hope, that they have renounced the Design, as they inform us, that the Scaffold has been taken down, that none of the Prisoners who were out of the Castle had been removed thither, and that Counsellor Struensee has had his Irons taken off.

Petersburgh, April 14. Accounts were received on Saturday last from Marshal Romanzoff, that the Porte had agreed to a Cessation of Arms and Congress, and had named Ismael Beg (the Reis Effendi) and Osman Beg (who was formerly his Reis Effendi) to be their Ambassadors Plenipotentiary: Her Imperial Majesty has appointed Count Gregory Orloff, and Monsr. Obrescoff, to be her Ambassadors Plenipotentiary.

Amsterdam, May 14. The Counsellors Deputies to the Admiralty in this City, have given the following Notice:

" The States General of the United Provinces give Notice by these Presents, to all and every one, that the Emperor of Morocco, having as good as declared War against the Republic, they keep on their Guard against the Corsairs of the said Emperor; take Precautions, that on the one Hand the Merchant-men do not begin to commit any Hostilities, and on the other, to take Care that they be not surprized unawares."

Petersbourg, April 17. *There is at present no Appearance of the Plague in any Part of the Russian Dominions; and by the last Accounts from Crim Tartary the Distemper no longer existed there.*

Hamburgh, May 12. Letters from Copenhagen advise, that his Majesty has just signed a Testamentary Disposition, concerning the Administration of the State, if his Majesty should die before the Hereditary Prince arrives at the proper Age to take on himself the Reins of Government.

Lunenburgh, May 12. The Queen of Denmark is expected soon in this Country. Her Court is already arrived here from Hanover.

Amsterdam, May 18. We can advance nothing with Certainty as to the Numbers lost in the late Fire; about 20 have been dug out of the Ruins, but so defaced, as not to be known. Many more were suffocated, and others desperately hurt, in attempting to get out. More are digging out daily.

Warsaw, May 2. *The Prussians have driven all the Confederates out of Great Poland. It is reported here, that the Austrian Troops that have Orders to enter Poland, amount to 40,000 Men. If Credit may be given to public Accounts, there is a triple Alliance on Foot between the Courts of Petersburgh, Berlin and Vienna.*

Cracow, April 30. *The Russians took Possession of the Castle the 26th of this Month, and the Confederates, in Number about 720, besides 44 Officers, came out the same Day as Prisoners of War.*

St. James's May 6. The King has been pleased to constitute and appoint the Right Honourable John Earl of Sandwich, John Buller, Esq; the Right Honourable Henry Viscount Palmerston, of the Kingdom of Ireland, Charles Spencer Esq; commonly called Lord Charles Spencer, the Right Honourable Wilmot Viscount Lisburne, of the Kingdom of Ireland, the Right Honourable Augustus John Hervey, and Thomas Bradshaw, Esq; to be his Majesty's Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great-Britain and Ireland, and the Dominions, Islands, and Territories thereunto respectively belonging.

LONDON.

May 11. Letters from Constantinople advise, that the Grand Signor is going to fix his Residence at Adrianople, and that the Continuation of War with the Russians (notwithstanding the present Shew of Peace) is looked on as inevitable.

They write from Leghorn, that a Conspiracy had been discovered at Cagliari, the Capital of Sardinia, in which 500 Persons were concerned, but the Viceroy being informed of it, hung up the Leaders, and dispersed it.

It is reported that the Senate of Genoa, in Pain for the Safety of their Republic, from the repeated Encroachments of the French and Spaniards, have applied to the Courts of Great-Britain and Turin for Assistance.

Some Letters from the Hague mention, that the States General have lately presented a very spirited Memorial to the Spanish Court, touching the Capture of two Dutch Vessels from Coracoa on the high Seas by a Spanish Man of War some Months ago.

It is reported that some very recent Insults have been offered to the British Flag in the Mediterranean.

The Drawing of the Lottery is fixed by the Commissioners to begin on Monday, the 16th of November next.

A Correspondent says, it is not the Queen of Denmark whom Prince Ernest of Mecklenburg is to marry, that Prince having obtained Leave to marry at this Court a fair One of exalted Birth, as soon as her present unhappy and unequal Marriage can be dissolved.

Colonel Keith will probably make his Fortune by the Misfortunes of others. Thus melancholy are the Fluctuations of human Affairs!

May 12. Letters from the Hague mention, that the States General, on Account of the critical Situation of Affairs on the Continent, had given Orders for the barrier Towns of the Republic to be augmented with an Addition of 14,000 Troops.

The Cantons of Switzerland, which was reckoned the most populous Country for its Extent in Europe, is almost depopulated by the Number of Swiss hired by the different Powers on the Continent, which are said to amount to near 113,000 Men.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, May 5.

" The Governor of Surrinam has represented to the Directors of that Colony, that unhappily the Natives of the Country have invaded and demolished some of the distant Plantations; and that, for Want of Troops, he was not able to quell them. This News has occasioned a great deal of Consternation, and the Directors are taking the necessary Measures to remedy the Evil complained of."

It may be depended upon as an indisputable Fact, that the East-India Bill, for instituting a Court of Judicature at Calcutta, in Bengal, will not pass either of the Houses; the Mayor's Court there is instituted by a Charter of Justice, and if it can be permitted to exercise its Jurisdiction independent of the Controul and Corruption of the President and Council, is thought to be more likely to promote the Ends of Justice, than any other Court of Justice that can be instituted or superadded.

A Treaty of Marriage is actually on the Tapis, and will, it is thought, be speedily concluded, between Robert Morris, Esq; late Secretary to the Bill of Rights, and Miss Wilkes, Daughter to the celebrated Patriot. This Union, it is imagined, will be productive of the greatest Felicity to all the Parties, as Mr. Morris is a Favourite amongst the Ladies, Miss Wilkes will have a large Fortune, and the Patriot stands much in Need of a spirited Advocate, all his old Adherents having deserted him. Add to this, that all the Parties are so remarkable for *Beauty*, that they attract the Admiration of every Beholder.

May 14. How many Lacks shall I put in my Pocket, was the only Object of Inquiry with the E. I. Company's Servants abroad? How many Sons, Nephews and Dependants, shall I provide for, was the only Object of Inquiry with the E. I. Company's Servants at home? How much shall I get by trading in the Alley, by being first acquainted with the Company's Secrets, was a common Object to both? Public Spirit was entirely forgot.

Bengal is a trading Country, and the Possession of it will soon become a Burden instead of an Advantage, if the Company be not speedily regulated.

A Vessel lately arrived at Cadiz from the Caracca Coast in America, has brought Advice that the Inhabitants of that Country are in open Rebellion, and that they had armed all the Negroes they could possibly get together, amounting to 6 or 7000 Men, to support themselves. The King of Spain, on Notice of the above, gave Orders immediately for a new Body of Troops to be embarked for that Country with all Expedition.

From the same Hand we are told, that the Governor of the Spanish Island of Luconia, in the East-Indies, has wrote to Madrid for a fresh Supply of Troops, to keep the Luconian Settlements in Subjection.

They write from Berlin, that his Prussian Majesty had given Orders for paying off the Interest of the Monies advanced by the English and Dutch on the Credit of the Province of Silesia, in the Year 1733.

It is to be hoped every Person will be forbid the Court, who does not appear on the Birth-day in Cloaths of British Manufacture.

The Queen of Denmark lately discoursing on the early Commencement of her Misfortunes, observed, that since she was born to suffer, she found some Consolation in being so soon marked out by the Hand of the Adversary. " *I may possibly live (said her Majesty) to see Denmark disabused with Respect to my Conduct; whereas my poor Mother, one of the best Women that ever existed, died while the Load of Obloquy lay heavy upon her, and went to the Grave, without the Pleasure of a vindicated Character.*"

May 18. *A Great Assembly have resolved that the Act to admit the free Importation of Cattle from Ireland, which was to continue in Force for seven Years, being near expiring, is fit to be continued.*

It has likewise been resolved, that the Importation of Rice from the British Plantations, be allowed into the Ports of Bristol, Liverpool, Lancaster, and Whitehaven, for the immediate Exportation to foreign Parts, upon Payment of one Half of the Old Subsidy.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, May 12.

" *They write from Copenhagen, that a second Execution is expected to take Place there soon, when Messr. Falkenschiold, Hesselberg, and some other State Prisoners, it is supposed will suffer.*

" *Prince Gallitzin, the Prussian Envoy at the Hague, received a Letter from Petersbourg the Day before Yesterday, advising that the Russian and Turkish Ministers were to open their Congress at Bucharest before the End of the present Month. The Prussian Minister has complained to the States General, that the Peasants of Guelderland frequently enter the Territories of the Dutchy of Cleves, where they cut Wood, and commit many other Trespasses, desiring their High Mightinesses will put a Stop to such Irregularities, lest it should give Umbrage to the King his Master.*"

Extract of a Letter from Chatham, May 15.

" *Orders are received here, for the Artificers of this Dock Yard to work one Tide a Day extraordinary.*"

Yesterday Morning a Packet was sent off from the Secretary of State's Office for his Excellency General Gage, Commander in Chief of his Majesty's Land-Forces in North-America.

By the Mail which arrived Yesterday we have certain Accounts, that another most capital House in Cadiz has failed there, to the Amount of Three Millions of Dollars.

There has been a fire at Moscow, which has consumed all the Houses in the Fish-market of that Capital.

The Europa and Mars Men of War at Chatham are put into Commission, and will shortly sail for the Coast of Africa.

Thursday Night, about 11 *o' Clock, Mr. Needham, one of his Majesty's Messengers, arrived at the White-Lion, with a Respite for John Osborne, who was to have been executed with Jonathan Britain.---The Criminal on being told of it, though in the most gentle Manner, was so violently agitated with Hysterics, that three Men could not hold him.*

The following Bills are ordered into Parliament, pursuant to Resolutions of the House of Commons, sometime since: Laws that are near expiring, and are to be continued: An Act for granting an Allowance on British made Gunpowder, &c. An Act for Encouragement of the Importation of Naval Stores, &c. An Act for encouraging the Manufacture of British made Sail-cloth, &c. An Act for allowing the free Importation of Cattle from Ireland, &c. An Act to encourage the making of Indigo in the British Plantations, &c. Some of which Bills were expected to be presented Yesterday to the House.

May 19. *We hear that a Board of General Officers is to sit at Whitehall this Day, to consider the Abolition of the Ranks of Major and Captain Lieutenant in the Army, and to report thereon to his Majesty.*

On Saturday the Officers of the Foot Guards signed a Memorial to his Majesty, representing that the abolition of the above Ranks would be a very great Injury to them.

General Strode, who was lately tried by a General Court Martial, is acquitted.

Extract of a Letter from Paris, dated May 4.

" *Letters from the Isle of France mention a frightful Scene lately acted there. The Chevalier de la Motte Graffard, Lieutenant-Colonel of the Regiment Royal Comtois, having displeased the Officers of his Corps, 18 of them joined in a Resolution to rid themselves of him. Accordingly they, in Consequence, put him into a Sack, and flung him into the Sea. The Governor, informed of this Fact, had them all taken up, and embarked them for France, guarded by a Detachment of Grenadiers, in order to be tried for that Crime.*"

From the very conciliating Temper of the Heads of the present Committee on East-India Affairs, as well as the occasional Absence of some of the warmest of its Members, it is generally thought this mighty Enquiry is likely to terminate as importantly as the celebrated One last Session of Parliament, on the Cause of the Riots.

Ever since the above Enquiry, a total Change has happened in all the Departments of a noble Nabob's Family. His Lady seldom appears in public, and when she does, instead of that Profusion of Jewels, which, let her go where she would, always declared her the best dressed Woman in Company, she now appears totally unornamented. The Servants are likewise seldom seen in their laced Liveries; and little Kam, the Ferret, has even been dismantled of his valuable Pearl Necklace.

They write from Lisbon, that the King of Portugal had just published an Edict concerning the English Traders to Lisbon and Oporto, from which our Merchants entertain the most sanguine Hopes.

The same Letters add, that 14 *more Jesuits, said to be concerned in the Attempt on the King's Life, had been put to the Torture, but not confessing, were put to Death the 29th Ult.*

May 20. Yesterday the second reading of the Dissenters bill came on, according to order, in the Upper House, and after the same had been read, it was moved to commit the bill, whereupon a debate arose, which lasted about six hours, and the House divided; 23 for the commitment, and 73 against it; upon calling for proxies, 4 were for, and 29 against; so that upon the whole, 27 for, and 102 against.

Yesterday the order of the day was read in the Lower House, for the report on Mr. Fox's Marriage Bill, which being done, it was moved that the bill, with the amendments, should be engrossed, upon which the House divided, and upon casting up the numbers, there appeared 34 for the bill, and 92 against it; notwithstanding the stroke was severe, no man ever appeared more cool upon the occasion than the little honourable Gentleman; to have looked at him when he left the House, you must have thought he came from a Wedding and not from a Burial; but he did his best, and what can a Man do more?

The Speakers in the Upper House Yesterday on the Dissenters Bill were, Lord Chatham, Lord Shelbourne, Duke of Richmond, Lord Bruce, Lord Gower, Archbishop of York, Lord Lyttleton, Bishop of London, Bishop of Landaff, Bishop of Oxford, and Bishop of Peterborough.

His Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester's safe arrival from abroad has given great spirits (after the late gloomy spring) to the trading part of the metropolis, as well as to all ranks and degrees of the people in general, who express the greatest joy on seeing this much-beloved Prince's return to his native Country in perfect health.

The East-India Bill, at present to be rejected, will be revived in the month of January next, and the Gentlemen appointed to the law departments, will go to Bengal within two months as early as if it passed both Houses in this Session of Parliament.

Lord Townshend, we hear, has lately transmitted here an Account of his Proceedings in Ireland within this Month last, which is so pleasing to Administration, that they are determined to continue him as Viceroy for some time longer at any Rate.

It was some time ago said, that immediately after the breaking up of the Parliament, many Changes would take Place in the Ministry; but from pretty good Authority we are told, that every Man will keep his Place, as every Man, since the above Rumour, has used his utmost Endeavours in Parliament to ingratiate himself into the Favour of one or two Men, who do just as they please.

The Migrations of ſuch Numbers of ſober, uſeful Hands in the Linen Manufactory in the North of Ireland, is likely to produce ſome very ſalutary Meaſures in that Kingdom, by the ſerious Repreſentations lately tranſmitted here from the Lord Lieutenant, which we are informed are actually under Conſideration, and have of late been the Subject of great Debate among the Premier, and his faithful Coadjutors, who are ſtrenuous, it ſeems, in recommending Lenity to the Promoters and moſt active in the late Riots, which has ſo much diſtreſſed that valuable Branch of Trade, the Iriſh Linen Manfactory.

A Correſpondent ſays, that from the higheſt to the loweſt Order of Patriots, nothing but Duplicity has been practiſed on the People: Lord Chatham, in the Beginning of 1771, aſſured us, that in Six Months we ſhould be a Province to France; Mr. Wilkes told us, that we were abſolutely undone; and Mr. Britain publicly accuſed the Miniſtry of ſetting Portſmouth-dock on Fire: Britain, however, is the only one of the three who has had Honeſty enough to acknowledge his ſecret Motives; and his Example is therefore recommended by our Correſpondent to the two other celebrated Characters.

One of the laſt Wiſhes expreſſed by Britain at the Place of Execution was, that the People, from the Impoſitions they had experienced in his Story, might for the future be leſs credulous, and leſs eaſily perſuaded that thoſe who had moſt to gain by the Happineſs of the Nation, ſhould be moſt induſtrious to labour for its Deſtruction.

On Monday the Right Hon. the Lord Chancellor decided the Cauſe of the Stanwyx Family, which was an equal Diviſion of Eſtate to the three ſeveral Claimants.

Monday Night arrived the Mail from Holland, which contains the following Article, dated Utrecht, May 14.

"All the Letters from Amſterdam are filled with Accounts of the Fire that conſumed the Dutch Play-houſe on Monday Night. It is almoſt impoſſible to give a juſt Picture of the Deſolation into which many Families are plunged by this terrible Accident. The Numbers of People who crowded the next Morning about the Door of the Playhouſe is incredible; Perſons of all Ranks and Ages came to ſeek after the unfortunate Remains of their Relations or Friends who periſhed in the Flames, or were trampelled to Death by the Crowd. The Fire caught one of the Wings of a flat Scene, and rapidly aſcending towards the Top of the Building, there was not Time to ſtop the Progreſs of the Flames, which inſtantly conſumed the Ropes that ſuſtained the Branches containing the Lights, the Fall of which augmented the Fire, and increaſed the Confuſion and Diſorder. Part of the Spectators who were in the Galleries, being unable to ſave themſelves by the Stair-caſe, threw themſelves into the Pit, and were bruiſed to Death, or killed thoſe on whom they fell. At length, to complete the Misfortune, the Roof of the Building fell in, before thoſe who were in the Hall could get out. The Confuſion was not leſs out of the Houſe; for, notwithſtanding the Zeal and Vigilance of the Magiſtrates and Burghers, they could not make the great Number of Coaches which were near the principal Door, remove Time enough to bring up the Engines, which could not play till the whole Edifice was on Fire; then by the moſt incredible Efforts the Progreſs of the Flames was happily ſtopt, which had communicated to the adjoining Houſes. We cannot yet tell the exact Number of Perſons who loſt their Lives by this deplorable Accident; ſome ſay 150, others 200."

A letter from Amſterdam, May 12.

"You will want no Information of the Particulars of the Execution of Struenſee and Brandt, but you may not know that the King ſigned their Sentence in his Way when he come from Charlottenbourg, and was going to the Play-houſe at Seven o'Clock at Night, and from the Palace he went directly to the Play-houſe, where he only ſtayed Half an Hour, being very uneaſy about what he had ſigned and done: He went therefore out of the Play-houſe with Intention to ſign their Pardon, which, it is ſaid, he did; but it was withheld through a certain Lady from its Force. It is even thought that the King did not know the Contents of the Sentence, or in what Manner the illuſtrious Priſoners were to be executed.

A Treaty of Guarantee is ſaid to be juſt concluded for the City of Dantzic, between Great-Britain, Ruſſia, the Emperor, and the Court of Stockholm.

May 21. *This Day his Majeſty will go in State to the Houſe of Peers, and give the Royal Aſſent to the following Bills, viz.*

The Bill for allowing the Importation of Wheat, Wheat Flour, Rye and Rye Meal, into this Kingdom, for a limited Time.

The Bill for the free Importation of Rice into this Kingdom, from any of his Majeſty's Colonies in America.

May 22. *From ſome Circumſtances which tranſpired on Wedneſday, a Reconciliation is talked of confidently, between the King and the Duke of Cumberland, and it is ſaid that his Royal Highneſs will certainly appear with his Conſort at the Drawing-Room on the Fourth of June.*

It is currently reported, at the Weſt End of the Town, that the Marriages of their Royal Highneſſes the Dukes of Glouceſter and Cumberland, would be notified at Court, in public Form, on the enſuing Birth-Day.

Sir Gilbert Elliot will, we hear, ſhortly be created a Peer of Great-Britain, by the Title of Lord Greenwich.

It is ſaid that certain Advice has been received of the Death of the King of Sardinia.

The Board of General Officers who ſat at the Horſe Guards, laſt Tueſday, on the Reference, "Whether the Rank of Major in the Army ſhould be totally aboliſhed, or Not?" Decided, "That the Rank ſhould remain as at preſent."

Out of Fourteen of the Hearts of Steel that were capitally convicted in Ireland, only Six are to be executed, the Remainder having received their Pardon, on Condition of Tranſportation for Life.

May 23. The Lottery Bill, the Tea Bill, the Bill to regulate the Trade between Great Britain and Ireland, were reported Yeſterday in the Lower Houſe.

It is ſaid the Houſe of Commons will adjourn on Wedneſday next till the 5th of June.

It is confidently reported that both Houſes of Parliament will be prorogued on the 9th of June.

The Report of the Introduction of the Duke of Cumberland to the King by the Duke of Glouceſter, is premature; it is a Circumſtance, however, which will certainly take Place, as the Duke of Glouceſter is very anxious for the Reconciliation, and will, no Doubt, perſevere till the Point is accompliſhed.

It is reported, that the greateſt Obſtacle to a Reconciliation of the King to the Duke of Cumberland, is, the latter inſiſts on his Ducheſs being acknowledged and received at Court agreeable to her Rank.

A Letter from Altena, dated the 5th of May ſays, "Here all is Confuſion; we with Tears in our Eyes pity the unhappy, unfortunate Queen, whoſe Enemies are her Judges; and any Perſon that is acquainted with the real Character of the Queen Juliana, is not at all ſurprized at what has happened, for before the late King died, ſhe attempted to deſtroy the preſent King, to make Way for her Son; wherefore it muſt conſequently have been very diſagreeable for her to ſee another Heir to the Crown, as it put it out of all Probability her Son ever aſcending the Throne, and that put her upon a Scheme of dethroning the Queen Carolina, who indeed has been guilty of Errors, but really not of Crimes, for which ſhe is unjuſtly accuſed and baniſhed; here all is ſecret as the Grave, and when a Perſon hears of any Thing, he dare not tell it for Fear of being in Priſon; we have one Example here already; a poor Printer, who had lived in London, and returned here to ſettle, printed a Paragraph out of the Engliſh Papers, was immediately impriſoned, and is to be confined for Life: This the Danes call a mild Puniſhment, and if any One was to ſee what I write, it would be as much as my Life is worth, for daring to think they have wronged the Queen."

We have undoubted Information that Lord Townſhend is recalled from Ireland, and that Lord Harcourt will ſucceed him; Lord Stormont will go to France, and Sir W. Hamilton to Vienna.

We hear from Cowes, that Captain Skome, of the Loyalty, from Georgia, was drowned off Portland on Monday laſt, by either throwing himſelf out of the Cabbin Window, or by eaſing himſelf; but the Mate and People are of Opinion, that he did it deſignedly, as there is a very convenient Neceſſary in the Cabbin through the Counter of the Ship.

Extract of a Letter from Stade, dated May 13.

"Great Preparations are making here for the Reception of her Majeſty the Queen Carolina Matilda, of Denmark, Siſter to our Moſt Gracious Sovereign. Several Perſons of Diſtinction are already arrived here to wait her coming; of the Ladies are the Counteſs of Werpup, the Baroneſs of Steinberg, Counteſs of Platen, and Lady Ompteda. The Lords which are to attend her Majeſty are Baron de Bulow, Baron de Wangenheim, and ſeveral other Perſons of Diſtinction. The Domeſticks of her Houſhold have been here theſe two Days, and we expect her Arrival every Day. Dr. Voelker, and Surgeon Schorer, have received Orders to repair to Goerde, to meet her Majeſty."

Extract of a Letter from Salonica, February 25.

"It being reported at Kouſtchiouck, where a great Number of young Turkiſh Volunteers were aſſembled, that the Ruſſians were at Buchareſt in the greateſt Security, and that it would be an eaſy Matter to ſurprize them; formed a Deſign of ſignalizing themſelves by a bold Undertaking: Accordingly, 10,000 Turks, undiſciplined, and without a Commander, paſſed the Danube near Giurgewo, and advanced towards Buchareſt. The Ruſſians, being appriſed of their Imprudence, opened all the Avenues, and as ſoon as a convenient Opportunity offered, ſurrounded them. The Turks defended themſelves with great Bravery, but being overpowered by Numbers, they retreated after the Loſs of above Half their People. This Step was much condemned both by the Vizir and the Baſhaw of Kouſtchiouck."

BOSTON, *July* 16.

Friday laſt the Brig Lord Hyde, Captain Shoemaker, arrived here from New-York; he ſailed from thence laſt Saturday ſe'nnight in company with the Ship Counteſs of Donegal, Captain Reed, Ship Summerlade, Capt. Bonner, Brig Polly, Captain Davidſon, with another Brig and Sloop, all for this Port: Theſe Veſſels are to be employed as Tranſports to carry off the 14th Regiment of Foot.

PHILADELPHIA, *July* 29.

Extract of a Letter from London, dated May 20.

"A Rumour of War prevailed pretty generally ſome Time ago; but, if we may judge from Circumſtances, without regarding News-paper Intelligence, the Requiſitions made by Great-Britain have been complied with by the Court of Denmark, and the Idea of Hoſtilities vaniſhes."

Extract of a letter from Liverpool, Via *New-York, dated May* 23.

"The Parliament has granted a free Importation of Rice, Wheat, Flour and Indian Corn, till the Firſt of December next; ſhould the Price of Grain be ſuch with you, as to tempt you to become an Adventurer therein, I believe you will find this Market to be full ſuperior to any in the Kingdom, obſerving, at the ſame Time, that what you may ſhip, whether Wheat or Flour, muſt be of the very beſt Quality, or will not anſwer at this Port; the inferior Sort not only meets with the moſt tedious Sale, but the Price much lower in Proportion:---This by Way of Caution."

Captain Barry, from St. Chriſtophers, on the 21ſt Inſtant, in Lat. 37, Long. 72:30, ſpoke a Ship, Captain Read, from New-York for St. Auguſtine, 5 Days out, all well.

Captain Piddington, from London, on the 12th Inſtant, in Lat. 36:10, ſpoke a Schooner, from Salem for Dominica, 10 Days out.

Thurſday laſt departed this Life, Capt. THOMAS ROGERS, a Gentleman no leſs diſtinguiſhed for his maritime Abilities, than his humane Diſpoſition, which rendered him univerſally beloved.---He was an affectionate Huſband, a tender Parent, a juſt and kind Maſter. On Friday his Remains were interred in the Friends Burying Ground, attended by a large Number of reſpectable Inhabitants.

Captain Stilwell, from Grenada, on the 11th Inſtant, in Lat. 25:33, Long. 65:36, ſpoke a Sloop, Captain England, from Bermuda for Turks Iſland, out 6 Days: On the 23d, in Lat. 38:15, Long. 72:37, ſpoke a Schooner from Rhode-Iſland for North-Carolina, out 6 Days; and ſame Day ſpoke a Schooner, Capt. Lowell, from Newberry for Virginia, out 10 Days.

Captain Brown, for this Port, was to ſail from the Grenades in 4 or 5 Days after Captain Stilwell.

Captain Gregory, from Barcelona, on the 16th Inſt. in Lat. 38, Long. 70, ſpoke a Sloop from St. Croix for Boſton, out 18 Days.---Captain Gregory acquaints us, that the Ship Philadelphia Packet, Captain Winter, from Geneva for Liſbon, on the 20th of May, ſpoke a Brig, Captain Montgomery, from London for Port Mahon, with a great Number of Recruits on board; and that a Schooner from New-York, arrived at Barcelona three Days before he ſailed, but could not learn the Maſter's Name, being obliged to perform Quarantine.

Captain Henry, from Hiſpaniola, relates, that a French Frigate lay there, which had boarded ſeveral Engliſh Veſſels, and finding Sugar on board, they took the Captains, and put them in Priſon 24 Hours, and then releaſed them.

ARRIVALS.

The General Wolfe, Hunter, from Philadelphia, at Londonderry; Swan, Daſhiel, from Maryland, at Cork; and Iſabella, Spencer, from Ditto, at Briſtol; Innerman, Laughton, from Virginia, off the Iſle of Wight; New-York, Craig, from New-York, at Plymouth; and the Cæſar, M'Cowan, from South-Carolina, at Cowes.

The Ship Phœbe, Captain Caſtle, and the Ship Richard Penn, Captain All, both of this Port, are arrived in London from Liſbon.

Falmouth, May 20. Arrived the Lord Hyde Packet Boat, Brailey, from New-York.

At St. Chriſtophers. Captain Bennet, from Wilmington; and the Captains Seymour and Dean, from New-York.

Deal, May 7. Came down, and ſailed immediately, The Louiſa, Payne, for Maryland. *(May* 11.*)* Came down, and ſailed, The Lord Baltimore, Mitchell, for Virginia; and the Peters, Wooder, for Quebec. *(May* 18.*)* Sailed, The George, Collins, and Solid Carleton, Napier, for Quebec.

College of Philadelphia, July 21, 1772.

WHEREAS the following have heretofore been the chief VACATIONS given to the Youth in the *Grammar Schools* of this Inſtitution; *viz.* Twelve Days at *Chriſtmas*, Ten Days at *Eaſter*, and the laſt Twelve Days in *September*; and it having been repreſented to the Truſtees, by the Profeſſors and Maſters, as well as by the Parents of many of the Youth belonging to this Seminary, that the Times of theſe Vacations are much fitter for Study, than the exceeding hot Weather in Summer, and therefore deſiring that, without encreaſing the Number of Vacation-days on the Whole, ſuch Change ſhould be made, in reſpect to the Time, as to have one Vacation of at leaſt three Weeks in the hot Seaſon; it is therefore agreed and ordered that, for the future, there be no *September* Vacation, and that there be likewiſe Six Days taken out of the *Chriſtmas* Holidays, and Three out of thoſe at *Eaſter*; in Lieu of which there ſhall be *one Vacation* of Twenty-one *School Days*, immediately to precede the laſt *Monday* in *Auguſt*, on which Day the Grammar Schools ſhall meet again every Year. Agreeable to this Rule, theſe Schools will break up on *Wedneſday* next, *Auguſt* 5th, and meet again on *Monday*, the 31ſt.

N. B. A Perſon well acquainted with *Engliſh-Grammar*, and capable of teaching Arithmetic, the Practical Branches of Mathematics, and *Writing*, will meet with good Encouragement, by applying to the Provoſt of the College, or to any of the Truſtees.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Sloop Succeſs, T. Farmer, and Schooner Patty, W. Shines, from N. Carolina. Schooner St. Auguſtine Packet, J. Morris, Auguſtine. Brig Dolphin, T. Candell, Liſbon. Brig Calypſo, J. Caton, Hiſpaniola. Ship Minerva, D. Gregory, Barcelona. Schooner Amelia, P. Barry, from St. Kitts.

OUTWARDS. Ship Minerva, T. Tillett, for N. York. Ship Roſe, R. George, Londonderry. Sloop Friendſhip, N. Buſh, Virginia. Brig Becky, J. Harper, for Antigua.

CLEARED. Brig Reſolution, J. Garrigues, Sloop Patty, G. Simpſon, Sloop Succeſs, T. Farmer, and Schooner Patty, W. Shines, to N. Carolina. Brig Charming Polly, J. Henderſon, Yarmouth. Brig Content, D. Wilkinſon, and Brig Nancy, W. Hawkins, Barbados. Sloop Charlotte, J. Wood, N. York. Brig Charleſtown Packet, S. Wright, and Brig Friendſhip, J. Blewer, S. Carolina. Ship Neſbitt, J Green, and Brig George, J. Wilſon, Liſbon. Brig Conway, J. Bowditch, Grenades. Schooner Lovely Laſs, J. Stephen, Maryland. Ship Glouceſter, J. Savage, London. Brig Sally, S. Hawke, Leoganne. Sloop Succeſs, W. Lawrence, Miſſiſippi. Sloop Dove, J. Higgs, St. Euſtatia. Brig Burke, N. Vallance, to Surrinam.

PRICE CURRENT *of the following Goods in* Philadelphia.

Flour 21s. 6d. Wheat 8s. Indian Corn 3s. 10d. Ship Bread 22s. 6d. Middling Ditto 33s. White Ditto 60s. Pipe Staves 10l. Barrel Ditto 3l. 10s. Hogſhead Ditto 6l. 10s. Red Oak Ditto 5l. 10s. Beef 3l. 10s. Pork 5l. Weſt-India Rum 3s. 2d. New-England Ditto 2s. 2d. Pennſylvania Ditto 2s. 2d. Madeira Wine 40l. to 65l. Muſcovado Sugar 45s. to 56s. Melaſſes 20d. Pennſylvania Loaf Sugar 11d. Pitch 14s. Tar 14s. Turpentine 18s. Tobacco 25s. to 40s. Rice 27s. Liſbon Salt 18d. Bohea Tea 4s. Hemp 6d. Cotton 16d. Bar Iron 28l. Pig Iron 8l.

JOSEPH STANSBURY,

Oppoſite Chriſt's Church, in Second-ſtreet,

HATH juſt received, by the Aſhley, from LONDON, a large Aſſortment of INDIA CHINA.

Juſt imported from London in the Aſhley, Captain Piddington, and now opening for Sale, at

JAMES WARREN's Store,

In the Houſe of EDMUND KEARNY, in Front-ſtreet, a few Doors from Cheſtnut-ſtreet,

BLACK, WHITE, BUFF, and GREEN SUPERFINE CASSIMERS.

TEN POUNDS, Reward.

STOLEN or STRAYED from the GOVERNOR's houſe, near the FALLS OF SCHUYLKILL, two COWS, nearly of the ſame colour, being both ſpotted dun and white; one having a very little head and ears, the other remarkable for its ſmall ſize. Whoever gives information where and by whom they are concealed, ſhall receive the above reward.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Saturday, the 15th day of Auguſt next, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon (and to be ſtruck off preciſely at 5) on the premiſes, a certain plantation or tract of land, ſituate in New-Hanover townſhip, containing about 125 acres, be the ſame more or leſs, having a good frame tenement, ſaw-mill, barn, ſtables, and other out-houſes thereon erected, bounded by lands of Valentine Geiger, Jeremiah Harple, Peter Steltz, George Burkhard, and others; late the eſtate of Conrad Bucher, deceaſed, ſeized and taken in execution by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Thurſday, the 20th of Auguſt next, at 2 o' clock in the afternoon (and to be ſtruck off exactly at 5) at the houſe of Jacob Neff, lately kept by Henry Younken, in Springfield townſhip, a certain meſſuage or tenement, and three contiguous tracts or parcels of land, ſituate in Whitemarſh townſhip; one of them containing 52 acres, or thereabouts, bounded by Springfield line, and by lands late of Edward Farmer, and others; one other of them containing 24 acres and a half, bounded by the next deſcribed piece, and by land late of William Barge, and others; and the other of them containing 35 acres and 70 perches, bounded by lands late of William Dewees, and others; late the eſtate of David Stripe, ſeized and taken in execution by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

SARAH CHILTON,

BEGS leave to inform the PUBLIC, that ſhe hath opened TAVERN, in that large and commodious three ſtory houſe in Baltimore-ſtreet, Baltimore-town, oppoſite to the houſe where Meſſieurs Aſhburner and Place lately lived. She has furniſhed herſelf with a ſtock of excellent liquors, and other neceſſaries, and is provided with good ſtables, and provender for horſes. She humbly hopes for the favour and countenance of the Public, and flatters herſelf, ſhe will be able to give ſatisfaction to thoſe who may think proper to favour her with their company. ¶

SPRINGFIELD, *July* 27, 1772.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, Innkeeper, at the foot of Cheſtnut-hill, on the 18th of June laſt paſt, TWO ſtray COWS, the one is white, with red ſpecks all over her body, red noſe, ears and feet, up to her knees, ſhe ſeems to be young. The other is a brindle, hath white feet, tail and belly, and a ſtar in her forehead; this is an old cow: They have both been advertiſed in the Germantown news-paper. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take them away. JACOB NEFF. ¶

STOLEN,

On Monday Night laſt, the 20th of this inſtant July, *from* Conewagoe,

A *LARGE bay HORSE, a natural Pacer, is blind of both Eyes, and has a Pearl on each; ſhod all round, has a ſwitch Tail, and a ſore Back; ſuppoſed to be ſtolen by a Negroe Man, belonging to Mr.* M'Kee. *Whoever takes up ſaid Horſe and Thief, if ſtolen by the Perſon ſuſpected, ſhall have* FOUR DOLLARS *for Horſe and Thief; but if ſtolen by any other Perſon, and be be brought to Juſtice, and the Horſe brought home,* FIVE POUNDS *Reward, and reaſonable, Charges, paid by*

¶ WILLIAM WHITE, *in* Lancaſter.

Carliſle, July 22, 1772.

WHEREAS the Subſcriber purchaſed a Tract of Land, ſituate on *Hamilton's Run*, in *Shearman's Valley, Cumberland* County, known by the Name of *The Big Lick*, of a certain *John Montgomery*, of *Shippenſburgh*, and gave him three promiſſary Notes, of *Five Pounds* each, all dated the 16th Day of *February*, 1771, in Part of the Conſideration for the ſaid Land: The Subſcriber hereby forbids all Perſons to take any Aſſignment of the ſaid Notes, or either of them; for he will not pay them, until the ſaid *John Montgomery* ſhall comply with his Agreement, made with the Subſcriber for the ſaid Tract of Land.

¶ JOSEPH SHIELDS.

THIRTY SHILLINGS REWARD

RUN away, yeſterday, from the ſubſcriber, living in Philadelphia, an apprentice Iriſh lad, named WILLIAM WILLIAMS, about 17 years of age, 5 feet 5 inches high, has a very ſmooth face, and lightiſh hair; had on when he went away, a white ſhirt and trowſers, light grey ſhort coat, ſmall felt hat, cocked up all round, a good pair of pumps, and ſilver plated buckles. Whoever takes up ſaid apprentice, and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by § CONRAD ALSTER.

Amwell townſhip, Hunterdon county, July 25, 1772.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

WAS STOLEN, out of the houſe of the ſubſcriber, living at Coryell's Ferry, on the night of the 15th inſt. the following GOODS, viz. One Wilton coat, two gingham waiſtcoats, one with a linen back, 1 beaver hat, almoſt new, 2 pair of ſhoes, 2 pair of buckles, 5 ſhirts, 1 pair of trowſers, 1 worſted pocket-book, with ſeveral papers and ſome money in it, 2 ſilk handkerchiefs, 2 linen jackets, 1 white and 1 ſtriped; likewiſe a coarſe wallet, containing 1 ſhirt, 1 pair drilling breeches, 4 pair of thread ſtockings, 1 ſilk handkerchief, 1 white India jacket, marked C, on the back. The perſon who is ſuſpected to be the thief, is about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, well ſet, down look, black ſtraight hair, and ſwarthy complexion; had on, when he went away, a ſaggathy jacket, homeſpun ſhirt and trowſers, and a caſtor hat; calls himſelf WILLIAM CANADY, alias M'ANTHONY. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid thief, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward, paid by DANIEL M'DONALD. ¶

STRAYED away from the ſubſcriber, living in Pikeland townſhip, Cheſter county, near the Yellow Springs, on the 8th of July inſtant, two MARES, one an iron grey, about 12 or 13 hands high, her mane cut on the left ſide, has a ſwitch tail, paces and trots, and is very apt to ſtart; the other a ſmall Black, with a dock, and a little piece cut off each ear, has two ſmall ſaddle marks, branded with the letter C inverted, alſo on the buttock T. E. the E bottom upwards. Whoever takes up and ſecures, or brings ſaid Mares to the owner, ſhall have TWENTY SHILLINGS reward, or TEN SHILLINGS for either, and reaſonable charges, paid by ZACHARIAS RICE. ¶

LIST of LETTERS *remaining in the Poſt-Office, at Lancaſter.*

WILLIAM ADAIR, Lancaſter County; John and Peter Allen, Octarara; William Armſtrong, Carliſle; John Anderſon, Saliſbury; John Abernathy, Tyrone, York Co.

B. Nancy Bickham, Middle Octarara; Robert Boyle, to the Care of John Rankin, Lancaſter; Thomas Boland, Cumberland County; Robert Balance, Raphoe Townſhip.

C. Jacob Chatten, near Lancaſter; John Comes, Eſq; Lancaſter; Andrew Colhoun, Eſq; Carliſle; Robert Coſkey, Conoſtogoe; William Carnahan, Londonderry Townſhip; Robert Curry, Harris's Ferry.

D. Charles Doherty (2) Peach-Bottom; William Douglaſs, Leacock Townſhip; Joſeph Daviſon, Derry Townſhip.

E. Alexander Elliſon, Blue Rocks, Baltimore County.

F. John Farly, Sadſbury Townſhip; Michael Fitzpatrick, Lancaſter County; Robert Finney, to the Care of the Rev. Robert Cooper, Cumberland County; John Fears, Carliſle.

G. George Gott, York Town; John Glen, Hanover Townſhip; Griffith Gibbons, Carliſle; James Gilmor, Lancaſter Co. Robert Gilchreſh, Little-Britain Townſhip; Chriſtiana Grimes, Muddy Creek, York County; Robert Graham (2) York County.

H. John Henry, Little-Britain, Lancaſter County; Lieutenant Hamilton, Fort-Pitt; John Hughes, Little-Britain, Lancaſter County; William Hays, Berks County; Vandal Horning, Lancaſter County; Michael Haberſtick (2) Lancaſter County.

J. John James, Lancaſter County; Myer Joſephſon, Reading; John Johnſon, to the Care of Alexander Johnſon, Lancaſter Co.

K. Joſeph Kinneer, Lancaſter County; William Kelſo (2) Lancaſter County; William Kennedy, Cumberland County.

L. Thomas Low, Cheſter County; John and David Logan, Lancaſter County.

M. Widow Morriſon, Cumberland County; James Mills, York County; Joſeph Moorehead, Shippenſburg; Barnabas M'Sherry, York County; Frederick M'Pherſon, Lancaſter County; James M'Cluſky, Pennſylvania; ------ Lowland, near Harris's Ferry; Daniel M'Kenſey, Lancaſter County; James Mitchell, York County; Walter Mair, York County; Alexander M'Clure, Lancaſter County; James M'Creary, York County; Suſanna Myer, near York Town; John Morris, York County; William M'Clellan, York Town; Jane Morriſon, Cumberland County, to the Care of John Magee; John M'Gowan, Pequea; Randall M'Donall, Carliſle.

N. Thomas Neill, Lancaſter County.

O. Edward Owens, Merchant, Juniata, Cumberland County.

P. Joſeph Patten, Lancaſter County; Peter Price, at James Old's, Lancaſter County; David Peticrew, Hanover Townſhip; James Pollock, Carliſle; Robert Philips, Lancaſter County.

R. Robert Reed, to the Care of John Wilkins, Carliſle; Henry Reed, Cumberland County; John Reed, Cumberland County; Thomas Rutherford, Lancaſter County; Adam Richey, to the Care of James Moore, near Carliſle.

S. David Shelmer, at Laughlin M'Cartney's, Lancaſter; William Smith, Taylor, York Town; Edward Shee, to the Care of Robert M'Pherſon, York County; John Swanzey, Cumberland County; George Stevenſon, Carliſle; Robert Stevenſon, Carliſle.

T. Samuel Thompſon, Cumberland County; John Thompſon, Lancaſter County; Daniel Thornbrugh, York County; Hugh Thompſon, Philadelphia County.

W. John Wilſon, Lancaſter; Samuel Whiteacre, Cumberland County; Matthew Williey, Redſtone; Widow Wells, Lancaſter; Margaret Walker, Lancaſter Co. John Ward, Cheſter Co.

Y. Samuel Young, Apothecary (2) Cumberland County.

July 4, 1772.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, in Plymouth townſhip, Philadelphia county, a black brown MARE COLT, 2 or 3 years old, branded on the near ſide I. C. not docked; alſo two RAMS, the one white, the other a blackiſh colour. The owners proving their property, and paying charges, may have them again. ALEXANDER COLLEY. ¶

Hunterdon County, New-Jerſey, July 22, 1772.

WHEREAS the ſubſcriber has been concerned in trade, and carrying on Iron-works, for a number of years paſt, by which meeting with many loſſes, and by the hardneſs of times, was unable to procure money to pay the debts contracted at ſaid Works, whereby they, and the lands belonging to them, which coſt ſeveral thouſand pounds, have been ſold by Execution for only as many hundreds, as alſo a large eſtate beſides, ſold nearly in the ſame proportion to its value; I am, therefore, under the diſagreeable neceſſity of giving my Creditors notice, that, in order to free my body from confinement, I intend to petition the Legiſlature of the province of New-Jerſey, at their next ſeſſions, for relief in the premiſes.

THOMAS READING.

Philadelphia, July 22, 1772.

ALL perſons having any demands againſt the eſtate of CATHERINE ORRICK, late of this city, Widow, either by bond, note or otherwiſe, are requeſted to bring in their accounts, and make their demands of the ſubſcribers, within ſix weeks from the date hereof. ROBERT DOVE, Adminiſtrator, DEBORAH PRICE, Adminiſtratrix. ¶

Philadelphia, July 24, 1772.

THE Creditors of HUGH POWELL, Tanner, late of the Northern Liberties, deceaſed, are deſired to render their accounts, on or before the firſt day of September enſuing, or they will be excluded from receiving any claim from his eſtate after that date. And all thoſe indebted to ſaid eſtate, are requeſted to make immediate payment to the ſubſcriber, otherwiſe they will be ſued, without further notice, in order that I may make a final ſettlement with the heir at law.

¶ WILLIAM HASLEWOOD, Adminiſtrator.

VIRGINIA, July 15, 1772.

THE ſubſcribers hereby give notice, that they have to diſpoſe of TWO TRACTS of LAND, lying nearly contiguous, in the county of Culpepper, on Stanton river, containing about 3200 acres; part whereof is level, and part mountainous; and a conſiderable part is as rich as any to be found among the Great Mountains. On one of the ſaid tracts of land there is a rich mine of iron ore, which, in the opinion of good judges, has an uncommon advantage in its ſituation, on account of thoſe eſſential articles wood and water, and almoſt every other neceſſary for erecting and ſupporting iron works.

On the other tract of land there is a ſmall though valuable Griſt-mill, to which the water is conveyed from the river by a canal. The ſaid Mill has lately been rebuilt, and is kept in repair with very little trouble or expence, being quite out of danger from any freſhes. There is alſo a new dwelling-houſe, 32 feet by 18, and ſundry other houſes.

There are plantations on each tract, ſuitable for either farming or planting, and good apple-orchards on both. There is a good waggon road from the ſaid land to Frederickſburg and Falmouth, the neareſt trading towns on Rappahannock river, being about 65 miles. Any perſons inclinable to purchaſe are deſired to apply to the ſubſcribers, in Spotſylvania county, who will ſhew them the land, and make known the terms, which will be reaſonable; they live within 25 miles of Frederickſburg, where directions may be had of Mr. James Maury, Merchant, or Mr. Benjamin Johnſon. JOHN LEWIS.

¶8W. WALLER LEWIS.

MORRIS and MIERCKEN,

HAVE for ſale, at their Sugar-houſe, in Southwark, and at their ſtore, in Second-ſtreet, a few doors below Cheſtnut-ſtreet, double, middling, and ſingle refined LOAF SUGAR; lump and muſcovado ditto; ſugar-candy, and melaſſes. *Tbc.3m.*

TO BE SOLD,

A THREE-STORY BRICK HOUSE, two rooms on a floor, and a good kitchen in the cellar, with a *two-ſtory brick houſe*, and kitchen, on the back part of the lot; together with the *lot of ground* whereon they ſtand; containing in front, 18 feet, and in depth, 102 feet; ſituate in *Spruce-ſtreet*, a little below *Second-ſtreet*; adjoining northward to *Spruce-ſtreet*, eaſtward to a houſe and lot of the *Widow Eddy*'s, ſouthward to ground of *Benjamin Loxley*'s, and weſtward to a houſe and lot of *Joſhua Humphreys*.

The purchaſer, on paying one half of the purchaſe-money, and giving ſecurity, may have a *ſufficient time* for the payment of the remainder. For further particulars, enquire of the *owner*, who lives on the premiſes. MARTHA SMITH. ¶

July 22, 1772.

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away laſt night, from the ſubſcriber, living in Woodbury, Glouceſter county, in the Jerſeys, an apprentice lad, by trade a ſhop joiner, named WILLIAM HARRISON SIMPSON, about 19 years of age; had on, when he went away, an old caſtor hat, a red halfthick jacket, with ſleeves, two pair of trowſers, one Ticklenburg ſhirt, and one white ditto, and half-worn calf-ſkin ſhoes. Whoever takes up ſaid apprentice, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, or brings him home, ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by BENJAMIN RAMBO. ¶

LISBON WINE, OLIVES, CAPERS, BOTTLING CORKS, &c.

To be SOLD, by

CHARLES WHARTON,

At his STORE, near the DRAW-BRIDGE. ¶

Lately IMPORTED for SALE, by

REBECCA KEARNY,

In Front-ſtreet, below Cheſtnut-ſtreet, the bank ſide of the way, ſix doors from Mr. Wood the Clockmaker's corner, and right oppoſite to Meſſieurs Hubley and Graff's ſtore,

BEST London double refined ſugar, Cheſhire and Glouceſterſhire cheeſe; compleat table and tea ſetts of India china ware; with other large aſſortments of coloured, enamelled, and blue and white India china, conſiſting of long diſhes, of different ſizes, pudding diſhes, table, ſoup, butter, and bread and butter plates, ſauce boats, cuſtard cups, ſugar diſhes, tea pots, tea cups and ſaucers, breakfaſt cups and ſaucers, and chocolate cups and ſaucers, with or without handles; half pint baſons, with or without ſaucers; pint baſons; quart, 3 pint, half gallon, 3 quart, and gallon bowls; beſt London double flint half pint, pint, and quart decanters; carrafts, water cups, jelly and ſyllabub glaſſes, wine and ale glaſſes, tumblers, &c.

She alſo ſells good and genuine old Madeira wine, French brandy, and Jamaica ſpirits. ¶6w.

TO BE SOLD,

ABOUT 18 ACRES of LAND, near the Falls of Schuylkill, between the country ſeats of John Lawrence, Eſq; and Mr. Henry Keppele, junior; it is a very high ſituation, and commands an extenſive view of the river Schuylkill, and adjacent lands, both on the back and in front. For terms, apply to the ſubſcriber, living with Andrew Doz, at Peel-hall.

CHRISTIANA JUSTICE.

WANTED,

A SOBER, middle-aged WOMAN, to take Care of a ſmall Family in the Country. If ſhe be One of the People called QUAKERS, ſhe will be liked the better. Enquire of WILLIAM IBISON, Broker, in Front-ſtreet, between Cheſtnut and Walnut-ſtreets. ¶

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of the late ANTHONY DUCHE, junior, deceaſed, are deſired to diſcharge the ſame; and thoſe who have any demands thereon, are requeſted to apply to the ſubſcriber,

¶ ANDREW DOZ, Acting Executor.

A few Barrels of CHOICE SHADD,

To be SOLD by

WILLIAM MILNOR,

Two Doors above the OLD FERRY-HOUSE, in Water-ſtreet, PHILADELPHIA. ¶

Cheſter, ſſ. *July 20, 1772.*

ALL Perſons that are indebted for Exciſe, are deſired to pay their reſpective Accounts in Pennſylvania Money, and make their Entries on Qualification, according to Law, between this Date and next Court, at Cheſter, where I ſhall attend, at the Houſe of WILLIAM KERLIN. Thoſe that cannot attend, may make their Entries before ſome Juſtice of the Peace.

CHARLES HUMPHREYS, Collector.

Philadelphia, July 22, 1772.

To be SOLD, at the London Coffee-Houſe, in Philadelphia, on Thurſday, the 8th of Auguſt next, at 12 o'Clock,

A NEW SCHOONER, double decked, about 80 Tons, with her Maſts and Bowſprit, as ſhe now lies at Iſland-Beach, near Barnegat, or Burning-hole, where ſhe was ſtranded laſt Saturday, in a Gale of Wind. *

Cheſter, July 20, 1772.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, on the 3d day of Auguſt next, will be expoſed to public ſale, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at the houſe of Joſeph Lacey, in Weſt Nottingham townſhip, Cheſter county, a certain meſſuage, plantation and tract of land, thereunto belonging, containing 40 acres, be the ſame more or leſs, ſituate in Weſt Nottingham aforeſaid; bounded by lands of James Evans, Samuel Ewing, William Rowland, and others; late the property of Martha M'Kee; ſeized and taken in execution, and to be ſold, by

JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, on the 4th day of Auguſt next, will be expoſed to public ſale, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, on the premiſes, a meſſuage and ſeveral tracts, pieces or parcels of land, thereunto belonging, lying adjacent and contiguous to each other, containing in the whole 87 acres, be the ſame more or leſs, ſituate in Weſt Nottingham townſhip, Cheſter county, having a water corn griſt and merchant mill thereon erected; late the eſtate of Andrew M'Dowell; ſeized and taken in execution, by JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

Baltimore, May 1, 1772.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND, called SWAN HARBOUR, containing 1290 acres, and ſituate about 10 miles from Baltimore-Town, on navigable water of Patapſco River, in Patapſco Neck. The ſoil is well adapted to farming and grazing, and there is a great quantity of valuable ſhip and ſtave timber on the uncultivated parts of the ſaid tract; about 200 acres are cleared; on which are ſome neceſſary buildings, and an orchard. The whole will be ſold together, or in ſmall parcels, from 50 to 100 acres, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers. For terms, apply to ALEXANDER LAWSON. *Tf.*

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND, containing about 800 acres, ſituate in Baltimore county, near to Hood's Mill, on Patapſco Falls, and within one mile of ſaid mill, and within four miles of two other Merchant mills, that always give Baltimore-town price for wheat, and within 10 miles of ſaid town; the ſoil is good for grain or graſs, and has an extenſive range.---For particulars, enquire of EDWARD COOK, at Mr. William Otley's, adjoining to ſaid land. ¶ 2 W.

Pennſylvania, ſſ. July 16, 1772.

NOTICE is hereby given, That the COMMITTEE of ASSEMBLY, appointed to audit and ſettle the PUBLIC ACCOUNTS, will meet at the State-Houſe, on the Firſt Day of September next, at Nine o' Clock in the Morning, to attend that Buſineſs, and purpoſe to proceed on the ſame, by Adjournments from Day to Day, until the whole is finiſhed. The ſeveral County Treaſurers, Collectors of Exciſe, and all others concerned, are therefore deſired to have their reſpective Accounts prepared for Examination and Adjuſtment, at the Time and Place aforeſaid. And all ſuch who ſhall fail therein, or neglect to produce their Accounts and Vouchers, before the Tenth of the ſame Month [at which Time it is intended to ſettle the Provincial Treaſurer's Accounts] muſt expect the Committee will be under the Neceſſity of reporting ſuch Neglects to the Aſſembly, at their next Meeting.

RUN away, on the 17th of May, 1772, from the ſubſcriber, at the Head of Cheſter river, in Kent county, Maryland, an Engliſh ſervant man, named TIMOTHY SMALLY, about 35 years of age, 4 feet 10 inches high, fair hair, pitted with the ſmall pox; had on, and took with him, a light blue ſaggathy coat, a green lappelled veſt, tied with yellow ferritting, half worn ſheep-ſkin breeches, a pair of coarſe yarn milled hoſe, half worn ſhoes, with buckles, a large half worn beaver hat, commonly wore it cocked up, one ozenbrigs ſhirt; he is fond of company, and delights much in ſinging, and, if examined, will appear much confuſed. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any goal, ſo that the owner may have him again, ſhall have a reward of THIRTY SHILLINGS, and reaſonable charges, paid by

THOMAS JUREY.

Anne-Arundel County, June 14, 1772.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, living near the Head of Severn, a likely Negroe, named JOE, a ſhort thick made fellow, talks faſt, and not good Engliſh, and is fond of liquor and gaming: Had on, and took with him, when he went away, a ſnuff coloured coat, a black cloth waiſtcoat, leather breeches, blue ſtockings, old ſhoes nailed, new felt hat, a blue great coat, and ſeveral other cloaths. He was ſent from Philadelphia in December laſt by James Maccubbin, and it is likely he may make that way. Whoever takes up the above fellow, and delivers him to me, or to WILLIAM FARIS, in Annapolis, ſhall have, if taken in the county, Thirty Shillings, if out of the county, Fifty Shillings, and if out of the province, Five Pounds, paid by WILLIAM WOODWARD.

RUN AWAY June 12, 1772. *from the ſubſcriber, living in George-Town, Kent county, Maryland, an apprentice lad, named* DANIEL JACKSON, *about 16 years of age, dark complexion, and dark brown hair, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, ſlim built, has a down look; had on, when he went away, a dark brown cloth jacket, made ſailor faſhion, and a pair of kerſey trowſers, of the ſame colour. Whoever apprehends and ſecures the ſaid apprentice lad, ſhall have a reward of FOUR DOLLARS, and all reaſonable charges, paid by* THOMAS BIVENS. ¶

Kent County, Maryland, July 8, 1772.

RUN away on the 20th of laſt month, from the ſubſcriber, an indented ſervant man, named WILLIAM VICKERS, born in Talbot county, Maryland, about 40 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, thin viſage, has loſt one of his eyes; he is very apt to get drunk, whenever he can get ſtrong liquor; he has been ſome years a Soldier, in the Royal Americans: Had on, when he went away, a coarſe brown jacket, with ſleeves, ozenbrigs ſhirt and trowſers, a felt hat, about half worn, but as he had ſome money with him, it is thought he has changed his clothes, and his name. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that the ſubſcriber may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, and if brought home, reaſonable charges, paid by ISAAC PERKINS. §7ſ6.

TWENTY DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from Occoquan Furnace, in Virginia, a Negroe fellow, belonging to the eſtate of Preſly Thornton, Eſq; named LEAMAN (or CLEM) a ſhort well made fellow, yellow complexion, about 30 years of age, can turn his hand to many ſorts of trades, and particularly that of a Carpenter; had on, when he went away, a blue fearnought jacket, a hat with a white metal button to it, the reſt of his dreſs as is common for Negroes; he will probably paſs for a freeman, is now under the predicament of an outlaw, for not returning to ſervice. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid Negroe, ſo that I get him again, ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges, if taken out of the colony. THOMAS LAWSON. ¶6W.

Baltimore county, Maryland, June 26, 1772.

RUN away the 20th inſtant, an Engliſh convict ſervant man, named THOMAS LOVELY, about 6 feet high, and well made, red complexion, red haired, wears it tied behind, alſo red bearded; had on, when he went away, a half worn felt hat, a country made cloth jacket, of a lightiſh colour, with ſleeves and cuffs to it, the lining all wore out of it, linen ſhirt and trowſers, the trowſers mended before with new linen, half worn pumps, with pewter buckles; he ſtole a bridle, and it is expected he will ſteal a horſe, and is intending for Frederick road. Said fellow was in the army in England, is a good drummer, and can play on ſeveral inſtruments of muſic. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo as his maſter may get him again, ſhall have FORTY SHILLINGS reward, and if out of the province THREE POUNDS, and reaſonable charges, if brought home, paid by ANDREW MEEK, living within 3 miles of the Lower Ferry, on Saſquehanna. ¶

ALL Perſons who are poſſeſſed of Bills of Credit, iſſued by Act of Aſſembly of the Province of Pennſylvania, dated June 15, 1767, denominated SIX POUNDS, FOUR POUNDS, and FORTY SHILLINGS; and alſo the Bills of Credit of ſaid Province, iſſued 1ſt March, 1769, denominated THREE POUNDS, THIRTY SHILLINGS, TWELVE SHILLINGS, and EIGHT SHILLINGS, are requeſted to bring them to the Provincial Treaſurer, and receive their reſpective Value.

May 4, 1772. *tbc3m.* OWEN JONES.

TO BE SOLD,

At ALEXANDRIA, on Monday, the 17th of Auguſt next, the *Merryland* tract of LAND, containing 6300 acres, ſituate in Frederick county, and province of Maryland.

THIS LAND was formerly advertiſed to be ſold on the 28th of May laſt, at Frederick-town, but by ſome miſunderſtanding betwixt the buyers and ſellers, nothing was done: We have therefore determined to diſpoſe of the whole together, and ſhall ſtrike it off to the higheſt bidder, at the time and place abovementioned.

As it has already been ſufficiently deſcribed in the former advertiſements, it is needleſs now to particularize it again, for it is very well known to be an exceeding valuable tract. Thoſe who incline to view the land, will pleaſe to apply to Mr. CHARLES BEATTY, at Frederick-town, who is perfectly well acquainted with it, and will faithfully ſhew the whole.

One third of the purchaſe-money muſt be paid down, one third in twelve months, and the other third in two years from the ſale, bearing intereſt from the date; immediate poſſeſſion will be given, and a moſt clear and undoubted title will be made the purchaſers, by ADAM STEUART, THOMAS MONTGOMERIE, CUMBERLAND WILSON. *July 2, 1772.*

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.